



ANNUAL REPORT **2014**



39th

ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

**Menara Hap Seng
Jalan P. Ramlee
50250 Kuala Lumpur
Malaysia**



**Thursday,
4 June 2015 at 10am.**

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CORPORATE INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

DATO' JORGEN BORNHOFT

Independent Non-Executive Chairman

DATUK EDWARD LEE MING FOO, JP

Managing Director

LEE WEE YONG

Executive Director

CHEAH YEE LENG

Executive Director

DATUK SIMON SHIM KONG YIP, JP

Non-Independent Non-Executive Director

LT. GEN. (R) DATUK ABDUL AZIZ BIN HASAN

Independent Non-Executive Director

DATO' MOHAMMED BIN HAJI CHE HUSSEIN

Independent Non-Executive Director

TAN GHEE KIAT

Independent Non-Executive Director

CH'NG KOK PHAN

Non-Independent Non-Executive Director

COMPANY SECRETARIES

Lim Guan Nee (MAICSA 7009321)
Quan Sheet Mei (MIA 6742)

REGISTERED OFFICE

21st Floor, Menara Hap Seng, Jalan P. Ramlee
50250 Kuala Lumpur

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E-mail : inquiry@hapseng.com.my

PLACE OF INCORPORATION

Malaysia

SHARE REGISTRAR

Symphony Share Registrars Sdn Bhd (378993-D)
Level 6, Symphony House, Pusat Dagangan Dana 1
Jalan PJU 1A/46, 47301 Petaling Jaya

Tel : 603-7841 8000

Fax : 603-7841 8151 / 8152

AUDITORS

Ernst & Young (AF:0039)
Chartered Accountants
Level 23A, Menara Milenium
Jalan Damanlela, Pusat Bandar Damansara
50490 Kuala Lumpur

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Malayan Banking Berhad
DBS Bank Ltd
HSBC Bank Malaysia Berhad
Hong Leong Bank Berhad
AmBank (M) Berhad
Affin Bank Berhad
RHB Bank Berhad
OCBC Bank (Malaysia) Berhad

GROUP

Hap Seng Consolidated Berhad
together with its subsidiaries

DIRECTORS' PROFILE



DATO' JORGEN BORNHOFT

**Independent
Non-Executive
Chairman**

Dato' Jorgen Bornhoft, a Dane, aged 73, is the independent non-executive chairman of Hap Seng Consolidated Berhad. He was first appointed to the Board as an independent non-executive director on 24 January 2005 and became the chairman on 1 February 2007. He is also the chairman of the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nominating Committee.

In addition, Dato' Bornhoft is an independent non-executive director of Hap Seng Plantations Holdings Berhad, the Company's subsidiary listed on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. He is a non-independent non-executive director of Fraser & Neave Holdings Bhd and also the vice-chairman of International Beverage Holdings Limited.

Dato' Bornhoft holds a degree in Accountancy and Finance (Bachelor of Commerce) from the Copenhagen Business School and attended executive management courses at INSEAD.

Dato' Bornhoft joined Carlsberg Brewery Malaysia Berhad (Carlsberg Malaysia) in 1991 as its chief executive officer, and assumed the position of managing director from 1995 to 2002, after which he was the chairman from 2002 to 2005. He re-joined the board of Carlsberg Malaysia as a non-executive director from 2006 to 2007. He also assumed the position as the chief executive officer of Carlsberg Asia Pte Ltd in Singapore from January 2003 to June 2004. Prior to him joining Carlsberg Malaysia, he was the vice-president of Carlsberg International A/S, Denmark responsible for foreign subsidiaries and new projects.

Dato' Bornhoft does not have any family relationship with any director and/or major shareholder nor does he have any conflict of interests with the Company save for the related party transaction disclosed in Note 38 to the Financial Statements. He has not been convicted of any offence in the past 10 years.

He attended all the 5 board meetings held during the financial year ended 31 December 2014.

DIRECTORS' PROFILE



**DATUK EDWARD
LEE MING FOO, JP**

**Managing
Director**

4 **Datuk Edward Lee Ming Foo, JP**, a Malaysian, aged 60, is the managing director of Hap Seng Consolidated Berhad. He was first appointed to the Board on 1 November 2000 as a non-independent non-executive director, became an executive director on 25 March 2002 and assumed the current position since 31 March 2005. He is also a member of the Remuneration Committee.

In addition, Datuk Edward Lee is the managing director of both Gek Poh (Holdings) Sdn Bhd (Gek Poh) and Hap Seng Plantations Holdings Berhad. Gek Poh is the holding company of Hap Seng Consolidated Berhad.

Datuk Edward Lee graduated with a degree in Bachelor of Arts from the McMaster University in Canada in 1977. He joined the Malaysian Mosaics Sdn Bhd (formerly Malaysian Mosaics Berhad) group of companies in 1980, became the group chief operating officer in 1995 and was the managing director from 31 March 2005 to 31 January 2007.

Datuk Edward Lee does not have any family relationship with any director and/or major shareholder nor does he have any conflict of interests with the Company save for the related party transactions disclosed in Note 38 to the Financial Statements. He has not been convicted of any offence in the past 10 years.

He attended all the 5 board meetings held during the financial year ended 31 December 2014.

DIRECTORS' PROFILE



LEE WEE YONG

**Executive
Director**

Lee Wee Yong, a Malaysian, aged 67, is an executive director of Hap Seng Consolidated Berhad and was appointed to this position on 2 February 2011. In addition, Mr. Lee is a director of Gek Poh (Holdings) Sdn Bhd and an executive director of Hap Seng Plantations Holdings Berhad.

Mr. Lee holds a degree in Bachelor of Commerce and Administration from Victoria University in New Zealand and is a member of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants and Institute of Chartered Accountants of New Zealand. He joined Malaysian Mosaics Sdn Bhd (formerly Malaysian Mosaics Berhad) group of

companies in 1992, assumed the position of group chief financial officer from 1 March 2003 to 15 December 2005, and was an executive director from 1 March 1999 to 6 March 2007.

Mr. Lee does not have any family relationship with any director and/or major shareholder nor does he have any conflict of interests with the Company. He has not been convicted of any offence in the past 10 years.

He attended all the 5 board meetings held during the financial year ended 31 December 2014.

DIRECTORS' PROFILE



CHEAH YEE LENG

Executive Director

6 Cheah Yee Leng, a Malaysian, aged 46, is an executive director of Hap Seng Consolidated Berhad and was appointed to this position on 1 June 2014.

Ms. Cheah joined Hap Seng Consolidated Berhad group of companies in 1997 and is presently its Corporate Affairs Director. She is also the Group Company Secretary of Hap Seng Plantations Holdings Berhad and a non-independent non-executive director of Paos Holdings Berhad.

Ms. Cheah holds a Bachelor of Economics Degree and Bachelor of Laws Degree from Monash University in Australia.

Ms. Cheah does not have any family relationship with any director and/or major shareholder nor does she have any conflict of interests with the Company. She has not been convicted of any offence in the past 10 years.

She attended all the 2 meetings held subsequent to her appointment to the board on 1 June 2014 during the financial year ended 31 December 2014.

DIRECTORS' PROFILE



**DATUK SIMON
SHIM KONG YIP, JP**

**Non-Independent
Non-Executive
Director**

Datuk Simon Shim Kong Yip, JP, a Malaysian, aged 58, is a non-independent non-executive director of Hap Seng Consolidated Berhad and was appointed to this position on 16 February 1996. He is also a member of the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nominating Committee.

In addition, Datuk Simon Shim was appointed as a non-independent non-executive director of Hap Seng Plantations Holdings Berhad on 9 August 2007 and became the deputy chairman on 23 February 2015. He is also an independent non-executive director of Lam Soon (Thailand) Public Company Limited, a company listed on the Stock Exchange of Thailand.

Datuk Simon Shim is a director of both Lei Shing Hong Limited and Lei Shing Hong Securities Limited. Lei Shing Hong Securities Limited, a company registered with the Securities and Futures Commission Hong Kong, is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Lei Shing Hong Limited, a company incorporated in Hong Kong.

Datuk Simon Shim is the managing partner of Messrs Shim Pang & Co. He holds a Master Degree in law from University College London, London University and is a Barrister-at-law of the Lincoln's Inn, London, an Advocate and Solicitor of the High Court in Sabah and Sarawak, a Notary Public and a Justice of the Peace in Sabah. He is a Chartered Arbitrator and a Fellow of both the Chartered Institute of Arbitrators, United Kingdom and the Malaysian Institute of Arbitrators. He was a member of the Malaysian Corporate Law Reform Committee and its working group on Corporate Governance and Shareholders' Rights.

Datuk Simon Shim does not have any family relationship with any director and/or major shareholder nor does he have any conflict of interests with the Company save for the related party transactions disclosed in Note 38 to the Financial Statements. He has not been convicted of any offence in the past 10 years.

He attended all the 5 board meetings held during the financial year ended 31 December 2014.

DIRECTORS' PROFILE



**LT. GEN. (R)
DATUK ABDUL
AZIZ BIN HASAN**

**Independent
Non-Executive
Director**

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Lt. Gen. (R) Datuk Abdul Aziz Bin Hasan, a Malaysian, aged 69, is an independent non-executive director of Hap Seng Consolidated Berhad. He was first appointed to the Board on 24 September 2003 as a non-independent non-executive director and was subsequently re-designated as an independent non-executive director on 29 November 2012.

Datuk Abdul Aziz started his career in the Malaysian Army since 1964 and retired in 2001 as Deputy Chief of Army. Upon retirement from 2001 to 2002, he was an executive director of Arsenal Industries (M) Sdn Bhd, a subsidiary of Penang Shipyard and Construction Industries. He was also a director of Jotech Holdings Berhad from 2001 to 2006, Konsortium Muhibbah Engineering/Lembaga Tabung Angkatan Tentera from 2001 to 2007 and Transnational Insurance Brokers Sdn Bhd from 2003 to 2010. He was the chairman of Tien Wah Press Holdings Berhad and its audit committee from 2000 to 2005, the chairman of Tabung Haji Plantations Sdn Bhd and its audit committee from 2002 to 2005 as well as the chairman of Hospital Pusrawi Sdn Bhd and a member of its audit committee from 2008 to 2012.

Currently, Datuk Abdul Aziz is a non-independent non-executive director of NCB Holdings Berhad and its audit committee, an independent non-executive director of Nam Fatt Corporation Berhad (in liquidation) and Pyrotechnical Ordinance (M) Sdn Bhd, a subsidiary of Boustead Heavy Industries Corporation Berhad.

Datuk Abdul Aziz holds a Bachelor of Social Science degree with Honours from USM (1981), a Masters in Business Administration from UKM (1986) and a Diploma in Islamic Studies from UKM (1987). He also completed the Wolfson Programme in Wolfson College, University of Cambridge in 1992.

Datuk Abdul Aziz does not have any family relationship with any director and/or major shareholder nor does he have any conflict of interests with the Company. He has not been convicted of any offence in the past 10 years.

He attended all the 5 board meetings held during the financial year ended 31 December 2014.

DIRECTORS' PROFILE



**DATO' MOHAMMED
HUSSEIN**

**Independent
Non-Executive
Director**

Dato' Mohammed Hussein, a Malaysian, aged 64, is an independent non-executive director of Hap Seng Consolidated Berhad and was appointed to this position on 15 July 2008. He is also a member of the Audit Committee and Nominating Committee.

Dato' Mohammed is the independent non-executive chairman of Gamuda Berhad and Danajamin Nasional Berhad. In addition, he is also a director of PNB Commercial Sdn Bhd and a member of the Corporate Debt Resolution Committee sponsored by Bank Negara Malaysia to facilitate resolution and restructuring of major corporate debts. Prior to 31 March 2015, Dato' Mohammed was the non-independent non-executive chairman of Quill Capita Management Sdn Bhd which manages Quill Capita Trust, a real estate investment trust listed on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

He is also an independent non-executive director of Bank of America Malaysia Berhad and CapitaCommercial Trust Management Ltd which manages CapitaCommercial Trust, a real estate investment trust listed on the Singapore Stock Exchange.

Dato' Mohammed graduated with a degree in Bachelor of Commerce (Accounting) from the University of Newcastle, Australia in 1971 and completed the Harvard Business School Advanced Management Program in Boston, USA in 2003.

During his 31-year career with the Malayan Banking Berhad (Maybank) group, Dato' Mohammed was a member of the senior management committee for 20 years to catalyze the progression of Maybank into Malaysia's leading financial services group. The various senior management positions he held include Head of Corporate Banking, Head of Commercial Banking, Head of Malaysian Operations, Head of Investment Banking Group, Executive Director (Business Group). Prior to his retirement in January 2008, he was the deputy president/executive director/chief financial officer.

Dato' Mohammed does not have any family relationship with any director and/or major shareholder nor does he have any conflict of interests with the Company. He has not been convicted of any offence in the past 10 years.

He attended 4 of the 5 board meetings held during the financial year ended 31 December 2014.

DIRECTORS' PROFILE



TAN GHEE KIAT

**Independent
Non-Executive
Director**

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Tan Ghee Kiat, a Malaysian, aged 66, is an independent non-executive director of Hap Seng Consolidated Berhad and was appointed to this position on 1 January 2011. Prior to this, he was a non-executive director of the Company from 31 December 2002 to 31 January 2007. He is also a member of the Audit Committee.

Mr. Tan has more than 30 years of experience in audit and corporate advisory services. He is a fellow member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England & Wales as well as a member of both the Malaysian Institute of Accountants and the Malaysian Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

He is a partner in Sekhar & Tan, a firm of chartered accountants which he founded in 1993 after he left Deloitte, Touche & Tohmatsu, Malaysia. He is a director of Prestige Jaya Labuan Limited and also a trustee of Yaw Teck Seng Foundation and Dijaya Tropicana Foundation.

Mr. Tan does not have any family relationship with any director and/or major shareholder nor does he have any conflict of interests with the Company. He has not been convicted of any offence in the past 10 years.

He attended all the 5 board meetings held during the financial year ended 31 December 2014.

DIRECTORS' PROFILE



CH'NG KOK PHAN

**Non-Independent
Non-Executive
Director**

Ch'ng Kok Phan, a Malaysian, aged 64, is a non-independent non-executive director of Hap Seng Consolidated Berhad and was appointed to this position on 1 June 2014.

Mr. Ch'ng has over 30 years of senior management experience in the automotive industry and has worked in several Asian countries. He has been with the Lei Shing Hong group of companies for more than 18 years. He is also the chairman of Lei Shing Hong Auto (China) Management Co. Ltd. In addition, Mr. Ch'ng is also an executive director of Lei Shing Hong Limited, a company incorporated in Hong Kong.

Mr. Ch'ng does not have any family relationship with any director and/or major shareholder nor does he have any conflict of interests with the Company. He has not been convicted of any offence in the past 10 years.

He attended all the 2 meetings held subsequent to his appointment to the board on 1 June 2014 during the financial year ended 31 December 2014.



GROUP FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

← FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER →

| | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 |
|---|------------------------|------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| INCOME (RM'000) | | | | | |
| (i) Revenue | 2,789,410 | 3,628,380 | 3,958,899 | 3,486,747 | 3,768,049 |
| (ii) Profit before tax | 506,350 | 636,894 | 681,579 | 801,581 | 1,024,625 |
| (iii) Profit attributable to Owners of the Company | 325,026 | 377,497 | 427,104 | 588,257 | 753,467 |
| FINANCIAL POSITION (RM'000) | | | | | |
| Key data | | | | | |
| Assets | | | | | |
| (i) Total tangible assets | 5,359,060 | 6,797,298 | 6,634,122 | 7,071,373 | 7,748,832 |
| (ii) Net assets | 2,591,243 | 3,300,341 | 3,410,037 | 3,353,874 | 3,951,775 |
| (iii) Current assets | 1,904,502 | 3,049,349 | 2,692,028 | 3,065,574 | 3,303,173 |
| Liabilities and Shareholders' Funds | | | | | |
| (i) Current liabilities | 1,509,219 | 1,634,653 | 1,728,966 | 2,214,740 | 2,476,372 |
| (ii) Paid-up share capital | 622,660 | 2,186,357 | 2,186,364 | 2,205,709 | 2,226,779 |
| (iii) Shareholders' funds | 2,591,243 | 3,300,341 | 3,410,037 | 3,353,874 | 3,951,775 |
| PER SHARE | | | | | |
| (i) Basic earnings (sen) * | 17.92 ^a | 18.94 | 19.79 | 28.70 | 36.67 |
| (ii) Net assets (RM) ** | 4.60 | 1.51 | 1.61 | 1.68 | 1.85 |
| (iii) Dividend (sen) | 8.80 ^b | 8.60 ^c | 10.50 | 16.00 | 25.00 |
| * Based on weighted average number of shares in issue net of treasury shares ('000) | 1,813,525 ^a | 1,993,085 | 2,158,584 | 2,049,324 | 2,054,505 |
| ** Based on number of shares in issue net of treasury shares ('000) | 563,524 ^a | 2,180,927 ^d | 2,113,108 | 2,001,678 | 2,137,597 |
| FINANCIAL RATIOS | | | | | |
| (i) Return on total tangible assets (%) | 6.06 | 5.55 | 6.44 | 8.32 | 9.72 |
| (ii) Return on shareholders' funds (%) | 12.54 | 11.44 | 12.52 | 17.54 | 19.07 |
| (iii) Current ratio (times) | 1.26 | 1.87 | 1.56 | 1.38 | 1.33 |
| (iv) Gearing ratio (times) | 0.74 | 0.77 | 0.66 | 0.74 | 0.66 |
| (v) Net gearing ratio (times) ^e | 0.66 | 0.57 | 0.51 | 0.56 | 0.54 |

Notes:

^a Restated to reflect the retrospective adjustments arising from the bonus issue and rights issue completed in the financial year ended 31.12.2011 in accordance to "FRS 133, Earnings per Share".

^b Restated to reflect the retrospective adjustments arising from the bonus issue completed during the financial year ended 31.12.2011.

^c Dividend per share for the financial year ended 31.12.2011 was on the enlarged share capital after the private placement, bonus issue and rights issue.

^d Includes private placement of 43,800,000 shares, bonus issues of 1,214,643,000 and rights issue of 364,392,900 shares.

^e Net gearing ratio is computed after deducting money market deposits and cash and bank balances.

GROUP FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Dividend Per Share (sen)

2014 **25.00**

2013 16.00

2012 10.50

2011 8.60

2010 8.80

Shareholders' Funds (RM'000)

2014 **3,951,775**

2013 3,353,874

2012 3,410,037

2011 3,300,341

2010 2,591,243

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Current Ratio (times)

2014 **1.33**

2013 1.38

2012 1.56

2011 1.87

2010 1.26

Net Gearing Ratio (times)

2014 **0.54**

2013 0.56

2012 0.51

2011 0.57

2010 0.66

GROUP FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Revenue (RM'000)

2014 **3,768,049**

2013 3,486,747

2012 3,958,899

2011 3,628,380

2010 2,789,410

Profit Before Tax (RM'000)

2014 **1,024,625**

2013 801,581

2012 681,579

2011 636,894

2010 506,350

Total Tangible Assets/Net Assets (RM'000)

2014 **7,748,832**

2013 7,071,373

2012 6,634,122

2011 6,797,298

2010 5,359,060

Basic Earnings Per Share/Net Assets Per Share

2014 **36.67**

2013 28.70

2012 19.79

2011 18.94

2010 17.92

■ Total Tangible Assets ■ Net Assets

■ Basic Earnings Per Share (sen)¹ ■ Net Assets Per Share (RM)²

Notes:

¹ Basic earnings per share for the financial year ended 31.12.2010 has been restated to reflect the retrospective adjustments arising from the bonus issue and rights issue completed in the financial year ended 31.12.2011 in accordance to "FRS 133, Earnings per Share".

² Net assets per share were computed based on the number of shares in issue net of treasury shares ('000) as follows:-

- Financial year ended 31.12.2010 : 563,524 shares
- Financial year ended 31.12.2011 : 2,180,927 shares
- Financial year ended 31.12.2012 : 2,113,108 shares
- Financial year ended 31.12.2013 : 2,001,678 shares
- Financial year ended 31.12.2014 : 2,137,597 shares

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

DEAR SHAREHOLDERS,

It gives me much pleasure to report to you another year of record performance by your Company despite the challenging business environment of 2014.

The Group's profit after tax increased 28% to RM816.3 million (2013: RM635.8 million) which translated to a corresponding 28% increase in earnings per share to 36.67 sen (2013: 28.70 sen).

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DATO' JORGEN BORNHOFT
Independent Non-Executive Chairman



Profit After Taxation

RM816
million

Earnings Per Share

36.67
sen

Net Earnings Growth

28%

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

2014 ECONOMY OVERVIEW

On reflection, 2014 was a volatile year underpinned by the subdued and uneven global economic recovery. Amongst others, the plummeting Brent crude prices by almost 50% in the final quarter, depreciating currencies of the emerging economies and ringgit being the second worst-performing currency in Asia.

The better-than-forecast recovery in the United States contributed to the outflows of foreign funds from emerging markets. A slower economic growth in China, being Malaysia's second largest export market, also limited the nation's export growth.

Against the odds, Malaysia grew at 6% in 2014 (2013: 4.7%), among the strongest in the region, and driven principally by strong domestic demand and resilient exports.

2014 FINANCIAL RESULTS

On the back of higher profit after tax and earnings per share, the Company increased its dividend payout for the year to 25 sen per share (2013: 16 sen).

BUSINESS DIVISIONS OVERVIEW

PLANTATIONS

Despite the volatile crude palm oil (CPO) prices (ranging from RM2,144 per tonne to RM2,855 per tonne) and the challenging operating environment, the division recorded an improved average CPO price realisation of RM2,386 per tonne (2013: RM2,343 per tonne) and a much higher average palm kernel price realisation at RM1,654 per tonne (2013: RM1,288 per tonne). The improved CPO price realisation was comparable to the average CPO price realisation for Sabah at RM2,404 per tonne.

Coupled with the increase in the CPO sales volume at 170,506 tonnes (2013: 161,170 tonnes), the division registered a higher operating profit at RM179.0 million (2013: RM140.6 million).



PROPERTY HOLDING AND DEVELOPMENT

Revenue and operating profit of the division grew to RM932.1 million (2013: RM527.5 million) and RM705.3 million (2013: RM255.8 million) respectively, mainly due to higher value unlocked from ongoing projects, fair value gains adjustments relating to investment properties and gains from the sale of certain non-core assets.

In the Klang Valley, the division launched its low-density gated and guarded Andana residential development in Puchong South. D'Alpinia Business Park, an upscale commercial development next to the Andana development, was also launched. Both launches enjoyed brisk sales with more than 50% sold.

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT



Menara Hap Seng 2 is a new distinctive landmark in the central business district of Kuala Lumpur.

CREDIT FINANCING

Benefitting from robust financing activities by small and medium enterprises (SMEs), the gross loan base and operating profit of the division grew to RM1.9 billion (2013: RM1.7 billion) and RM104.1 million (2013: RM91.5 million) respectively.

Premised on disciplined lending practices and vigilant monitoring, credit risks remained comfortable. The division's gross non-performing loans ratio improved to 0.91% in 2014 (2013: 1.44%) which compared favourably with the industry average non-performing loans ratio of 1.66%.

The division's luxury service residence developments in the Klang Valley continued to generate strong interests, with limited units left for the Horizon Residences and more than 70% take-up rate recorded for Nadi Bangsar Service Residences.

In Sabah, the division continued with its development in Astana Heights in Sandakan, Bandar Seri Indah in Tawau and Palm Heights in Lahad Datu. These three developments have continued to generate strong demand.

Occupancy rates of Menara Hap Seng and Menara Citibank remained strong at 97% and 99% respectively.

During the year, the division also attained another milestone with the launch of its new Grade A, Green Building Index-certified corporate office and retail building, Menara Hap Seng 2. Standing tall at 31 storeys, Menara Hap Seng 2 is a new distinctive landmark in the central business district of Kuala Lumpur.



CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT



The launches of several highly-anticipated Mercedes models generated immense interests.



AUTOMOTIVE

The division turned around during the period with an operating profit of RM10.5 million against a RM18.1 million loss in the previous year.

The launches of several highly-anticipated Mercedes models, namely the new flagship S-Class, the new C-Class and two brand new A-segment models, the CLA and GLA, generated immense interests. As a result, the division recorded a higher sales volume at 2,310 units (2013: 1,976 units) and a 32% market share in Malaysia.

During the year, our Mercedes-Benz Autohaus in Kinrara, Puchong was appointed a dealer for "Fuso" trucks in West Malaysia, which further enhances its range of vehicles. In addition, the division continued to build its presence in the Mercedes-Benz commercial vehicles segment.

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT



FERTILIZERS TRADING

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In Malaysia, the division recorded a lower revenue at RM729.5 million (2013: RM861.5 million) due to softer global fertilizers prices. In Indonesia, the division scaled back its operations largely due to the weakness and extreme volatility of the rupiah.

Notwithstanding the lower revenue, the division registered a higher operating profit at RM71.1 million as against a loss of RM8.2 million in the previous year. This was attributable to improved gross profit margins and one-off gains from the sale of certain non-core fixed assets.

QUARRY AND BUILDING MATERIALS

Due to overall weaker market demand and new quarries related start-up costs, the division recorded lower operating profit at RM16.9 million (2013: RM17.9 million).

TRADING

The division recorded a higher operating profit at RM23.9 million (2013: RM6.6 million) due to higher profit margin products and gains from sale of non-core fixed assets.



SIGNIFICANT EVENTS IN AND SUBSEQUENT TO 2014

On 27 June, 2014, the Group completed the disposal of various parcels of land with no immediate development potential in Sabah for RM278 million. This resulted in a gain of RM199.5 million to the Group.

In February 2015, the Group completed the acquisition of the 51% equity in the Singapore-listed Hafary Holdings Limited (Hafary) for S\$52.5 million.

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

As announced on 11 March 2015, as part of the Group's strategies to focus its credit business in Malaysia, the Company proposed to dispose of its credit business in Singapore for RM640.8 million, which if completed, would give rise to a gain of RM513.2 million. Meanwhile, the Company also proposed to acquire a purpose-built 14-storey green commercial building in Kota Kinabalu for RM395 million to strengthen its prominence in the property market in Sabah, East Malaysia. The Company will be seeking its shareholders' approval in the forthcoming extraordinary general meeting.

ENHANCING SHAREHOLDER VALUE

The Company is committed to creating and enhancing shareholder value. Accordingly, in line with the dividend payout policy, the Board is pleased to report that the Group had declared and paid two interim dividends totalling 25 sen per share for 2014 (2013: 16 sen).

The Group is also seeking approval to renew its share buyback mandate in the best interests of all shareholders. This will undoubtedly increase shareholder value.

2015 OUTLOOK

2015 is expected to be another challenging year for the Malaysian economy which is susceptible to movements of crude oil prices and ringgit against its major trading partners. Recent consecutive interest rate cuts in China are also suggestive of a slowing Chinese economy, which may be a limiting factor to Malaysia's export growth.

On a positive note, ringgit depreciation is likely to improve Malaysia's export competitiveness. The weaker ringgit may also increase foreign direct investments into Malaysia due to lower costs of doing business. The inflationary pressure associated with the 6% GST may to some extent be offset by lower crude oil prices and energy costs.

The recovering CPO price trend in the later part of 2014 may continue into the early part of 2015, primarily due to anticipated lower production occasioned by dry weather in Malaysia and Indonesia. Such trend may be curtailed by the potential oversupply of vegetable and soybean oils going forward.

Notwithstanding the various property cooling measures, the Group is cautiously optimistic that demand for high-value and strategically-located residential properties in the Klang Valley may remain intact. In Sabah, the division will continue to focus on affordable housing segment which is less impacted by such cooling measures.

Construction activities remain important to the Malaysian economy. Indeed, with the impending implementation of the 11th Malaysia Plan and the various government transformation programmes, the resurgent activity bodes well for our Quarry and Building Materials division.

The buying momentum sparked by the various new Mercedes-Benz models launched in 2014 is expected to extend into 2015, notwithstanding the competitive environment in the premium car segment. The Credit Financing Division will continue to grow its loan base, largely to be driven by the SMEs whilst exercising prudent lending policies. Meanwhile, the Trading Division will seek to expand its product range as well as to focus on higher-margin products. As for the Fertilizers Trading, the Group will focus on growing its market share in Malaysia while trimming the exposure in Indonesia.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

In conclusion, I would like to express my sincere thanks to the management and all our staff for their significant contributions to the Group over the years.

My heartfelt appreciation also goes to the Board for its wise counsel and guidance. And many thanks too, to our shareholders, business partners, clients, suppliers and other stakeholders for their unyielding confidence in the Group.

Let me also take this opportunity to welcome our two new board members, Ms Cheah Yee Leng and Mr Ch'ng Kok Phan who bring with them a wealth of knowledge and experience.

JORGEN BORNHOFT

REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

PLANTATIONS

Hap Seng Plantations Holdings Berhad (Plantation Division) is an oil palm plantation company listed on Bursa Malaysia. The plantation division is primarily made up of three contiguous plots of plantations land located between Lahad Datu and Sandakan.

Totalling 36,354 hectares, the estates comprise the Jeroco Group of Estates (JGOE), Tomanggong Group of Estates (TMGOE) and Sungai Segama Group of Estates (SSGOE). In addition, the division also owns the Ladang Kawa Estate in Tawau, and the Pelipikan & Kota Marudu Estates in Marudu, measuring 1,276 hectares and 2,173 hectares, respectively.

Palm oil industry review

2014 started with crude palm oil (CPO) prices benefitting from a price recovery during the last quarter of 2013. CPO production in the first half of the year was relatively weak. As a result, CPO prices for the first half of the year peaked at RM2,855 per tonne in March 2014 and averaged at RM2,605 per tonne.

However, the surge in global palm oil production and an abundant supply of global soybean, coupled with sluggish petroleum oil prices in the second half of the FY2014, dampened prices. As a result, the build up of palm oil inventory reached a high of 2.28 million tonnes in November 2014.



REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

During the year, measures were taken by the Government to support the price of CPO and reduce the high inventory level. A higher biodiesel mandate from B5 to B7; and the imposition of zero export duty on CPO in September 2014 were announced to counter the falling CPO prices. The floods in the east coast of Peninsular Malaysia in December 2014, which resulted in supply cuts of CPO from the affected region, helped reduce CPO inventory.

Accordingly, the CPO price fluctuated from a high of RM2,855 per tonne in March 2014 to a low of RM2,144 per tonne in December 2014, and averaged at RM2,383 per tonne against the average CPO price of RM2,371 per tonne in 2013.

Division Performance

In spite of the challenging operating environment, the division continued to record higher average CPO price realisation at RM2,386 per tonne (2013: RM2,343 per tonne) resulting in a 27% rise in operating profit at RM179.0 million (2013: RM140.6 million). This is comparable to the average price realisation for Sabah of RM2,404 per tonne.

The division also achieved a 5.8% higher CPO sales volume at 170,506 tonnes (2013: 161,170 tonnes), on



the back of a 4.1% higher CPO production at 172,980 tonnes (2013: 166,202 tonnes).

The continued push to improve operational efficiencies by the division was reflected in the lower CPO production cost (excluding replanting cost and after taking into account income from palm kernel) at RM1,064 per tonne (2013: RM1,178 per tonne), higher yield for fresh fruit bunches (FFB) at 23.20 tonnes per hectare (2013: 22.96 tonnes per hectare) and improved oil extraction rate (OER) at 21.56% (2013: 21.34%). As a result, the CPO yield achieved was five tonnes per hectare.

Likewise, PK price realisation was also higher, registering at RM1,654 per tonne (2013: RM1,288 per tonne) compared to Sabah's average of RM1,565 per tonne.

Revenue

RM495.6
million

Operating Profit

RM179.0
million



REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

PLANTATIONS

Planted & Mature Area

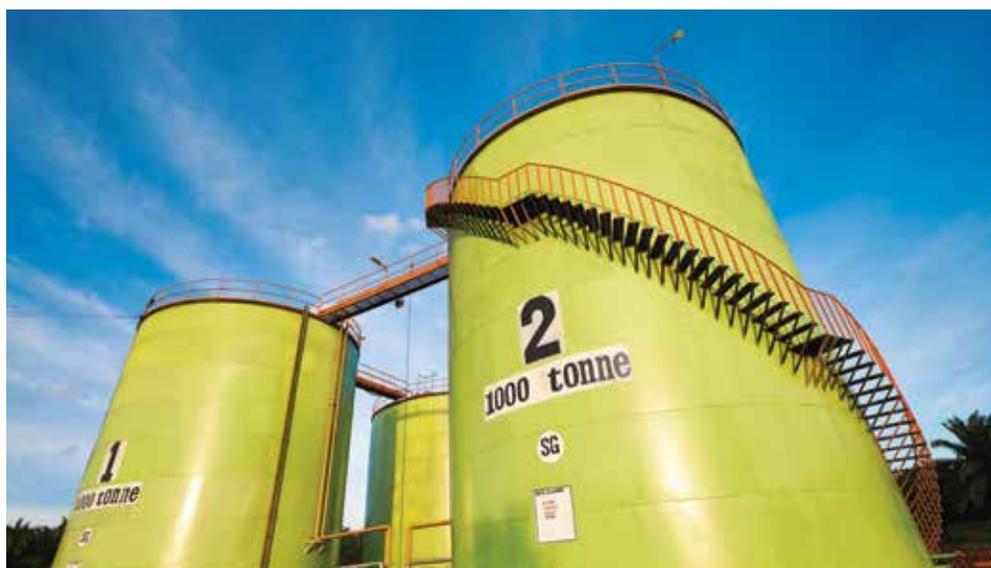
The division’s planted acreage reduced slightly to 35,684 hectares (2013: 35,697 hectares), with approximately 88% or 31,373 hectares (2013: 30,670 hectares) of mature areas. The average age approximates 15.4 years (2013: 15.2 years).

Total immature area consists of 4,165 hectares of which 2,094 hectares are expected to mature in 2015. The Group also replanted 1,106 hectares during the year.

Area statement of the Group as of 31 December 2014 was as follows:

| | Total Area (hectares) | Planted Area (hectares) | Mature Area (hectares) | Percentage of mature area |
|--------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|
| JGOE(i) | 14,117 | * 12,808 | 10,693 | 83.5 % |
| TMGOE(ii) | 12,331 | ** 11,426 | 9,552 | 83.6 % |
| SSGOE(iii) | 9,906 | 8,761 | 8,761 | 100.0% |
| Ladang Kawa | 1,276 | 1,201 | 1,201 | 100.0% |
| Pelipikan | 1,365 | 903 | 581 | 64.3% |
| Kota Marudu | ***808 | 585 | 585 | 100.0% |
| Total | 39,803 | 35,684 | 31,373 | 87.9% |

- (i) JGOE refers to Jeroco group of estates
- (ii) TMGOE refers to Tomangong group of estates
- (iii) SSGOE refers to Sungai Segama group of estates
- * Including 86 hectares planted with Jelutong trees
- ** Including 60 hectares planted with Sepat trees
- *** Including 81 hectares of land adjoining to the existing land of which the land title are currently under application



REVIEW OF OPERATIONS



Oil Extraction Rate & Milling

The mills achieved a higher oil extraction rate (OER) of 21.56% (2013: 21.34%), comparably higher than the Sabah OER average of 21.49%. Overall, the mills improved its utilisation to 79% (2013: 77%) of its milling capacity.

The division is supported by four mills, namely Jeroco Palm Oil Mill 1, Jeroco Palm Oil Mill 2, Tomanggong Palm Oil Mill and Bukit Mas Palm Oil Mill, and has a combined milling capacity of 175 FFB tonnes per hour.

Milling Capacity of the four Mills

| | FFB tonnes per hour |
|--------------------------|---------------------|
| Jeroco Palm Oil Mill 1 | 60 |
| Jeroco Palm Oil Mill 2 | 30 |
| Tomanggong Palm Oil Mill | 40 |
| Bukit Mas Palm Oil Mill | 45 |
| | 175 |

Sustainability Policy

Both Jeroco Palm Oil Mills and the Bukit Mas Palm Oil Mill are Roundtable on Sustainable Palm Oil (RSPO) certified. The Tomanggong Palm Oil Mill is in the advance stage of certification and is expected to be certified in 2015.

During the year, Bukit Mas Palm Oil Mill had also embarked on the International Sustainability & Carbon Certification (ISCC). It has successfully completed the certification audit in 2014 and obtained its ISCC EU certificate in January 2015. Its other palm oil mills will commence their ISCC certification in FY2015.

Upon the completion of this certification process, our mills and estates would have dual international accreditations and we can claim our status as a sustainable palm oil producer in compliance with global sustainability standards of agriculture production.

Outlook

The global outlook for edible oils in 2015 remains bearish, with the supply of soybean and vegetable oils expected to remain excessive, coupled with a weaker demand for biodiesel stemming from low crude oil price expectations.

However, the Group expects the recovering CPO price trend in the latter part of 2014 to continue into the first half of 2015. This is primarily due to the expected dry spells in Malaysia and Indonesia, resulting in lower CPO productions.

While the lower production may support palm oil prices in the short-term, concerns of global economic uncertainties, foreign currency fluctuations and weak crude oil and commodities prices are likely to continue to weigh on the movements of palm oil prices for 2015.

The positive measures introduced by the government, namely the imposition of zero export duty on CPO as well as mandating a higher biodiesel mix, from B5 to B7, could render some support in shoring up demand.



REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

PROPERTY HOLDING & DEVELOPMENT

The Property Division is involved in property development and property investment activities in both East and West Malaysia, primarily in Sabah and the Klang Valley, respectively.

Property development in the Klang Valley

The division is in niche property development with several high profile high-rise, commercial and residential developments in the Klang Valley.

During the year, ongoing projects continue to achieve good take-up rate. This includes Nadi Bangsar Service Residence (Nadi Bangsar) in Bangsar, The Horizon Residences at Jalan Tun Razak and the Andana Condo and Villa at D'Alpinia in Puchong South.

Nadi Bangsar Service Residence

Nadi Bangsar features a block of 38-storey service residence with 416 units, located within the much sought-after Bangsar suburb. This freehold service residence comes with amenities such as a sky garden, a jogging track, an infinity pool and a gourmet kitchen, offering facilities of a modern city living.

The development overlooks the vibrant suburb of Bangsar on one side and a panoramic view of the city landscape on the other, with easy access to the main commercial hub surrounding Kuala Lumpur City Centre (KLCC) while served by LRT stations and major shopping centres.

Nadi Bangsar continued to enjoy strong interest among local and overseas buyers, chalking up a 75% take-up rate in 2014, due largely to its strategic location in the affluent residential suburb of Bangsar.

With a total GDV of RM 446 million, the development is targeted to be completed in 2017.

The Horizon Residences

The Horizon Residences is a 26-storey condominium comprising two blocks of residential towers with 335 well appointed freehold residential units.

Designed by renowned architects and leading landscape designers to be an oasis within the city, this strategically located development is the division's first foray into the high rise luxury residential segment in KLCC.

This development, which is located along Jalan Tun Razak, offers unparalleled view of the KLCC skyline and the lush greens of the Royal Selangor Golf Club.

Within its immediate vicinity are the newly launched Tun Razak Exchange, Tun Razak Entertainment Centre (TREC), embassies, international schools, medical centres, shopping, dining and transport links, making it a key address for business, pleasure and investment.

Launched in January 2013, the development registered excellent take-up rate among local and overseas buyers with only limited units available. With a total GDV of RM390 million, the Horizon Residences is scheduled for completion in 2015.

REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

Revenue
RM932.1
million

Operating Profit
RM705.3
million



REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

D'Alpinia Integrated Development

The 76-acre D'Alpinia is the division's first landed development in the Klang Valley, in the fast growing Puchong suburb. Built under the 10%-90% built-then-sell concept, the residential and commercial development was built based on contemporary and modern theme within a guarded and gated concept.

Launched in 2007, it has to date completed 538 units of landed properties with GDV of RM391 million. The development, when fully completed, will comprise 1,156 units of landed and high-rise residential development.

During the year, the division launched the Andana Condo and Villa, a guarded and gated development comprising 116 residential units in two blocks of condominiums and 30 units of villas.

Representing the third phase of the division's successful D'Alpinia integrated development, the Andana Condo and Villa, with a total GDV of RM115 million, enjoyed good take-up rate since its launch in September 2014.

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It also launched 34 units of the upscale Business Park at the D'Alpinia in 2014. This commercial development is strategically located along one of Klang Valley's busiest highways, the Lebuhraya Damansara Puchong. The 34 units have a total GDV of RM108 million and are scheduled to be fully completed in 2015. It has enjoyed good uptake since its launch, with only limited units left.

Future projects under planning under the D'Alpinia development include 472 units of affordable residential homes and 10 units of shop offices at Business Park D'Alpinia.



REVIEW OF OPERATIONS



Upcoming New Projects in Klang Valley

A luxurious high-rise development in Jalan Tun Razak on 1.85 acres of freehold land, named Aria KLCC, is expected to be launched in 2015. This development is located within the immediate vicinity of the Petronas Twin Towers, Suria KLCC, the Pavilion, embassies, medical centres, dining and transport links.

Aria KLCC, with an estimated GDV of RM1.1 billion, will add another notch in the division's foray in luxury high-rise developments with the introduction of full concierge services.

A mixed development project in Balakong comprising both commercial and residential components is under planning and expected to be launched in the second half of 2015. This development, with an estimated GDV of RM800 million, will cater to the growing demand in the southern region of Kuala Lumpur.

REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

Property Development in East Malaysia – Sabah

The property division is known as an established and leading township developer in Sabah. With over 40 years of presence, it has developed many successful townships in Kota Kinabalu, Tawau, Sandakan and Lahad Datu.

Kota Kinabalu

Kingfisher Park, Plaza Kingfisher and Kingfisher Sulaman were the division's successful developments in Kota Kinabalu. With a total GDV of RM568 million, the development projects comprised 1,196 residential and 156 commercial units.

Kingfisher Inanam is slated to be the division's latest development in Kota Kinabalu. Situated within the popular Inanam neighbourhood, the 35-acre development comprises approximately 700 units of apartments. The first phase of 255 apartment units, with an estimated GDV of RM110 million, is expected to be launched in 2015.

Kingfisher Putatan, comprising 14.75 acres of residential development, will be another new project for the division in Kota Kinabalu. The project is situated within Putatan, an up-and-coming neighbourhood next to the city of Kota Kinabalu. The division will be launching its first phase of development in 2015 comprising 120 units of apartments with an estimated GDV of RM44 million.

Tawau

Bandar Sri Indah, a 1,368-acre mixed freehold development, is the division's flagship development in Tawau. Launched in 2004, it is one of the largest fully integrated township developments in Sabah comprising residential, commercial and industrial components.

The development offers modern facilities such as an eco-park adjoining the Membelua forest reserve and a private educational facility catering for both primary and secondary education.

Bandar Sri Indah development has to date developed 1,787 units of mixed development, with a GDV of RM533 million. A total of 711 units of affordable housing had been launched in 2013 and 2014, bearing testament to the division's commitment in providing affordable housing to the local populace. Approximately 1,200 units of mixed development are presently under planning to meet the growing demand.

Ria Heights is a 100-acre township development located close to the centre of Tawau town and surrounded by matured residential neighbourhoods and the Bukit Gemok forest reserve. The first phase of Ria Heights, comprising 469 units of residential properties with a GDV of RM150 million, is expected to be launched in 2015.



REVIEW OF OPERATIONS



Lahad Datu

Bandar Sri Perdana is a prominent and successful township development comprising 1,343 residential and commercial units, with total GDV of RM500 million, built to date.

A further 352 residential units, with an estimated GDV of RM200 million, are currently under planning for future launch.

Palm Heights is another township development in Lahad Datu. During the year, the final phases of residential development, comprising 188 units with a GDV of RM102 million, were launched.

Upon completion, the 90-acre township will have 788 units of residential and commercial properties with a total GDV of RM318 million.

Sandakan

Astana Heights is a 98-acre mixed development project in Sandakan, with development to date of 275 units, with a GDV of RM118 million. During the year, 108 residential units were launched, with 146 residential units under planning for future launch.



REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

Property Investment

During the year, the division's existing investment properties, Menara Hap Seng and Menara Citibank¹, continued to achieve high occupancy rate, recording a 97% (2013: 90%) and 99% (2013: 98%) tenancy, respectively.

2014 also marked the completion of the division's latest investment property, Menara Hap Seng 2, adjoining to Menara Hap Seng. The new 31-storey Grade A Green Building Index-certified office tower has enhanced the Kuala Lumpur skyline and increases the division's presence in the Kuala Lumpur central business district. With the completion of Menara Hap Seng 2 in October 2014, the total net lettable area for both towers has increased to approximately 660,000 sq. ft.

Division Performance

During the year, the division registered a strong performance, recording a 77% increase in revenue to RM932.1 million (2013: RM527.5 million), with operating profit recording a 176% increase to RM705.3 million (2013: RM255.8 million).

The exceptional result was due to strong sales from ongoing projects supported by gains from disposal of non-strategic land held for development. Project sales grew by over 63% to RM526.3 million (2013: RM322.6 million).

Outlook

2015 is expected to be a challenging year for the property development industry. The sharp drop in Brent crude prices by almost 50% in the final quarter has far-reaching financial repercussions, impacting government revenue and economic growth. The introduction of Malaysia's new Goods & Services Tax (GST) in April 2015 may further dampen sentiments in the property industry. In addition, the Government



¹ Held under Inverfin Sdn Bhd, a 49.99% owned associate company of Hap Seng Consolidated Berhad

REVIEW OF OPERATIONS



had, in 2014, put in place cooling measures to curb the rise of household debt and this is expected to continue in 2015.

In spite of the above, the division remains optimistic that the demand for its strategically located developments continues to be favourable. It will continue its plans to reposition its investment and development properties in the Klang Valley in 2015 with several new launches scheduled for the year.

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CREDIT FINANCING

The Credit Financing Division is a prominent player in the non-bank sector, involved in the provision of industrial hire-purchase and term loans, primarily to the small and medium enterprise (SME) sector.

With a network of 12 branches throughout Malaysia; six in Peninsular Malaysia, four in Sabah and two in Sarawak; the division is one of the top three credit financing institutions in Malaysia servicing over 10,000 active accounts. The division's diversified portfolio includes SMEs from the manufacturing, transportation & logistics, agriculture and landed property sector.

The division's effort in building up its term loan portfolio in 2014 in its endeavour

to balance the division's loan portfolio is evident by its enhanced activities in landed property financing, while continuing to strengthen its position in equipment financing.

Division Performance

During the year, the division registered a significant growth in operating profit of 14% to RM104.1 million (2013: RM91.5 million), on the back of a gross loan base of RM1.9 billion (2013: RM1.7 billion).

West Malaysia accounted for 83% of the total loan base while East Malaysia contributed 17%. Loan disbursements also reached a high, registering RM1.4 billion (2013: RM1 billion).

Revenue
RM133
million

Operating Profit
RM104.1
million

REVIEW OF OPERATIONS



The division's gross Non Performing Loan (NPL) ratio improved significantly to 0.91% in 2014 (2013: 1.44%), comfortably below the banking industry average of 1.66%. This is a testimony of the division's strong emphasis on risk management through the use of robust and stringent credit evaluation standards.

Outlook

In response to numerous adverse developments in the global economic landscape, the Malaysian government had in January 2015 revised the country's 2015 GDP growth downwards to 4.5% - 5.5%. Plummeting crude oil prices resulting in lower government revenue, narrowing trade surpluses and weakening currency as well as uncertainties arising from the introduction of the GST, will pose another challenging year for the credit financing business.



As the SME sector contributes approximately 33% of the country's GDP and provides 57% of employment, with the expected GDP growth of 4.5% - 5.5%, the SME sector will remain robust, and the lending opportunities will be prevalent.

It will also continue to focus on businesses with quality collaterals while managing its funding costs and requirements to build on its competitive edge and expertise.

CREDIT FINANCING DIVISION'S BRANCH NETWORK



REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

AUTOMOTIVE

FY2014 was an exciting and eventful year for the Automotive Division. It achieved several milestones for the year, strongly establishing it as one of the leading dealers in Mercedes-Benz vehicles in Malaysia. It saw the official launch of its Balakong Autohaus and the completion of its expanded Kinrara Autohaus, making the division one of the few dealers to have two Mercedes-Benz one-stop 3S centres.

The commercial vehicles operation in Kinrara expanded with its appointment as a Fuso dealer in 2014. With this appointment, the Kinrara Autohaus is now the most complete outlet for Daimler products in the country.

2014 also saw the launch of several highly anticipated new models by Mercedes-Benz Malaysia, namely the new flagship S-Class, the new C-Class and two new A-segment models, the CLA and GLA. The response from our customers has been overwhelming for these new models.

Consequently, passenger vehicle sales for 2014 increased by 17% to 2,310 units (2013: 1,976 units). This accounts for approximately 32% of market share of new Mercedes-Benz passenger vehicles in Malaysia (2013: 31%). Our after-sales segment also recorded a healthy growth of 36%, with a total of 23,445 units (2013: 17,193 units) of vehicles serviced in 2014.

The division continues its unwavering commitment to provide excellent after-sales service to its customers. As a testament to its commitment, the division has consistently topped the Mercedes-Benz's customer satisfaction index award, including 2014.



REVIEW OF OPERATIONS



Revenue
RM684.0
million

Operating Profit
RM10.5
million

Division Performance

During the year, revenue improved notably by 13% to RM684.0 million (2013: RM603.1 million) supported by higher vehicle sales and contributions from a full year's operation of the new one-stop 3S centre in Balakong.

Consequently, the division's operating profit jumped to RM10.5 million (2013: RM18.1 million operating loss).

Outlook

The division expects intensive competition in the luxury car segment in the Malaysian premium passenger vehicles market to prevail in 2015.

Nevertheless, the strong demand for new models launched in the second half of 2014 and early 2015, namely the S-Class hybrid, CLA-class, new C-class, GLA-class and E-class hybrid, is expected to boost sales in 2015.



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The Fertilizers Trading Division is a leading fertilizer trader, dealing with a wide range of fertilizers that include muriate of potash (MOP), ammonium sulphate and rock phosphate.

It operates from 14 strategically located warehouse facilities across Malaysia and Indonesia, through Hap Seng Fertilizers Sdn Bhd and PT Sasco Indonesia, respectively.

In 2014, world fertilizer prices stabilised following the aftermath of the turmoil in the potash market in 2013. Whilst MOP prices have moved up, attempts by potash suppliers to push prices back to the pre-turmoil level have been met with strong market resistance.

Supplies of ammonium sulphate from Korea and Taiwan had reduced significantly in 2014 due to weak caprolactam market. However the shortfall was met by additional new production capacity from China.



REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

FERTILIZERS TRADING



Revenue
RM833.1
million

Operating Profit
RM71.1
million

The influx of Chinese ammonium sulphate had inevitably created a more competitive environment.

Operations in Malaysia

During the year, the division recorded a growth in sales volume of 4% to 729,000 tonnes (2013: 701,000 tonnes) on the back of a lower turnover of RM729.5 million (2013: RM861.5 million) as a result of the prevailing weak global fertilizer prices.

Despite the lower revenue, the division continued to lead the East Malaysian fertilizers business segment, by increasing its market share to 35% (2013: 31%). It also continues to be a leading player in the Peninsular Malaysia fertilizer market with market share of 11%.

Operations in Indonesia

The Indonesian operations were scaled down in 2014 in view of the uncertain operating environment arising from the weak Indonesian currency. As a result, its revenue declined to RM103.6 million (2013: RM246.8 million) on the back of sales volume of 133,000 tonnes (2013: 212,000 tonnes).

Division Performance

With a total revenue of RM833.1 million (2013: RM1.1 billion), the division recorded an improved operating profit of RM71.1 million (2013: RM8.2 million operating loss) in 2014. This is due to higher margin achieved for sales from both its Malaysian and Indonesian operations, supported by gains from the sales of non strategic assets.



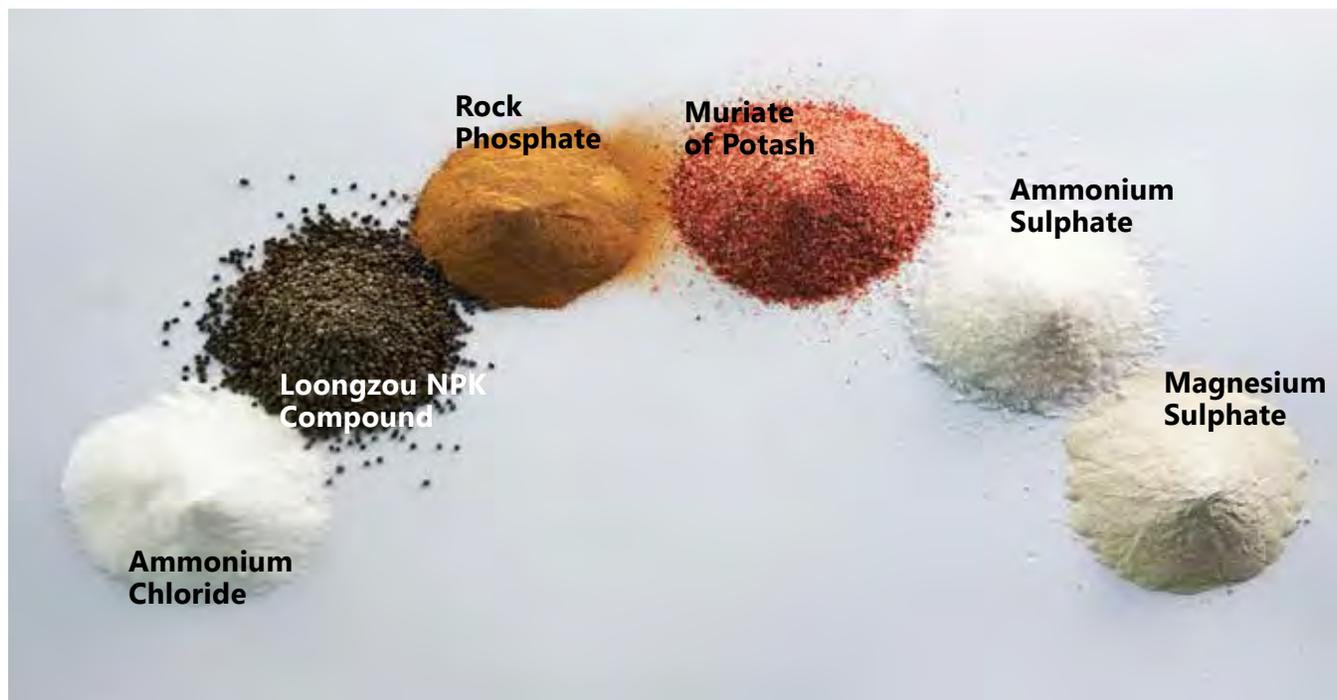
REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

Outlook

The strong US dollar, the slowing growth in the Chinese economy and the falling commodity and oil prices are factors contributing to the uncertainty in the fertilizer market in 2015. With CPO prices having fallen in dollar terms and plantations costs going up, plantations are under considerable pressure to manage their costs.

China dominated the market for nitrogenous fertilizers such as urea and ammonium sulphate in 2014. With the announcement of China rationalising the export tax for urea in 2015, the fertilizer market is expected to benefit from lower prices for nitrogenous fertilizers, bringing some relief to cost pressures for plantations.

The introduction of ammonium chloride as a cheaper alternative source of nitrogen to ammonium sulphate is expected to gain momentum in 2015. With additional source of supplies of nitrogenous fertilizer, the competition for market share is expected to intensify. With the MOP market expected to remain relatively stable compared to the volatility in 2014, the performance of the division remains favourable.



REVIEW OF OPERATIONS



FERTILIZERS TRADING DIVISION'S OPERATION NETWORK



REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

QUARRY & BUILDING MATERIALS

The Quarry and Building Materials Division encompasses the quarry and asphalt operations and the brick operations.

The quarry and asphalt operations is the third largest quarry operator in the country, with 11 operating quarries and eight asphalt plants, located in Sabah, Kelantan, Terengganu, Pahang and Johor, with a further two quarries under permitting and construction.

The brick operation is a major clay brick manufacturer in Malaysia. The division has four brick factories – two in Sabah and one each in Johor and Pahang, with a total monthly production capacity of 20 million bricks.

Its main products, consisting common clay bricks, facing bricks, double bricks and clay pavers, are distributed locally and regionally.

Quarry & Asphalt Operations

In FY2014, the division added a new quarry to its operation with the commissioning of the crushing plant in the Seri Alam quarry in November 2014. The Seri Alam quarry is a joint venture strategically located in Bandar Seri Alam, Johor.

With the commissioning of the Seri Alam plant in East Johor, coupled with its existing quarry at Ulu Choh in West Johor, the division can now supply to all areas in the Iskandar development region.

The division recorded aggregate sales of 6.9 million tonnes (2013: 7.1 million tonnes) for FY2014. Asphalt sales for the same period reduced to 330,000 tonnes (2013: 376,000 tonnes).

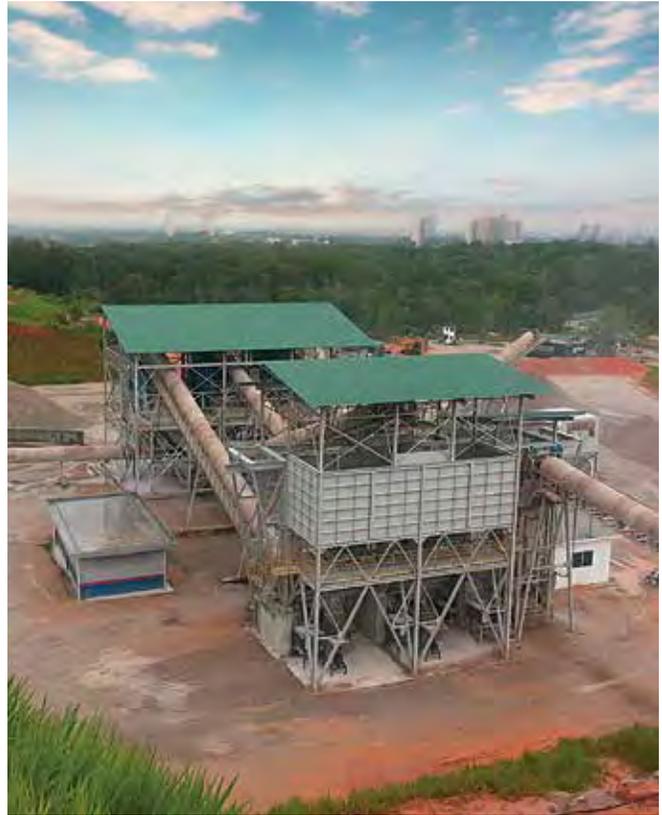


Revenue
RM370.4
million

Operating Profit
RM16.9
million



REVIEW OF OPERATIONS



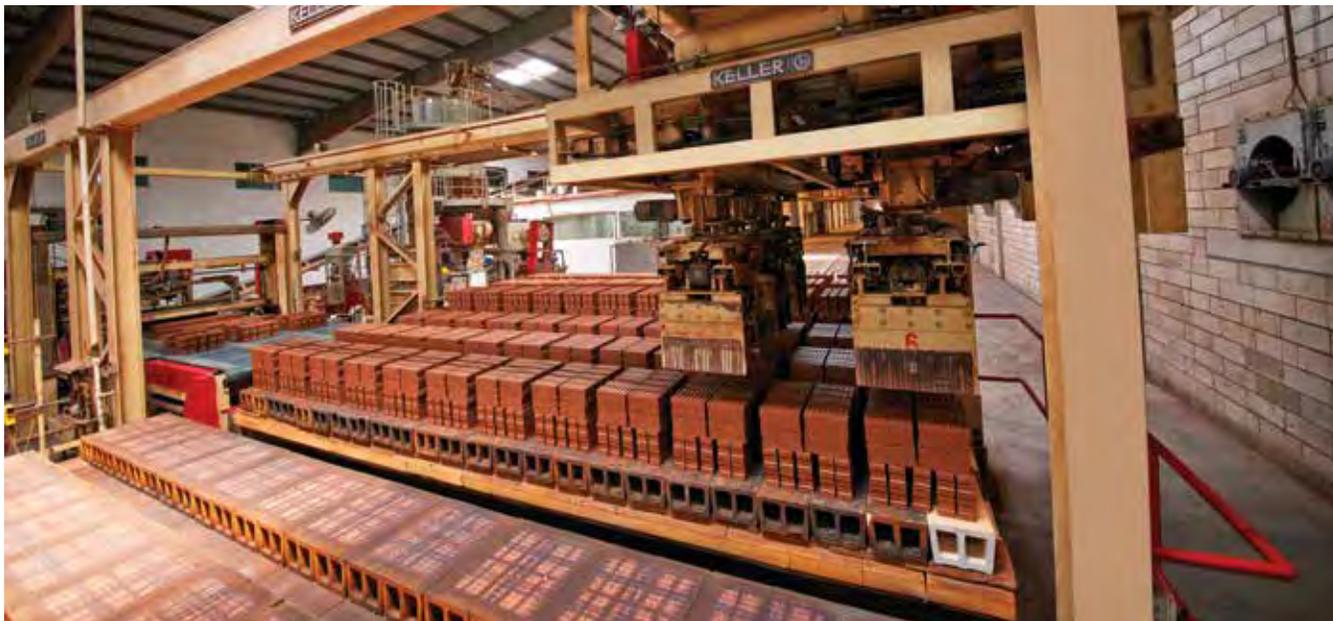
The reduced volumes were a result of weaker demand from the east coast of peninsular Malaysia impacted by inclement weather, and the completion of supply to the Sabah Oil and Gas Terminal.

Demand for aggregate and building materials continued to be strong in Johor due to construction activity at the Iskandar development region and the Singapore market.

Brick Operations

During the year, the division continued its focus on improving its operational efficiency. As a result, brick production grew by 9% to 193 million pieces (2013: 176.4 million pieces).

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Sales volume also increased by 19% to 201.7 million pieces (2013: 169.1 million pieces).

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Division Performance

In 2014, the division recorded a marginal 2% revenue increase to RM370.4 million (2013: RM364.8 million).

Operating profit however declined to RM16.9 million (2013: RM17.9 million) as a result of start-up and development costs of the new quarries and the cost of growing the Singapore market. Margins were also compressed due to sales mix variance.

Outlook

2015 is expected to see mixed operational conditions across the division's three operating regions. Continued difficult conditions are expected on the east coast of Peninsular Malaysia due to its dependence on government funded projects while lower oil prices are expected to result in government spending reduction.

However, the outlook for Johor is positive with expected private investment associated with the Iskandar development region and increased activity



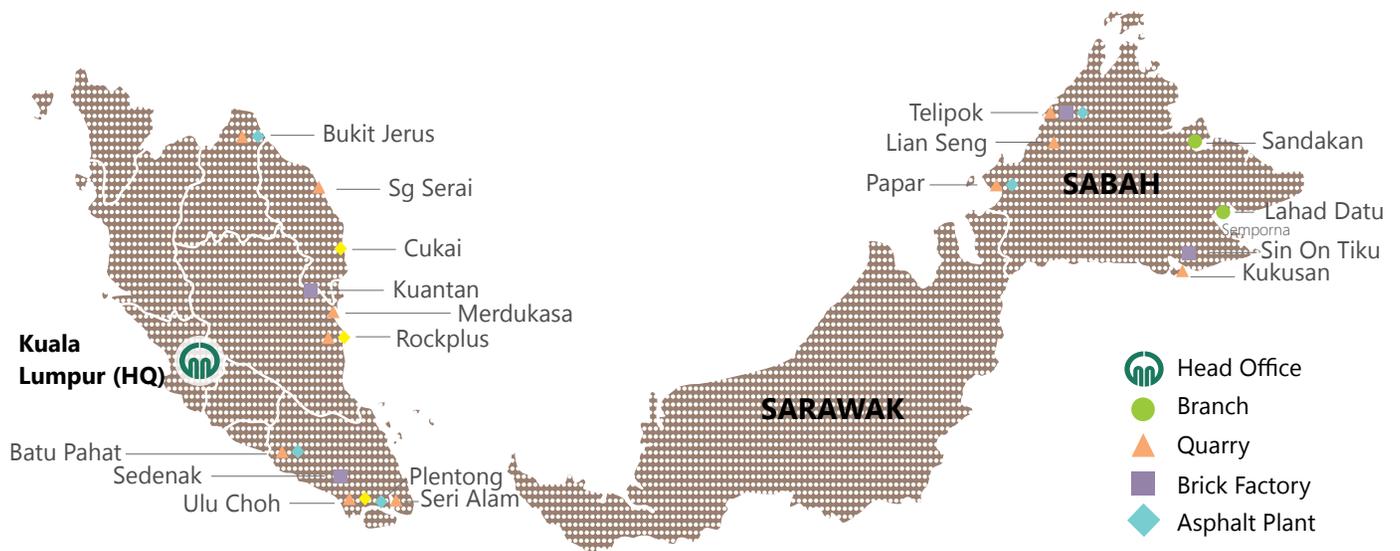
REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

associated with the Petronas RAPID project in Pengerang. Sales to Singapore are also expected to improve in the second half of 2015, while construction activity in Sabah is expected to remain strong on the back of continued private investment and increased government spending associated with projects outlined in Budget 2015.

The division is well poised to meet the expected demand in Johor and Singapore via our two existing quarries, with a full year of operation of our new quarry in Bandar Seri Alam and the commencement of a new quarry at Batu Pahat in the second half of 2015.



QUARRY AND BUILDING MATERIALS DIVISION'S OPERATION NETWORK



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TRADING

The Trading Division is a major building material trader in Malaysia, with a network of six branches - four in Sabah, one in Johor and a main office in Petaling Jaya.

Having been in operation as a division since 2013, its product portfolio includes steel bars, cement, tiles, iron and metal, building chemical, interior fitting and various petroleum products.

The division divested its oil and fats trading business as part of its strategy to focus on its core products. In addition, the division placed emphasis on higher margin products and managing its credit risk.

Division Performance

Excluding the revenue in oil and fats trading in 2013 of RM50.3 million, the division's

revenue of RM RM445.3 million achieved in 2014 represented an 11.5% growth.

The focus on higher margin products netted positive results with operating profit growth to RM23.9 million (2013: RM6.6 million) which also include gains from the sales of non strategic assets.

Outlook

The division remains optimistic on the opportunities in the trading business and will continue to expand its market presence despite the uncertainties in the property market.

The ongoing implementation of the 10 Malaysia Plan, Economic Transformation Programme (ETP) and Government Transformation Programme (GTP) are expected to spur construction activities.

Revenue

RM445.3
million

Operating Profit

RM23.9
million

STATEMENT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The board is pleased to report on the manner in which the principles and recommendations as set out in the Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance 2012 (Code) are applied to the affairs of the Group and the extent of compliance pursuant to paragraph 15.25 and practice note 9 of the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad (Listing Requirements).

It is the policy of the Company to manage the affairs of the Group in accordance with the appropriate standards for good corporate governance.

The board is committed to ensuring that appropriate standards of corporate governance are practised throughout the Group as a fundamental part of discharging its responsibilities to protect and enhance shareholder value and the financial performance of the Group and Company.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Board Charter

The board has formalised a board charter on 3 April 2013 (Board Charter) to define, inter-alia, the following:

- Board composition
- Board appointments
- Meetings and board attendance
- Role of the chairman, managing director and company secretary
- Board function
- Board committees comprising the audit, nominating and remuneration committee
- Dichotomy between the board and management's role and responsibilities
- Code of conduct
- Board diversity
- Sustainability

The Board Charter, which is subject to periodic review by the board after taking into account the latest legal, regulatory and ethical requirements, is accessible through the Company's website at www.hapseng.com.my.

Board Responsibilities

The board is responsible for overseeing the management of the business and affairs of the Company, including the commitment to sustainability, in the best long-term interest of the Company. The board has clear roles and responsibilities in discharging its fiduciary and leadership functions and has established clear functions reserved for the board and those that were delegated to the management which are embodied in the Board Charter.

All directors are to act in the best interest of the Company and shall disclose to the board of any interest or potential interest as soon as he becomes aware of such interest. The company secretary shall keep a register of such declarations of interest.

STATEMENT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Board Meetings

The directors meet at least 4 times a year. During the financial year ended 31 December 2014, 5 board meetings were held with all the directors having attended at least 50% of the board meetings.

Minutes, proceedings and decisions taken during the board meetings are recorded by the company secretary and would be circulated to the board members within 2 weeks of the relevant meeting.

Directors' attendance at board meetings held during the financial year ended 31 December 2014 is as follows:

| Directors | No. of Meetings Attended |
|---|---------------------------------|
| Dato' Jorgen Bornhoft | 5/5 |
| Datuk Edward Lee Ming Foo, JP | 5/5 |
| Mr. Lee Wee Yong | 5/5 |
| Ms. Cheah Yee Leng | 2/2* |
| Datuk Simon Shim Kong Yip, JP | 5/5 |
| Lt. Gen. (R) Datuk Abdul Aziz Bin Hasan | 5/5 |
| Dato' Mohammed Bin Haji Che Hussein | 4/5 |
| Mr. Tan Ghee Kiat | 5/5 |
| Mr. Ch'ng Kok Phan | 2/2* |

* There were 2 board meetings held subsequent to their appointment to the board on 1 June 2014.

Board Composition

As at the date of this annual report, the board has 9 members comprising 3 executive directors and 6 non-executive directors of which 4 or more than 1/3 were independent of management and have no relationships which could interfere with the exercise of their independent judgment.

The directors will among themselves elect an independent director to be the chairman and appoint an executive director to the office of managing director.

The responsibilities of the chairman and the managing director are divided to ensure a balance of power and authority and are clearly defined in the Board Charter.

Together, the directors have wide-ranging business and financial experience. A brief description of the background of each director is presented on pages 3 to 11 of this annual report.

The board annually examines its size with a view to determine the impact of the number on its effectiveness, provided always that the number of directors shall not exceed 12 as provided under article 82 of the Company's articles of association.

Dato' Jorgen Bornhoft, being an independent non-executive director, assumes the role of senior independent non-executive director to address concern that may be raised by shareholders of the Company.

STATEMENT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Board Diversity

The board comprises members of diverse backgrounds in terms of gender, age, ethnicity, nationality, professional background, skills and experience, all of which are crucial for the effective functioning of the board. Currently, the Company has 1 female executive director on the board.

Supply of Information

Board members are given appropriate information in advance of each board and committee meeting. For board meetings, these information include:

- A financial report
- Report on current trading and business issues from the managing director
- Proposals for capital expenditures (if any)
- Proposals for acquisitions and disposals not in the ordinary course of business (if any)
- Annual budget or business plan
- Reports of the sub-committees of the board (if any)

In addition, the board has a formal schedule of matters reserved for its decision including approval of annual and quarterly results.

The board is supported by suitably qualified and competent company secretary, who is responsible alongside with board members, for various legal and compliance obligations under the laws. The role of the company secretary is detailed in the Board Charter.

The company secretary, together with the managing director, assists the chairman to organise the information necessary for the board to deal with the agenda and providing the relevant information to the directors on a timely basis.

The board also authorises directors to seek independent professional advice if necessary at the Company's expense in the furtherance of their duties. Prior to incurring the professional fees, the directors shall refer to the managing director on the nature and the fees of the professional advice to be sought.

All information within the Group is accessible to the directors in the furtherance of their duties and all directors have access to the services of the company secretary.

Board Committees

Specific responsibilities are delegated to board committees which comprise the audit committee, nominating committee and remuneration committee which shall report to the board regularly. The board committees are limited to making recommendations to the board as the board is not empowered to delegate its decision-making authorities to the board committees. The primary responsibilities of these board committees are approved by the board and are detailed in pages 65 to 74 of this annual report.

STATEMENT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Minutes of proceedings and resolutions of all meetings including attendance of members of the committee are recorded by the company secretary and circulated promptly to the members of the board committee and once agreed, to all members of the board.

The board committees have access to relevant resources to facilitate the carrying out of its duties including obtaining, at the Company's expense, outside legal or other professional advice on any matters within its term of reference.

Appointments to the Board

Appointments to the board are decided by the members of the board based on the recommendations of the nominating committee. The nominating committee, which comprises 3 non-executive directors of which 2 are independent non-executive directors, is responsible for proposing new nominees to the board on an on-going basis and annually assessing the contribution of each individual director, (including independent non-executive directors as well as the managing director) and also the effective discharge by the members of the board committees.

The nominating committee has reviewed and is satisfied that:

- the size of the board is optimum for the effective discharge of the board's function and that there is appropriate mix of skills and core competencies in the composition of the board;
- all members of the board are suitably qualified to hold their positions as directors in view of their respective academic and professional qualifications, competencies, experiences, commitment, contribution and performance;
- all the directors at the date of this annual report have updated their knowledge and enhance their skills through appropriate continuing education programmes during the financial year ended 31 December 2014;
- all the independent directors except for Dato' Jorgen Bornhoft as at the date of this annual report have not served for a period exceeding 9 years; and
- Dato' Jorgen Bornhoft is capable of acting objectively in the best interest of the Company and has demonstrably proven to be in compliance with all the requirements to be independent in accordance with the Listing Requirements and has been recommended to the board to continue in office as independent director of the Company.

Company secretaries are appointed by the board and are persons who are capable of carrying out the duties which the post entails, providing effective support to the chairman to ensure the effective functioning of the board. Their removal is a matter for the board as a whole.

STATEMENT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Reappointment and Re-election of Directors

Pursuant to section 129(6) of the Companies Act, 1965, directors who are over the age of 70 years shall retire at every annual general meeting (AGM) and may offer themselves for reappointment to hold office until the next AGM.

In accordance with the Company's articles of association, directors who are appointed by the board during the year shall hold office only until the next AGM and shall be eligible for re-election by the shareholders. In addition, at the AGM in every calendar year, 1/3 of the directors including the managing director shall retire from office at least once every 3 years and shall be eligible for re-election by shareholders.

During the year, the nominating committee had reviewed both the independence and performance of 3 independent, 1 non-independent non-executive and 1 executive directors who are due for reappointment and/or re-election at the forthcoming AGM. Based on the satisfactory outcome of the said review, the nominating committee had made recommendations to the board for their reappointment and/or re-election.

Directors' Training and Education

On joining, all new directors are given background information describing the Company and its activities. Site visits are arranged whenever necessary. All the directors holding office as at the date of this annual report have completed the mandatory accreditation programme as specified by Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad (the Exchange).

The Company is mindful of the importance of continuous training and education for the directors to enable the directors to effectively discharge their duties. Where appropriate, talks and seminars are organised for the directors to keep abreast with any changes in the relevant statutory and regulatory requirements.

The directors are also encouraged to attend various external professional programmes on a continuous basis to ensure that they are kept abreast on various issues facing the changing business environment within which the Group operates.

Details and updates of directors' training and continuous professional education are tabled to the board at each board meeting.

STATEMENT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The directors had during the financial year ended 31 December 2014, evaluated their own training needs on a continuous basis and attended the following programmes:

| Directors | Training Programme | Duration |
|---|--|----------|
| Dato' Jorgen Bornhoft | Malaysia Goods and Services Tax | 2 hours |
| | 2014 MASB Roundtable on Financial Reporting | 2 hours |
| | Directors' Continuing Education Programme 2014 | 1 day |
| | Enhancing Internal Audit Practice | ½ day |
| | Directors Breakfast Series on "Great Companies deserve great boards" | ½ day |
| | Forbes Global CEO conference | 2 days |
| Datuk Edward Lee Ming Foo, JP | Hap Seng Group GST Readiness Project | 2 hours |
| | Malaysia Goods and Services Tax | 2 hours |
| | HSBC Forum-China Globalising; RMB Rising | 1 day |
| | Where's The Smart Money Going? | ½ day |
| | West-East Corridor – The Future of Energy | 1 ½ hour |
| Mr. Lee Wee Yong | Hap Seng Group GST Readiness Project | 2 days |
| | Malaysia Goods and Services Tax | 2 hours |
| Ms. Cheah Yee Leng | Transaction by Directors & Practical Issues and Solutions | 1 day |
| | All about shares | 2 days |
| Datuk Simon Shim Kong Yip, JP | Malaysia Goods and Services Tax | 2 hours |
| Lt. Gen. (R) Datuk Abdul Aziz Bin Hasan | PNB Nominee Directors' Convention 2014 – Managing stakeholders' expectations in the fast changing business trends towards value creation | 1 day |
| | Corporate Directors Advanced Programme (CDAP) 2014 Strategy & Risk – Managing Uncertainty | 2 days |
| | Advocacy Sessions on Corporate Disclosure for Directors | ½ day |
| | 2014 Audit Committee Conference – Stepping up for better governance | 1 day |
| | Global Competitiveness and the Malaysian Experience | 1 day |
| | CEO Forum 2014 - Surviving the next Global Financial Crisis | 1 day |
| | Appreciation & Application of ASEAN Corporate Governance Scorecard | ½ day |
| | Great Companies deserve Great Boards and Great Boards leading the way for Highly Innovative Companies | 1 day |
| | | |
| Dato' Mohammed Bin Haji Che Hussein | Malaysia Goods and Services Tax | 2 hours |
| | Risk Management & Internal Control | 1 day |
| Mr. Tan Ghee Kiat | National Tax Conference 2014 | 2 days |
| | Accountants and Auditors Duty of Care and The Need to Risk Manage | ½ day |
| | National Tax Seminar 2014 | 1 day |
| | IFRS Technical Update 2014/2015 | 2 days |
| Mr. Ch'ng Kok Phan | 2014 CADA Convention International Forum | 1 day |

STATEMENT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

The Level and Make-up of Remuneration

The board ensures that fair level of remuneration is accorded to attract, retain and motivate directors needed to manage the Company successfully. The component remuneration package for executive directors has been structured to link rewards to corporate and individual performance whilst non-executive directors' remuneration reflects the experience and level of responsibilities undertaken by individual non-executive directors.

Procedure

Remuneration packages of newly appointed and existing executive directors are reviewed by the remuneration committee and recommended to the board for approval. Directors do not participate in decisions on their own remuneration.

Disclosure

Directors' remuneration and remuneration policy are as follows:

Details of Directors' Remuneration

- (i) The aggregate remuneration paid or payable by the Company to the directors of the Company for services in all capacities during the financial year ended 31 December 2014 is as follows:

| Category | Fees RM'000 | Salaries and Other Emoluments RM'000 | Benefits-in- Kind RM'000 | Total Remuneration RM'000 |
|---------------|----------------|---|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Executive | - | 4,424 | 251 | 4,675 |
| Non-Executive | 645 | - | - | 645 |

- (ii) The number of directors who received remuneration from the Company for the financial year ended 31 December 2014, and their remuneration including benefits-in-kind are tabulated in the following bands:

| Remuneration Range | No. of Directors |
|----------------------------|------------------|
| Executive Directors | |
| RM950,001 to RM1,000,000 | 1 |
| RM1,000,001 to RM1,100,000 | - |
| RM1,100,001 to RM1,150,000 | 1 |
| RM1,150,001 to RM2,550,000 | - |
| RM2,550,001 to RM2,600,000 | 1 |

STATEMENT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Non-Executive Directors

| | |
|------------------------|---|
| RM50,001 to RM100,000 | 2 |
| RM100,001 to RM150,000 | 3 |
| RM150,001 to RM200,000 | 1 |

Remuneration Policy

The policy of the remuneration committee is to ensure that the remuneration practices of the Company are competitive, thereby enabling the Company to attract and retain high calibre executive directors and reflecting their respective responsibilities and commitments.

No directors shall be involved in any decisions as to their own remuneration.

(i) Remuneration for Executive Directors

The remuneration package for the executive directors comprises some or all of the following elements:

- **Basic Salary**

Salaries are reviewed annually. In setting the basic salary of each director, the remuneration committee takes into account market competitiveness and the performance of each individual director.

- **Annual Bonus**

The annual bonus plan focuses on annual objectives and is designed to reward appropriately the achievement of results against these objectives.

- **Contribution to EPF**

Contribution to EPF is based on the statutory rate.

- **Benefits-in-kind**

Benefits-in-kind includes, inter-alia, car, driver, fuel and mobile phone.

(ii) Remuneration for Non-Executive Directors

Remuneration of the non-executive directors shall be a matter for the executive members of the board.

STATEMENT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

SHAREHOLDERS

Dialogue between Company and Investors

The Company is committed to ensuring that all shareholders have timely access to all publicly available information of the Company, with which shareholders are enabled to actively participate in the affairs of the Company in an informed manner.

Toward this end, the board is guided by the disclosure policy enshrined in the Listing Requirements in making immediate announcement of all material information save for the permitted exceptional circumstances, which information is also made available on the Company's website at www.hapseng.com.my after the release of the announcement.

The board views the AGM as an ideal opportunity to communicate with both institutional and private investors. In addition, the Company has a website at www.hapseng.com.my which provides shareholders and investors at large with up-to-date information. Amongst others, the quarterly financial results, annual report, corporate announcements and the like are downloaded onto the website as soon as practicable after such information is released by the Company to the Exchange. While the Company endeavours to provide as much information as possible to its shareholders, it is mindful of the legal and regulatory framework governing the release of material and price-sensitive information.

In addition, the Company's announcements, including full version of its quarterly financial results announcements and annual report can be accessed through the Exchange's website at www.bursamalaysia.com.

The Annual General Meeting (AGM)

Notice of AGM which is contained in the annual report is sent out at least 21 days prior to the date of the meeting.

There will be commentary by the chairman and managing director at the AGM regarding the Company's performance for each financial year and a brief review on current trading conditions.

At each AGM, a platform is available to shareholders to participate in the question and answer session. Where appropriate, the chairman and managing director will provide written answers to any significant question that cannot be readily answered.

Each item of special business included in the notice of AGM will be accompanied by a full explanation of the proposed resolution.

Whenever appropriate, press conference is held at the end of each AGM where the chairman and managing director advise the press on the resolutions passed and answer questions in respect of the Group as well as to clarify and explain any issues.

The board has also formulated a policy to encourage constructive and effective engagement, dialogue and other forms of communication with shareholders, stakeholders, investors and/or the community as contained in the Company's shareholder communication policy which is included in the Board Charter.

STATEMENT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

CODE OF CONDUCT

In its aspiration to instill and promote appropriate standards of conduct and ethical practices, the board has established this code of business conduct (Code of Conduct) to be strictly complied with by the directors and members of the management. For the avoidance of doubt, the provision of this Code of Conduct is in addition to any other obligations imposed on the directors by any applicable rules, laws and regulations. The board reviews the Code of Conduct periodically.

The Code of Conduct covers the following areas:

- **Honesty and Integrity**

The success of our business is built on the foundation of trust and confidence. Hence, directors must act honestly and fairly in their business dealings with all stakeholders.

- **Compliance with Laws**

Directors shall comply and satisfy themselves that appropriate policies and procedures are in place for compliance by employees and officers, with all laws, rules and regulations applicable to the Company and themselves, including insider trading laws. In the event of dealing with the Company's shares both within and outside the closed periods, to comply with the disclosure requirements.

- **Conflict of Interests**

Directors are to avoid situation that present or create the appearance of a potential conflict between their own interests and those of the Company. Any situation that involves, or may reasonably be expected to involve a conflict of interest must be disclosed promptly to the fellow board members by notifying the company secretary.

- **Confidentiality**

Directors must maintain the confidentiality of information entrusted to them by the Company and any other information about the Company which comes to them in their capacity as a director. In addition, a director must not make use of non-public price-sensitive information to advance or pursue his/her personal opportunities, gains or interests, such as the buying or selling of the Company's shares.

- **Whistle-Blowing**

The board has formulated a whistle blowing policy to encourage employees to disclose any malpractice or misconduct of which they become aware of and to provide protection for the reporting of such alleged malpractice or misconduct. The full text of the whistle blowing policy of the Company is found in the corporate website.

This Code of Conduct has been published on the Company's website at www.hapseng.com.my.

STATEMENT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

STRATEGIES FOR SUSTAINABILITY

The board aspires to strengthen its commitment and investment in corporate sustainability to the mutual benefit of both the Company and the public at large. To this end, various initiatives have been undertaken to harness the market's potential for sustainability products and services on one hand and to minimise sustainability costs and risks on the other hand.

Summarised below are the various methodologies undertaken as part of the Group's on-going commitment to sustainability:

- Creating a safe working environment for all our employees, while promoting and implementing all aspects of occupational safety and health policies in the workplace;
- Creating efficient, effective and sustainable human resources by embracing the principle of continuous growth and employee satisfaction;
- Creating a model community which embraces social inclusion and diversity;
- Meeting shareholders' demand for sound financial returns through dividend stream, economic growth, open communication and transparent financial reporting;
- Establishing and complying with high standards of corporate governance and engagement with shareholders;
- Adopting innovative technologies to minimise or control negative impact on the environment in our business operations;
- Helming, supporting and contributing to environmental friendly projects or programmes;
- Taking proactive steps towards reducing our carbon footprint, including engaging measures to improve energy performance of office buildings, better management of energy use for office equipment, raising awareness among employees, customers, suppliers through "reduce, reuse and recycle" campaign; and
- Participating in community involvement programmes by reaching out to the communities.

STATEMENT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

Financial Reporting

The Company operates, and attaches importance to clear principles and procedures designed to achieve accountability and control appropriate to the businesses of the Group. In presenting the annual financial statements and quarterly reports, the directors aim to present a balanced and understandable assessment of the Group's position and prospects.

Statement of Directors' Responsibility for preparing the Annual Audited Financial Statements

The directors are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements for each financial year that is in accordance with applicable Financial Reporting Standards and the Companies Act, 1965, so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at the end of the financial year and of their financial performance and cash flows for the financial year then ended.

The directors consider that in preparing the financial statements, the Group and the Company have used appropriate accounting policies, consistently applied and supported by reasonable and prudent judgments and estimates, and that all applicable Financial Reporting Standards have been followed. Their responsibilities include ensuring that the Group and Company maintain internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Internal Control

The Group's statement on risk management and internal control is set out on pages 59 to 64 of the annual report.

Relationship with Auditors

The audit committee and the board have established formal and transparent arrangements to maintain an appropriate relationship with the Company's auditors as stated on pages 65 to 69 of the annual report.

External auditors are invited at least twice a year to attend the audit committee meetings as well as the AGM. Dialogue between the audit committee and the external auditors are also conducted in the absence of management. The audit committee has also received written assurance from the external auditors confirming their independence.

This statement on corporate governance is made in accordance with a resolution from the board.

DATO' JORGEN BORNHOFT
Independent Non-Executive Chairman

DATUK EDWARD LEE MING FOO, JP
Managing Director

STATEMENT ON RISK MANAGEMENT & INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board is committed to maintaining a sound system of risk management and internal control in the Group and is pleased to provide the following Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control which outlines the nature of internal control of the Group during the financial year ended 31 December 2014 pursuant to paragraph 15.26(b) of the Listing Requirements. In making this statement, the Board is guided by the "Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control: Guidelines for Directors of Listed Issuers" ("SRMICG") which is issued by the Taskforce on Internal Control with the support and endorsement of the Exchange.

For the purposes of this statement, associates are not dealt with as part of the Group, and therefore not covered by this statement.

Board's Responsibility

The Board recognises that a sound framework of risk management and internal control is fundamental to good corporate governance and an effective risk management process helps the Group to achieve its performance and profitability targets by providing risk information to enable better formulation of Group's strategies and decision making.

The Board acknowledges its responsibility for the Group's risk management and system of internal controls covering not only financial controls but also operational, environmental and compliance controls as well as risk management including the review of the effectiveness and efficiency of the risk management process and internal control system.

The risk management process and system of internal control which involve every business units and their respective key management, are designed to meet the Group's needs and to manage the risks to which it is exposed.

The risk management process and system of internal control, by their nature, can only provide reasonable but not absolute assurance against material loss or against the Group failing to achieve its objectives.

Towards this end, the Group had, since June 2001, implemented a formal approach towards identifying, evaluating, monitoring and managing the significant risks affecting the achievement of its business objectives.

The Audit Committee assists the Board in the reviewing process, however, the Board as a whole remains responsible for all the actions of the Audit Committee with regards to the execution of the delegated role.

Risk Management

The Group Risk Management Committee takes responsibility for risk management, building upon already established structures and mechanism. The risk assessments approach is in compliance with the guidance on the SRMICG and Recommendation 6.1 of the Code.

Members of the Group Risk Management Committee comprise the following:

- Two executive directors, one being the Group Managing Director;
- Group Chief Operating Officer;
- Chief Financial Officer;
- Chief Executives of the various business units;
- Head of Group Internal Audit; and
- Senior manager overseeing the risk management function.

The Group Managing Director assumes the role of Chairman of the Committee while the Chief Executives lead the risk management function of the various business units.

STATEMENT ON RISK MANAGEMENT & INTERNAL CONTROL

Risk Management (continued)

Responsibilities of the Group Risk Management Committee include inter-alia the following:

- To develop risk management policies, which includes risk management strategies and risk tolerance level for the various business units within the Group;
- To develop methodologies to identify, evaluate, prioritise, address and report the various risks of the various business units within the Group;
- To periodically review the effectiveness of the existing risk management policies and methodologies and recommend changes thereto;
- To monitor and ensure the implementation and compliance of the risk management policies and methodologies across the Group;
- To review the key risk profile of the Group and ensure that all significant risks are managed effectively, including the evaluation and treatment of newly identified risk, review and monitor the implementation of action plans to mitigate the significant risks identified;
- To report risk exposures or risk management activities to the Audit Committee on a timely basis; and
- To promote risk awareness and/or facilitate training on risk management.

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The Group Risk Management Committee together with the Group's management are responsible for implementing the processes for identifying, evaluating, monitoring and reporting of risks and internal control, taking appropriate and timely corrective actions as required. This is designed to be responsive to changes in the business environment and is communicated to the appropriate levels through existing reporting structures and processes of the Group.

Key risks to each business unit's objectives which are aligned with the Group's strategic objectives are identified and scored for likelihood of the risks occurring and the magnitude of the impact.

A database of strategic risks identified with appropriate controls has been created and the information filtered to produce a detailed risk register/scorecard. The risk profiles of the respective business units are updated every six months to reflect the prevailing operating conditions.

Risk assessment interviews have been conducted by the senior manager overseeing the risk management function with the Chief Executives and managers of the respective business units as part of the assessment of strategic risks affecting the Group.

The risks profile of the relevant business units have been tabled to the Group Risk Management Committee highlighting on the key risks, their causes and management action plans thereon.

The Group Risk Management Committee reports its activities and makes recommendations to the Board via the Audit Committee. An annual comprehensive risk management report and a half yearly update on salient changes to the key risk profile are tabled to the Audit Committee to facilitate timely assessment.

Any major changes to risks or emerging significant risk of the business units in the Group together with the appropriate actions and/or strategies to be taken, will be brought to the attention of the Board by the Chairman of the Audit Committee.

STATEMENT ON RISK MANAGEMENT & INTERNAL CONTROL

Internal Control

The Board places emphasis on a sound system of internal control to facilitate the effective and efficient operation of the Group's businesses by enabling the Board and the management to respond appropriately to any significant business, operational, compliance and other risks in the achieving of the Group's objectives.

Nevertheless, the Board also recognises that the system of internal control can only reduce, but cannot eliminate, the possibility of poor judgement in decision-making; human error; control processes being deliberately circumvented by employees and others; management overriding controls; and the occurrence of unforeseeable circumstances. As such, the Board reiterates that the system of internal control, by its nature, can only provide reasonable but not absolute assurance against material loss or against the Group failing to achieve its objectives.

The key elements of the Group's internal control system are described below:

- Clearly defined delegation of responsibilities to committees of the full Board and to operating units, including authorisation levels for all aspects of the business.
- Documented internal procedures and/or processes of individual business units, whenever applicable, which include processes to generate timely, relevant and reliable information and proper record keeping as well as compliances with applicable laws and regulations and internal policies for the conduct of business.
- Regular internal audit visits in accordance with the approved internal audit plan by Audit Committee which monitor compliance with procedures and assess the integrity of financial information.
- Regular and comprehensive information provided to management, covering financial performance and key business indicators.
- A detailed budgeting process where operating units prepare budgets for the coming year which are approved both at operating unit level and by the full Board.
- A monthly monitoring of results against budget, with major variances being followed up and management action taken, where necessary.
- Regular visits to operating units by senior management whenever appropriate.
- Review of business processes to assess the effectiveness of internal controls by the Internal Audit Department and the highlighting of significant risks impacting the Group by the head of Internal Audit to the Audit Committee. Annual internal audit plan is reviewed by the Audit Committee.
- In the presence of the Group Managing Director, Group Finance Director and Chief Financial Officer for the purpose of ascertaining the state of internal control and to obtain assurance of the internal control system as to its effectiveness and adequacies in all material aspects, the Audit Committee reviews and holds discussion on significant internal control issues identified in reports prepared by the Internal Audit Department.
- Code of Conduct as set out in the Board Charter and the Employees' Handbook.

STATEMENT ON RISK MANAGEMENT & INTERNAL CONTROL

Internal Audit Function

The Group has an in-house Internal Audit Department which is independent of the activities or operations of other operating units in the Group, which provides the Audit Committee and the Board with much of the assurance it requires regarding the adequacy and integrity of the system of internal control.

The head of Internal Audit Department is a member of Malaysian Institute of Accountants and The Institute of Internal Auditors of Malaysia and he is assisted by a team of qualified personnel.

The internal audit functions of the department are carried out using a risk based, systematic and disciplined approach, guided by the standards recognised by these professional bodies.

The head of Internal Audit has direct access to the Chairman of the Audit Committee and whenever deemed necessary, meets with the Audit Committee without the management being present.

The principal responsibility of the Internal Audit Department is to undertake regular and systematic reviews of the system of internal controls, risk management and governance processes so as to provide reasonable assurance that such system operates satisfactorily and effectively within the Company and the Group and reports to the Audit Committee on a quarterly basis.

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Internal audit strategy and a detailed annual internal audit plan are presented to the Audit Committee for approval. The internal audit function adopts a risk-based approach and prepares its audit strategy and plan based on the risk profiles of the business units of the Group.

The activities of the Internal Audit Department that were carried out are as follows:

- Undertook internal audit based on the audit plan that had been reviewed and approved by the Audit Committee which includes the review of operational and environmental compliance with established internal control procedures, management efficiency, risk assessment and reliability of financial records as well as governance processes.
- Attended business review meetings held regularly by the Group's senior management to keep abreast with the strategic and operational planning and development issues.
- Conducted investigations with regard to various specific areas of concern as directed by the Audit Committee and the management.
- Attended the meetings conducted by the Group Risk Management Committee.
- Assessment of key business risks at each business units which were identified by risk analysis and continuous monitoring of control compliance through data extraction and analysis techniques.
- Issued a total of 39 internal audit reports to the Audit Committee on the major business units which encompassed identification and assessment of business risks.
- The total costs incurred for the Internal Audit Department in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2014 was approximately RM3.0 million.

STATEMENT ON RISK MANAGEMENT & INTERNAL CONTROL

Other Risks and Control Processes

Apart from risk assessment and internal audit, the Group has in place an organisational structure with defined lines of responsibility, delegation of authority and a process of hierarchical reporting and an Employees Handbook which highlights policies on Group's objectives, terms and conditions of employment, remuneration, training and development, performance review, safety and misconduct across the Group's operations.

The Board is also supported by Board Committees with specific delegated responsibilities. These Committees have the authority to examine all matters within their scope and responsibilities, as provided in the Board Charter, and report to the Board with their recommendations. (For more details on the various Committees, please refer to pages 65 to 74 in this annual report).

The Audit Committee meets with the independent external auditors at least twice a year, without management being present, to discuss their remit and any issues or observations of the independent external auditors, recognising that such issues or observations will generally be limited to risks and controls related to the financial statements.

The Board is provided with financial information on a quarterly basis which includes key performance and risk indicators and amongst others, the monitoring of results against budget.

Assurance to the Board was given by the Group Managing Director, Group Finance Director and Chief Financial Officer that the Group's risk management and internal control system is operating adequately and effectively in all material aspects, based on the risk management model adopted by the Group.

CONCLUSION

Based on the foregoing as well as the inquiries and information provided, the Board is assured that the risk management process, system of internal control and other processes put in place through its Board Committees were operating adequately and effectively in all material aspects to meet the Group's objectives for the year under review and up to the date of approval of this Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control for inclusion in the annual report.

STATEMENT ON RISK MANAGEMENT & INTERNAL CONTROL

REVIEW OF THE STATEMENT BY EXTERNAL AUDITORS

The external auditors have reviewed this Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control pursuant to the scope set out in Recommended Practice Guide ("RPG") 5 (Revised), *Guidance for Auditors on Engagements to Report on the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control included in the Annual Report* issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("MIA") for inclusion in the annual report of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2014, and reported to the Board that nothing has come to their attention that cause them to believe that the Statement intended to be included in the annual report of the Group, in all material respects: has not been prepared in accordance with the disclosures required by paragraphs 41 and 42 of the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control: Guidelines for Directors of Listed Issuers, or is factually inaccurate. The external auditors' report was made solely for, and directed solely to the Board of Directors in connection with their compliance with the listing requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad and for no other purpose or parties. As stated in their report, the external auditors do not assume responsibility to any person other than the Board of Directors in respect of any aspect of this report.

RPG 5 (Revised) does not require the external auditors to consider whether the Directors' Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control covers all risks and controls, or to form an opinion on the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control system including the assessment and opinion by the Board of Directors and management thereon.

BOARD COMMITTEES

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Members of the Audit Committee

| | |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| Dato' Jorgen Bornhoft | <i>(Independent Non-Executive Director) – Chairman</i> |
| Datuk Simon Shim Kong Yip, JP | <i>(Non-Independent Non-Executive Director)</i> |
| Dato' Mohammed Bin Haji Che Hussein | <i>(Independent Non-Executive Director)</i> |
| Mr. Tan Ghee Kiat | <i>(Independent Non-Executive Director)</i> |

Terms of Reference of Audit Committee

Membership

- The committee shall be appointed by the board from amongst the directors of the Company on the recommendation of the nominating committee and shall consist of not less than 3 members. All the audit committee members must be non-executive directors with a majority of them being independent directors.
- A member shall not have any family relationship with any executive director or any related company or relationship which would interfere with his/her independent judgment.
- Independent director shall be one who fulfills the requirement as provided in the Listing Requirements.
- At least one member of the audit committee shall be a member of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants or a person approved under section 15.09(1)(c)(ii) and (iii) of the Listing Requirements.
- No alternate director shall be appointed as a member of the audit committee.
- The chairman of the committee who shall be an independent director shall be elected by the members of the committee.
- In the event the number of audit committee members are less than the required number of 3 due to resignation or for any reason ceases to be a member, the board shall within 3 months appoint new member(s) to fill up the vacancy. All members of audit committee shall hold office until otherwise determined by the board or until they cease to be a director of the Company.

Attendance at Meetings

- The quorum necessary for the transaction of business shall be 2 members.
- The company secretary shall act as the secretary of the committee.

Frequency of Meetings

The audit committee shall meet as often as it requires but at least once for every financial quarter.

BOARD COMMITTEES

During the financial year ended 31 December 2014, 4 meetings were held. The details of directors' attendance at these meetings are as follows:

| Directors | No. of Meetings |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------|
| Dato' Jorgen Bornhoft | 4/4 |
| Datuk Simon Shim Kong Yip, JP | 4/4 |
| Dato' Mohammed Bin Haji Che Hussein | 4/4 |
| Mr. Tan Ghee Kiat | 4/4 |

The details of training programmes attended by the above directors are tabulated on page 52 of the annual report.

Proceedings of Meetings

- In the absence of the chairman, the committee shall appoint one of the independent members present to chair the meeting.
- Questions arising at any meeting where a quorum is present shall be decided by a majority of votes of the members present, each member having 1 vote.

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Scope of Authority

- The chairman of the audit committee may engage on a continuous basis with the senior management such as the chairman of the board, the managing director, the group finance director, chief financial officer, head of internal audit department and the external auditors in order to be kept informed of matters affecting the Company.
- The committee is authorised by the board to investigate any activity within its terms of reference. It is authorised to seek any information it requires from any employee and all employees are required to comply with any request made by the committee.
- The committee is authorised by the board to obtain outside legal or other independent professional advice and to secure the attendance of outsiders with relevant experience and expertise if it considers necessary.
- The terms of reference of the audit committee shall not limit in any way the responsibilities and authorities of the managing director to institute or instruct internal audits and reviews to be undertaken from time to time.
- The chairman of audit committee, upon the request of the external auditor, shall convene a meeting of the committee to consider any matter which the external auditors believe should be brought to the attention of the directors or shareholders.
- The committee may invite other directors, any employee and a representative of the external auditors to attend any particular audit committee meeting, specific to the relevant meeting(s). The group finance director, chief financial officer and the head of internal audit department, upon the invitation by the committee, normally attend the meeting(s).

BOARD COMMITTEES

Primary Responsibilities of the Audit Committee

Assisting the board in the discharge of its statutory duties and responsibilities in the following areas:

- To monitor the integrity of the Group's financial statements, review its annual accounts and quarterly results to be released to the Exchange and any other announcements relating to the Group's financial performance as well as significant financial reporting issues.
- To review the effectiveness of the Group's internal controls and risk management systems and to review and approve the statement to be included in the annual report concerning internal controls and risk management.
- To review and report to the board any related party transaction and conflict of interest situation that may arise within the Group including any transaction, procedure or course of conduct that raises questions of management integrity.
- To monitor and review the effectiveness of the Group's internal audit function in the context of the Group's overall risk management system.
- To approve the appointment and removal of the head of internal audit function.
- To consider and approve the remit of the internal audit function and to ensure it has adequate resources and appropriate access to information to enable it to perform its function effectively and in accordance with the relevant professional standards, particularly to ensure that the internal audit function has adequate standing and is free from management or other restrictions.
- To review and assess the annual internal audit master plan.
- To review promptly all reports on the Group from the internal auditors.
- To review and monitor the management's response to the findings and recommendations of the internal auditors.
- To meet the head of the internal audit whenever deemed necessary, to discuss their remit and any issues arising from the internal audits carried out without the presence of the management. The head of internal audit shall be given the right of direct access to the chairman of the board and to the committee.
- To consider and make recommendations to the board in relation to the appointment, reappointment or removal of the Company's external auditors, so that the same could be put to shareholders for approval at the annual general meeting.
- To oversee the selection process of new auditors and if an auditor resigns, to investigate the issues leading to the resignation.

BOARD COMMITTEES

Primary Responsibilities of the Audit Committee (continued)

- To oversee the relationship with the external auditors including:
 - Approval of their remuneration;
 - Approval of their terms of engagement;
 - Assessing annually their independence and objectivity taking into account the regulatory requirements and the relationship with the auditor as a whole;
 - Formulating a policy governing the provision of non-audit services by the external auditor and regularly monitoring the compliance therewith; and
 - Assessing annually their qualifications, expertise and resources and the effectiveness of the audit process.
- To review with the external auditors, the audit plan, their evaluation of the system of internal controls, the audit report and any issues arising from the audit.
- To meet regularly with the external auditors, at least twice a year, without the presence of the management, to discuss their remit and any issues arising from the audit, including the adequacy of the assistance given by the employees of the Company to the external auditors.
- To review the quarterly and year end financial statements before tabling to the board focusing particularly on:
 - any changes in accounting policies and practices;
 - significant adjustments arising from the audit and other unusual events (if any);
 - compliance with accounting standards, relevant legislative framework and other legal requirements; and
 - compliance with the Listing Requirements and all other applicable rules and regulations.

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Review of the Audit Committee

The term of office and performance of the committee and each member shall be reviewed by the board at least once every 3 years to determine whether the audit committee and its members have carried out their duties effectively in accordance with their terms of reference.

Annually, the nominating committee will evaluate performance of the board committees collectively as well as performance of members individually.

Reporting Procedures

The chairman of the committee will brief the board on the various deliberations and/or issues of concern raised during the course of meeting together with a list of recommendations and/or other matters for the deliberation of the board.

The company secretary shall circulate the minutes of meetings of the committee to all members of the board.

Reporting of Breaches to the Exchange

The audit committee is to report promptly to the Exchange on any matter reported to the board which has not been satisfactorily resolved resulting in a breach of the Listing Requirements.

BOARD COMMITTEES

Summary of Audit Committee Activities during the financial year ended 31 December 2014

The activities of the audit committee during the financial year ended 31 December 2014 are summarised below:

- Reviewed internal audit plan for the financial year which includes review of operational compliance with established control procedures, management efficiency, risk assessment and reliability of financial records.
- Received and reviewed a total of 23 internal audit reports covering the processes of the Group's business units and is satisfied with the recommendations and actions by the management in addressing the issues highlighted.
- Reviewed annual audit plans of the Group and Company with the external auditors and recommendation of their audit fees to the board.
- Discussed the annual audited financial statements of the Group with the external auditors and noted the salient features and key findings from the external auditors.
- Reviewed the annual audited financial statements and recommended to the board for approval.
- The audit committee held 2 separate independent meetings with the external auditors in the absence of the executive board members and management representatives during which the external auditors informed that they had received full co-operation from the management as well as unrestricted access to all information required for purpose of their audit and there were no special audit concerns to be highlighted to the audit committee.
- Reviewed the suitability and independence of external auditors and have received written assurance from external auditors confirming that they are, and have been, independent throughout the conduct of the audit engagement in accordance with the terms of all relevant professional and regulatory requirements.
- Reviewed the Group's quarterly report prepared in compliance with Financial Reporting Standard (FRS) 134 "Interim Financial Reporting" and chapter 9 of the Listing Requirements prior to submission to the board for consideration and approval where the chairman of the audit committee will brief the board on the pertinent points and the recommendations of the audit committee.
- Reviewed and considered the disclosure of related party transactions in the financial statements and the recurrent related party transactions circular to shareholders.
- Received and reviewed the comprehensive risk management report from the group risk management committee and is satisfied with the assessment therein.
- Reviewed and recommended to the board the statement on risk management and internal control for approval and inclusion in the annual report.

BOARD COMMITTEES

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The remuneration committee was set up on 27 March 2001 and presently its members are as follows:

| | |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Dato' Jorgen Bornhoft | <i>(Independent Non-Executive Director) – Chairman</i> |
| Datuk Edward Lee Ming Foo, JP | <i>(Executive Director)</i> |
| Datuk Simon Shim Kong Yip, JP | <i>(Non-Independent Non-Executive Director)</i> |

Terms of Reference of Remuneration Committee

Membership

The committee shall be appointed by the board from amongst the directors of the Company upon the recommendation of the nominating committee and shall consist of not less than 3 directors, a majority of whom must be non-executive.

Frequency of Meetings

The remuneration committee shall meet as often as it requires but at least once per financial year.

Attendance at Meetings

The quorum necessary for the transaction of business shall be 2 members and decisions are by majority votes.

Proceeding of Meetings

- The chairman of the committee may invite personnel such as the chief executives of the business divisions, the head of the human resource department as and when appropriate and necessary.
- In the absence of the chairman, the remuneration committee shall appoint one of the non-executive members present to chair the meeting.
- Questions arising at any meeting where a quorum is present shall be decided by a majority of votes of the members present, each member having 1 vote.

Reporting Procedure

The company secretary shall circulate the minutes of meetings of the remuneration committee to all members of the board.

Scope of Authority

The remuneration committee does not have the delegated authority from the board to implement its recommendations but is obliged to report its recommendations to the full board for its consideration and implementation.

**BOARD
COMMITTEES****Interest of Remuneration Committee Members**

Members of the remuneration committee shall not participate or be involved in the deliberations or discussions of their own remuneration.

The remuneration of the non-executive directors shall be a matter for the executive members of the board.

Primary Responsibilities of Remuneration Committee

- To determine and agree with the board the broad policy for the remuneration of the executive directors of the Company, after taking into account all relevant factors to ensure that the executive directors are adequately incentivized and remunerated to encourage enhanced performance.
- To constantly review the ongoing appropriateness and relevance of the remuneration policy.
- Within the terms of the agreed policy and in consultation with the chairman, to determine the total individual remuneration package of each executive director including bonuses and yearly increment.

Summary of Activities

- To review and note the remuneration policy of the Group together with the industry forecast for 2014/2015 for the average salary increment; and
- To recommend to the board, the proposed bonus of the executive directors for the financial year ended 31 December 2014 and their respective proposed increments for the financial year commencing from 1 January 2015.
- To note the key performance indicators of the Groups' business divisions for the financial year ending 31 December 2015.

BOARD COMMITTEES

NOMINATING COMMITTEE

The nominating committee was set up on 27 March 2001 and presently its members are as follows:

| | |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| Dato' Jorgen Bornhoft | <i>(Independent Non-Executive Director) – Chairman</i> |
| Datuk Simon Shim Kong Yip, JP | <i>(Non-Independent Non-Executive Director)</i> |
| Dato' Mohammed Bin Haji Che Hussein | <i>(Independent Non-Executive Director)</i> |

Terms of Reference of Nominating Committee

Membership

- The committee shall be appointed by the board from amongst the directors of the Company of not less than 3 non-executive directors, a majority of whom are independent.
- The chairman of the committee is also the senior independent director of the Company.

Frequency of Meetings

The nominating committee shall meet as often as it requires but at least once per financial year.

Attendance at Meetings

The quorum necessary for the transaction of business shall be 2 members and decisions are by majority votes.

Proceeding of Meetings

- The committee shall have access to sufficient resources to facilitate the carrying out of its duties, including obtaining, at the Company's expense, outside legal or other professional advice on any matters within its term of reference.
- In the absence of the chairman, the nominating committee shall appoint one of the independent non-executive members present to chair the meeting.
- Questions arising at any meeting where a quorum is present shall be decided by a majority of votes of the members present, each member having 1 vote.

Reporting Procedure

The company secretary shall circulate the minutes of meetings of the nominating committee to all members of the board.

Scope of Authority

The nominating committee does not have the delegated authority from the board to implement its recommendations but is obliged to report its recommendations to the full board for its consideration and implementation. The actual decision as to who shall be appointed is the responsibility of the full board after considering the recommendations of the committee.

BOARD COMMITTEES

Primary Responsibilities of Nominating Committee

- To consider and recommend candidates onto the board and board committees and guided by the selection criteria which include, amongst others, integrity and professionalism, expertise and experience, independence and objectivity, personal attributes, dedication and commitment and board diversity. Details of the selection criteria are set out in the Board Charter.
- To annually evaluate performance of the board and board committees collectively as well as performance of members individually.
- To facilitate board induction and training programmes.
- Assessing directors' training needs periodically and devising relevant professional development programmes based on such assessment for recommendation to the board.
- To develop a proper succession plan for the board so as to ensure a smooth transition when directors leave the board, and that positions are filled and skill gaps addressed.
- To monitor and recommend the functions to be undertaken by the various board committees.
- To review and reassess the adequacy of the Board Charter and Code of Conduct annually.
- To evaluate the independence of each independent director on a yearly basis. In this regard, the committee is guided by the criteria as set out in the Board Charter.
- To recommend directors for reappointment or re-election subject to satisfactory outcome of the evaluation of their performance.

BOARD COMMITTEES

Summary of Activities

- Reviewed the current size and composition of the audit committee and was of the view that the members were aptly qualified to discharge their respective duties and responsibilities after taking into account their professional qualifications and experiences.
- Reviewed the current size and composition of the remuneration committee and was satisfied that the remuneration committee was effective in the discharge of its function.
- Evaluated the performance of each board and board committees collectively as well as the performance of members individually and was satisfied that all members of the board are suitably qualified to hold their positions as directors in view of their respective academic and professional qualifications, competencies, experiences, commitment and contribution to the board.
- Reviewed and assessed the adequacy of the Board Charter and the Code of Conduct adopted by the board.
- Reviewed that all directors of the Company had received appropriate continuous training programmes in order to keep abreast with developments in the relevant industry to enhance their skills in a dynamic and complex business environment and with changes in the relevant statutory and regulatory requirements.
- Evaluated the independence of each independent director taking into account both the quantitative and qualitative criterion. In addition, all the independent directors at the date of this annual report have served in the board with a tenure less than the term of 9 years except for Dato' Jorgen Bornhoft.
- Evaluated that Dato' Jorgen Bornhoft is capable of acting objectively in the best interests of the Company, and has demonstrably proven to be in compliance with all the requirements to be independent in accordance with the Listing Requirements despite having served as an independent director for more than 9 years.
- Evaluated the performance of the following non-executive directors and executive director standing for reappointment and/or re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting:
 - (i) Dato' Jorgen Bornhoft on his reappointment pursuant to section 129(6) of the Companies Act, 1965;
 - (ii) Lt. Gen. (R) Datuk Abdul Aziz Bin Hasan on his re-election pursuant to article 97 of the Company's articles of association;
 - (iii) Dato' Mohammed Bin Haji Che Hussein on his re-election pursuant to article 97 of the Company's articles of association;
 - (iv) Ms. Cheah Yee Leng on her re-election pursuant to article 103 of the Company's articles of association; and
 - (v) Mr. Ch'ng Kok Phan on his re-election pursuant to article 103 of the Company's articles of association.
- Recommended the appointment of Ms. Cheah Yee Leng as an executive director and Mr. Ch'ng Kok Phan as a non-independent non-executive director of the Company on 1 June 2014.

**SUSTAINABLE
FUTURE**



ENVIRONMENT



COMMUNITY



WORKPLACE



CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY



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Hap Seng Consolidated Berhad (Hap Seng Group) CSR approach is for the business units to learn and replicate good shared value practices from each other. The Group is vigilant to ensure that we run our business ethically in an environmentally and socially responsible manner.

Our listed subsidiary, Hap Seng Plantations Holdings Berhad, has embarked on its inaugural Global Reporting Initiative (GRI) 4-based sustainability report which is scheduled to be published by the third quarter of 2015.



ENVIRONMENT

Hap Seng Group recognises the importance of long-term sustainability and has since formulated conscientious policies and programmes that focus on balancing our social-economic achievements with our environmental concerns.

The key principle behind these policies and programmes is to seek a balance to the preservation of our environment while creating value for our stakeholders – a win-win situation.

**CORPORATE
SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY**

Global Sustainable Accreditation for Hap Seng Plantations

Our plantation division has always been geared towards sustainable practices. This is evidenced by our long-standing implementation of good agricultural practices, including a strict zero-burning policy for new plantings and replanting as well as addressing concerns over climate change and carbon emission.

In the past ten years, sustainability has become an organisational priority and we have gradually realigned our sustainability strategy towards the guidelines set out in the Roundtable on Sustainable Palm Oil (RSPO). By end of 2015, all our mills are expected to be RSPO certified.



Hap Seng Plantations has also embarked on obtaining the EU’s International Sustainability & Carbon Certification (ISCC) in 2014. Bukit Mas Palm Oil Mill and its supplying estates were the first of our palm oil mills to obtain ISCC EU certification in January 2015.

ISCC is a leading scheme for sustainability and Green House Gas (GHG) emissions audit and demonstrate compliance with EU Renewable Energy Directive (RED) requirement.

With the ISCC and RSPO, we will be able to meet sustainability requirements in the bio-energy markets and demonstrate the sustainability and traceability of raw materials for food, feed and chemical industry.

Hap Seng Land’s Green Developments

Our property developments in the Klang Valley are based on the Kuala Lumpur City Structure Plan 2020, aimed at transforming Kuala Lumpur into a green city by 2020. All our new developments in the Klang valley comply with Malaysia’s Green Building Index (GBI).

| Project | Location | Sustainability status | Completion timeline |
|--------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| Menara Hap Seng 2 | Jalan P. Ramlee | GBI certification | 2014 |
| The Horizon Residence | Jalan Tun Razak | GBI certification | In progress |
| Nadi Bangsar Service Residence | Jalan Tanduk | GBI certification | In progress |

 **COMMUNITY**

Hap Seng Group believes that businesses that take an active interest in the well being of its stakeholders can generate their support, loyalty and good will. As such, we have developed programmes and activities that have enabled us to constantly engage with our stakeholders to develop and maintain strong and mutually beneficial relationships.

Volunteerism – the making of caring employees

This year, our community-based CSR programmes and activities focused on inculcating the spirit of volunteerism within our employees by encouraging them to volunteer their ‘Time or Talent or Treasure’ (Money) – 3Ts of volunteerism.

The seeding of volunteerism created an opportunity for our employees to start actively participating in community welfare. This is one of the activities towards building a culture of helping and forging a stronger bond with our communities in areas we live and operate.

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

Hap Seng Group with “Stop Hunger Now”

Led by James Lee, our Group Finance Director and Puan Sri Maimon Arif Patail, our CSR Director, Hap Seng Group’s volunteers contributed to one of the largest charity meal-packing events in the history of Rotary Club in Malaysia – a massive 240,000 meals within six hours.

Out of the total 600 volunteers, 147 volunteers were from Hap Seng Group who came together at Sunway Pyramid Shopping Mall on 28 June 2014 to pack dry meals for distribution to homes and orphanages.

In total, Hap Seng group’s volunteers packed a total of 58,800 meals for the day, with each individual bag serving up to six people.



Philanthropy

Hap Seng Group Helps Raise Fund for Charity

During the year, Hap Seng Group initiated a CSR campaign “Help Raise Fund – Donate your preloved items” to encourage teamwork and volunteerism among its employees.

The campaign commenced on 10 November 2014 until 10 December 2014, with specially designed donation boxes placed at Menara Hap Seng, Balakong Autohaus, Kinrara Autohaus and Malaysian Mosaic Sdn Bhd (MMSB) office in Petaling Jaya.

With the help from fellow volunteers, 40 boxes of items, comprising books, toys and clothings were delivered to Islamic Malaysia Charity Shoppe (IRM) and Salvation Army on 20 December 2014.



At the Hap Seng Building Materials Holdings Sdn Bhd’s annual Hap Seng Golf & Charity Dinner, the business division raised RM520,000. The 2014 event was held at Kuala Lumpur Golf & Country Club (KLGCC) on 14 March 2014.

This event forms one of the main philanthropic events held in our effort to help charities in Malaysia. The proceeds from the event were channelled to 17 selected charity organisations throughout Malaysia. The charities were Crisis Care Home, FMDM Educare Centre, Malaysian Association Of Guardians For The Intellectually

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY



Challenged, Rumah Ozanam Klang, Breast Cancer Welfare Association Malaysia, Rumah Kanak-Kanak Angels Kuala Lumpur, Pertubuhan Kebajikan Ann's Cottage, Pertubuhan Wanita Dan Kesihatan Kuala Lumpur, Praise Emmanuel Children's Home, Pusat Kanak-Kanak Terencat Akal Bahagia, Reach Out Charitable Society, Klinik Puchong Indah Seroja, Rumah Kanak-Kanak Impian, Persatuan Rumah Kebajikan Warga Tua Rita, Touch Learning Centre, Persatuan H.O.PE Luyang and Persatuan H.O.PE Keningau.

The Group participated to the tune of RM30 million to a Community Chest programme that funds educational activities in Malaysia.

WORKPLACE

Hap Seng Group recognises its talent and diverse workforce as a key competitive advantage. Our business success is a reflection of the quality and skill of our people. It is committed to seeking out and retaining the finest human talent to ensure top business growth and performance.

Diversity management benefits individuals, teams, our company as a whole, and our customers. We recognise that each employee brings their own unique capabilities and experiences to their work. We value such diversity at all levels of the company in all that we do.

SAFETY AND HEALTH FOCUS FOR 2014

In our passion for positive change, the focus for Hap Seng Group's drive under the Workplace CSR initiative in 2014 was aimed at developing a safe and healthy culture in the workplace. This beneficial and forward looking programme would inevitably resulted in the promotion and uplifting of safety and health matters in the workplace.

The inaugural Group Safety and Health officers (SHO) Conference was organised in October 2014. Participants comprising Safety and Health Officers from Hap Seng Group were exposed to the Best Practices in Management system, in Occupational Safety and Health (MSOSH), as well as a site visit to SIRIM. This was followed by the establishment of the Menara Hap Seng Health and Safety Committee in November 2014.

A series of safety awareness trainings involving external trainers were also organised by both Hap Seng Plantations and Hap Seng Building Materials in Lahad Datu and Kota Kinabalu.



CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY



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Hap Seng Group's Health Awareness Drive Attract more than 1,000 visitors

Integral to the safety and health theme under the Workplace CSR initiative for 2014, Hap Seng Group also conducted a health awareness programme which was held from 9 – 13 June 2014. The event attracted more than 1,000 participants to the various health awareness activities.

Held at Menara Hap Seng, the focus of the event was to bring health awareness to Hap Seng Group's staff, tenants in Menara Hap Seng as well as visitors frequenting Menara hap Seng.

The activities included free health screening provided by Usana Health Science (Liver, Lung, Cardiovascular, and Body toxin & bone density), Institut Jantung Negara (Blood pressure, blood glucose & cholesterol), Jatomi (BMI for fitness) and Skin Club (skin analysis).

Five health talks were conducted including traditional alternative medicine. Other activities included a counter for the sales of healthy organic products as well as membership to a health club.

Awareness is critical as it provides a positive influence to the audience by educating them on the importance of maintaining good health. Topping the health week was the blood donation drive held on the last two days of the Health week.



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DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors have pleasure in presenting their report together with the audited financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the financial year ended 31 December 2014.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company is an investment holding company.

The principal activities of the subsidiaries and associates are disclosed in Notes 7 and 8 to the financial statements, respectively. There have been no significant changes in the nature of these activities during the financial year.

RESULTS

The results of the Group and of the Company for the financial year ended 31 December 2014 are as follows:

| | Group RM'000 | Company RM'000 |
|----------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|
| Profit before tax | 1,024,625 | 331,591 |
| Tax expense | (208,299) | (7,156) |
| Profit for the year | 816,326 | 324,435 |
| Attributable to: | | |
| Owners of the Company | 753,467 | 324,435 |
| Non-controlling interests | 62,859 | - |
| Profit for the year | 816,326 | 324,435 |

In the opinion of the directors, the results of the operations of the Group and of the Company during the financial year were not substantially affected by any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature.

**DIRECTORS'
REPORT**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

RESERVES AND PROVISIONS

There were no material transfers to or from reserves or provisions during the financial year other than as disclosed in the financial statements.

ISSUE OF SHARES

There were no changes in the authorised, issued and paid-up share capital of the Company except for the issuance of shares pursuant to the exercise of warrants as disclosed below.

WARRANTS

The warrants are constituted by the deed poll dated 6 July 2011 ["Deed Poll"].

On 15 August 2011, the 364,392,900 warrants issued free by the Company pursuant to the Rights Issue with Warrants Exercise on the basis of one (1) warrant for every one (1) rights share subscribed were listed and quoted on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ["Bursa Securities"].

Salient features of the warrants are as follows:

- (a) Each warrant entitles the registered holder thereof ["Warrantholder(s)"] to subscribe for one (1) new ordinary share of RM1.00 in the Company at the exercise price of RM1.65 during the 5-year period expiring on 9 August 2016 ["Exercise Period"], subject to the adjustments as set out in the Deed Poll;
- (b) At the expiry of the Exercise Period, warrants which have not been exercised shall automatically lapse and cease to be valid for any purpose;
- (c) Warrantholders must exercise the warrants in accordance with the procedures set out in the Deed Poll and shares allotted and issued upon such exercise shall rank pari passu in all respects with the then existing shares of the Company, and shall be entitled for any dividends, rights, allotments and/or other distributions after the issue and allotment thereof;

DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

WARRANTS (CONTINUED)

- (d) For purpose of trading on Bursa Securities, a board lot for the warrants shall be one hundred (100) or such other number of units as may be prescribed by Bursa Securities from time to time and the trading thereof shall be governed by the provisions of the Securities Industry (Central Depositories) Act, 1991 (including any amendment or re-enactment thereof) and the rules of the Bursa Malaysia Depository Sdn Bhd; and
- (e) The Deed Poll and accordingly the warrants, are governed by and shall be construed in accordance with the laws of Malaysia.

Movement in the warrants is as follows:

| | Number of warrants |
|--|---------------------------|
| As of 1 January 2014 | 345,041,380 |
| Exercised during the year | (81,070,561) |
| As of 31 December 2014 | 263,970,819 |
| Exercised subsequent to 31 December 2014 | (8,640,735) |
| As of 16 April 2015 | 255,330,084 |

During the financial year, a total of 81,070,561 warrants were exercised and the issued and paid-up share capital of the Company increased to RM2,226,779,481 comprising 2,226,779,481 ordinary shares of RM1.00 each. As of 31 December 2014, 263,970,819 warrants remained unexercised.

Subsequent to the end of the financial year and up to the date of this report, 8,640,735 warrants were exercised which resulted in 8,640,735 ordinary shares of RM1.00 each being allotted and issued and thereafter listed on the Bursa Securities. Consequently, the issued and paid-up share capital of the Company increased to RM2,235,420,216 comprising 2,235,420,216 ordinary shares of RM1.00 each. As of 16 April 2015, 255,330,084 warrants remained unexercised.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

TREASURY SHARES

During the extraordinary general meeting of the Company held on 28 May 2014, shareholders of the Company renewed the then existing authorisation to the Company to repurchase its own shares. During the financial year, the Company repurchased 80,300,100 shares at the cost of RM283,756,178. All repurchases of shares were financed by the Company's internally generated funds.

During the financial year, 60,000,000 treasury shares at the cost of RM115,236,000 were cancelled and 135,148,800 treasury shares were resold at average net resale price of RM3.64 per share including transaction costs. Total net consideration received from the resale was RM492,369,195.

At 31 December 2014, the Company held 89,182,400 treasury shares.

Movement in the treasury shares is as follows:

| | Number of shares | Amount RM | Average cost per share RM |
|-----------------------------|---------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|
| As of 1 January 2014 | 204,031,100 | 378,735,474 | 1.86 |
| Repurchased during the year | 80,300,100 | 283,756,178 | 3.53 |
| Cancelled during the year | (60,000,000) | (115,236,000) | 1.92 |
| Resold during the year | (135,148,800) | (299,449,196) | 2.22 |
| As of 31 December 2014 | 89,182,400 | 247,806,456 | 2.78 |

The directors of the Company are committed to enhancing the value of the Company for its shareholders and shall undertake the shares repurchase in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders.

SIGNIFICANT EVENTS DURING THE YEAR

Significant events are disclosed in Note 39 to the financial statements.

SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events other than those detailed in the directors' report are disclosed in Note 40 to the financial statements.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

MATERIAL LITIGATIONS

Details of material litigations are disclosed in Note 34 to the financial statements.

DIVIDENDS

During the financial year, the following dividends were declared by the Company:

| | RM'000 |
|--|----------------|
| In respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2014: | |
| - First interim dividend of 10.0 sen per share under the single tier system approved by the Board of Directors on 28 May 2014 and paid on 22 July 2014 | 199,984 |
| - Second interim dividend of 15.0 sen per share under the single tier system approved by the Board of Directors on 26 November 2014 and paid on 23 December 2014 | 323,600 |
| | <u>523,584</u> |

The Board of Directors did not recommend any final dividend to be paid for the financial year ended 31 December 2014.

No dividend is payable for treasury shares held or cancelled.

DIRECTORS

The names of the directors of the Company in office since the date of the last report and at the date of this report are:

Dato' Jorgen Bornhoft

Datuk Edward Lee Ming Foo, JP

Lee Wee Yong

Datuk Simon Shim Kong Yip, JP

Lt. Gen. (R) Datuk Abdul Aziz Bin Hasan

Dato' Mohammed Bin Haji Che Hussein

Tan Ghee Kiat

Cheah Yee Leng

Ch'ng Kok Phan

(appointed on 1 June 2014)

(appointed on 1 June 2014)

DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS

According to the register of directors' shareholdings, the interests of directors in office at the end of the financial year in shares and warrants in the Company and its related corporations during the financial year were as follows:

| Name of director | Number of ordinary shares of RM1.00 each | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--|---------------------|-----------|---------------------|
| | As at 1.1.2014/ date of appointment | Acquired | Sold | As at 31.12.2014 |
| Hap Seng Consolidated Berhad | | | | |
| Dato' Jorgen Bornhoft | 130,000 | - | - | 130,000 |
| Dato' Mohammed Bin Haji Che Hussein | 288,000 | [^] 48,000 | (200,000) | 136,000 |

Hap Seng Plantations Holdings Berhad, a listed subsidiary

| | | | | |
|---|---------|-------|---|---------|
| Dato' Jorgen Bornhoft | 10,000 | - | - | 10,000 |
| Datuk Simon Shim Kong Yip, JP | 180,000 | - | - | 180,000 |
| Lt. Gen. (R) Datuk Abdul Aziz Bin Hasan | 5,000 | - | - | 5,000 |
| Cheah Yee Leng | - | 5,000 | - | 5,000 |

| Name of director | As at 1.1.2014 | Number of warrants | | As at 31.12.2014 |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|-----------|---------------------|
| | | Acquired | Exercised | |
| Hap Seng Consolidated Berhad | | | | |
| Dato' Mohammed Bin Haji Che Hussein | 48,000 | - | (48,000) | - |

[^] Conversion of warrants to ordinary shares

None of the other directors in office at the end of the financial year had any interest in shares and warrants in the Company or its related corporations during the financial year.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

DIRECTORS' BENEFITS

Neither at the end of the financial year, nor at any time during that year, did there subsist any arrangement to which the Company was a party, whereby the directors might acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate, other than those arising from the conversion of warrants in the Company by a director.

Since the end of the previous financial year, no director has received or become entitled to receive a benefit (other than benefits included in the aggregate amount of emoluments received or due and receivable by the directors as disclosed in Note 25 to the financial statements) by reason of a contract made by the Company or a related corporation with any director or with a firm of which the director is a member or with a company in which the director has a substantial financial interest, other than as disclosed in Note 38 to the financial statements.

HOLDING COMPANY

The immediate and ultimate holding company is Gek Poh (Holdings) Sdn Bhd, a company incorporated in Malaysia.

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OTHER STATUTORY INFORMATION

- (a) Before the financial statements of the Group and of the Company were made out, the directors took reasonable steps:
 - (i) to ascertain that proper action had been taken in relation to the writing off of bad debts and the making of provision for doubtful debts and satisfied themselves that all known bad debts had been written off and that adequate provision for doubtful debts had been made for trade and other receivables; and
 - (ii) to ensure that any current assets which were unlikely to realise their values as shown in the accounting records in the ordinary course of business had been written down to an amount which they might be expected so to realise.
- (b) At the date of this report, the directors are not aware of any circumstances which would render:
 - (i) the amount written off for bad debts or the amount of the provision for doubtful debts in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company inadequate to any substantial extent; and
 - (ii) the values attributed to the current assets in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company misleading.

**DIRECTORS'
REPORT**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

OTHER STATUTORY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

- (c) At the date of this report, the directors are not aware of any circumstances which have arisen which would render adherence to the existing method of valuation of assets or liabilities of the Group and of the Company misleading or inappropriate.
- (d) At the date of this report, the directors are not aware of any circumstances not otherwise dealt with in this report or financial statements of the Group and of the Company which would render any amount stated in the financial statements misleading.
- (e) At the date of this report, there does not exist:
 - (i) any charge on the assets of the Group or of the Company which has arisen since the end of the financial year which secures the liabilities of any other person; or
 - (ii) any contingent liability in respect of the Group or of the Company which has arisen since the end of the financial year.
- (f) In the opinion of the directors:
 - (i) no contingent liability or other liability has become enforceable or is likely to become enforceable within the period of twelve months after the end of the financial year which will or may affect the ability of the Group or of the Company to meet their obligations when they fall due; and
 - (ii) no item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature has arisen in the interval between the end of the financial year and the date of this report which is likely to affect substantially the results of the operations of the Group or of the Company for the financial year in which this report is made.

AUDITORS

The auditors, Ernst & Young, have expressed their willingness to continue in office.

Signed on behalf of the Board in accordance with a resolution of the directors dated 16 April 2015.

DATO' JORGEN BORNHOFT**DATUK EDWARD LEE MING FOO, JP**

STATEMENT BY DIRECTORS

PURSUANT TO SECTION 169(15) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 1965

We, **DATO' JORGEN BORNHOFT** and **DATUK EDWARD LEE MING FOO, JP**, being two of the directors of **HAP SENG CONSOLIDATED BERHAD**, do hereby state that, in the opinion of the directors, the accompanying financial statements set out on pages 94 to 215 are drawn up in accordance with Financial Reporting Standards and the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at 31 December 2014 and of their financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended.

The information set out in Note 42 to the financial statements on page 216 have been prepared in accordance with the Guidance on Special Matter No. 1, Determination of Realised and Unrealised Profits or Losses in the Context of Disclosure Pursuant to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Listing Requirements, as issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants and the directive of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

Signed on behalf of the Board in accordance with a resolution of the directors dated 16 April 2015.

DATO' JORGEN BORNHOFT

DATUK EDWARD LEE MING FOO, JP

STATUTORY DECLARATION

PURSUANT TO SECTION 169(16) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 1965

I, **LEE WEE YONG**, being the director primarily responsible for the financial management of **HAP SENG CONSOLIDATED BERHAD**, do solemnly and sincerely declare that the accompanying financial statements set out on pages 94 to 216 are in my opinion correct, and I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true and by virtue of the provisions of the Statutory Declarations Act, 1960.

Subscribed and solemnly declared by the
abovementioned **LEE WEE YONG**
at Kuala Lumpur in the Federal Territory
on 16 April 2015

LEE WEE YONG

Before me:

Kapt. (B) Jasni Bin Yusoff
(No. W465)
Commissioner for Oaths

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF HAP SENG CONSOLIDATED BERHAD
(INCORPORATE IN MALAYSIA)

Report on the financial statements

We have audited the financial statements of Hap Seng Consolidated Berhad, which comprise the statements of financial position as at 31 December 2014 of the Group and of the Company, and the statements of profit or loss, statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statements of changes in equity and statements of cash flows of the Group and of the Company for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes, as set out on pages 94 to 215.

Directors' responsibility for the financial statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Financial Reporting Standards and the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia, and for such internal controls as the directors determine are necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on our judgement, including the assessment of risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal controls relevant to the entity's preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal controls. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at 31 December 2014 and of their financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF HAP SENG CONSOLIDATED BERHAD

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

In accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act, 1965 ("Act") in Malaysia, we also report the following:

- (a) In our opinion, the accounting and other records and the registers required by the Act to be kept by the Company and its subsidiaries of which we have acted as auditors have been properly kept in accordance with the provisions of the Act.
- (b) We have considered the financial statements and the auditors' reports of all the subsidiaries of which we have not acted as auditors, which are indicated in Note 7 to the financial statements, being financial statements that have been included in the consolidated financial statements.
- (c) We are satisfied that the financial statements of the subsidiaries that have been consolidated with the financial statements of the Company are in form and content appropriate and proper for the purposes of the preparation of the consolidated financial statements and we have received satisfactory information and explanations required by us for those purposes.
- (d) The auditors' reports on the financial statements of the subsidiaries were not subject to any qualification material to the consolidated financial statements and did not include any comment required to be made under Section 174(3) of the Act.

Other reporting responsibilities

The supplementary information set out in Note 42 to the financial statements on page 216 is disclosed to meet the requirement of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. The directors are responsible for the preparation of the supplementary information in accordance with Guidance on Special Matter No. 1, Determination of Realised and Unrealised Profits or Losses in the Context of Disclosure Pursuant to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Listing Requirements, as issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("MIA Guidance") and the directive of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. In our opinion, the supplementary information is prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the MIA Guidance and the directive of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

Other matters

This report is made solely to the members of the Company, as a body, in accordance with Section 174 of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report

Ernst & Young
AF: 0039
Chartered Accountants

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia
16 April 2015

H'ng Boon Keng
No. 3112/08/16(J)
Chartered Accountant

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2014

| | Note | Group | | Company | |
|------------------------------------|------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Non-current assets | | | | | |
| Property, plant and equipment | 4 | 1,071,865 | 1,047,228 | 1,391 | 2,052 |
| Biological assets | 5 | 441,031 | 436,030 | - | - |
| Investment properties | 6 | 1,011,578 | 712,076 | - | - |
| Investment in subsidiaries | 7 | - | - | 2,121,143 | 2,056,205 |
| Investment in associates | 8 | 381,597 | 376,252 | 73,930 | 78,667 |
| Land held for property development | 9 | 368,200 | 358,301 | - | - |
| Goodwill | 10 | 36,736 | 36,736 | - | - |
| Trade and other receivables | 11 | 1,111,992 | 1,021,468 | - | - |
| Other non-current financial assets | 12 | 46,802 | 41,434 | - | - |
| Deferred tax assets | 19 | 12,594 | 13,010 | - | - |
| | | 4,482,395 | 4,042,535 | 2,196,464 | 2,136,924 |
| Current assets | | | | | |
| Inventories | 13 | 533,890 | 487,223 | - | - |
| Property development costs | 14 | 658,616 | 614,148 | - | - |
| Trade and other receivables | 11 | 1,527,807 | 1,307,391 | 802,885 | 722,482 |
| Tax recoverable | | 17,224 | 24,142 | - | - |
| Other current financial assets | 12 | 64,878 | 10 | - | - |
| Money market deposits | | 183,690 | 50,196 | 72,456 | 50,196 |
| Cash and bank balances | 15 | 317,068 | 582,464 | 60,854 | 238,622 |
| | | 3,303,173 | 3,065,574 | 936,195 | 1,011,300 |
| Total assets | | 7,785,568 | 7,108,109 | 3,132,659 | 3,148,224 |

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

**STATEMENTS OF
FINANCIAL POSITION**
AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2014

| | Note | Group | | Company | |
|---|------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Equity attributable to owners of the Company | | | | | |
| Share capital | 20 | 2,226,779 | 2,205,709 | 2,226,779 | 2,205,709 |
| Reserves | 21 | 1,972,802 | 1,526,900 | 1,147,294 | 1,156,062 |
| | | 4,199,581 | 3,732,609 | 3,374,073 | 3,361,771 |
| Less: Treasury shares | 20 | (247,806) | (378,735) | (247,806) | (378,735) |
| | | 3,951,775 | 3,353,874 | 3,126,267 | 2,983,036 |
| Non-controlling interests | | 433,867 | 414,913 | - | - |
| Total equity | | 4,385,642 | 3,768,787 | 3,126,267 | 2,983,036 |
| Non-current liabilities | | | | | |
| Borrowings | 18 | 735,070 | 942,177 | - | - |
| Deferred tax liabilities | 19 | 183,235 | 176,391 | 23 | 13 |
| Other payables | 16 | 5,249 | 6,014 | - | - |
| | | 923,554 | 1,124,582 | 23 | 13 |
| Current liabilities | | | | | |
| Trade and other payables | 16 | 526,624 | 441,006 | 4,511 | 3,891 |
| Provisions | 17 | 2,955 | 5,441 | - | - |
| Tax payable | | 62,991 | 51,446 | 1,858 | 850 |
| Borrowings | 18 | 1,883,802 | 1,556,396 | - | - |
| Other current financial liabilities | 12 | - | 17 | - | - |
| Dividend payable | | - | 160,434 | - | 160,434 |
| | | 2,476,372 | 2,214,740 | 6,369 | 165,175 |
| Total liabilities | | 3,399,926 | 3,339,322 | 6,392 | 165,188 |
| Total equity and liabilities | | 7,785,568 | 7,108,109 | 3,132,659 | 3,148,224 |

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

| | Note | Group | | Company | |
|---------------------------------|------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Revenue | 22 | 3,768,049 | 3,486,747 | 403,113 | 291,983 |
| Cost of sales | 22 | (2,682,148) | (2,770,894) | - | - |
| Gross profit | | 1,085,901 | 715,853 | 403,113 | 291,983 |
| Other operating income | | 323,511 | 65,755 | 32,230 | 29,933 |
| Distribution costs | | (100,157) | (96,684) | - | - |
| Administrative expenses | | (198,891) | (198,640) | (16,696) | (19,055) |
| Other operating expenses | | (20,217) | (39,461) | (661) | (694) |
| Operating profit | 23 | 1,090,147 | 446,823 | 417,986 | 302,167 |
| Finance costs | 26 | (79,958) | (74,564) | - | - |
| Other non-operating items | 27 | - | 415,508 | (86,395) | 153,500 |
| Share of results of associates | | 14,436 | 13,814 | - | - |
| Profit before tax | | 1,024,625 | 801,581 | 331,591 | 455,667 |
| Tax expense | 28 | (208,299) | (165,739) | (7,156) | (6,743) |
| Profit for the year | | 816,326 | 635,842 | 324,435 | 448,924 |
| Profit attributable to: | | | | | |
| Owners of the Company | | 753,467 | 588,257 | 324,435 | 448,924 |
| Non-controlling interests | | 62,859 | 47,585 | - | - |
| | | 816,326 | 635,842 | 324,435 | 448,924 |
| Earnings per share (sen) | | | | | |
| Basic | 29 | 36.67 | 28.70 | | |
| Diluted | 29 | 34.30 | 27.84 | | |

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

| | Group | | Company | |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Profit for the year | 816,326 | 635,842 | 324,435 | 448,924 |
| Other comprehensive income/(expense), net of tax: | | | | |
| <i>Items that will be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss</i> | | | | |
| Foreign currency translation differences for foreign operations | 5,388 | (2,575) | - | - |
| Share of foreign currency translation differences of associates | 3,077 | (266) | - | - |
| Change in fair value of cash flow hedge | 4,155 | (13,221) | - | - |
| Foreign currency translation differences for foreign operations reclassified to profit or loss | - | 4,101 | - | - |
| Share of foreign currency translation differences of an associate reclassified to profit or loss | - | (1,248) | - | - |
| | 12,620 | (13,209) | - | - |
| <i>Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss</i> | | | | |
| Revaluation of property, plant and equipment upon transfer of properties to investment properties | 13,251 | 1,176 | - | - |
| Total other comprehensive income/(expense) for the year, net of tax | 25,871 | (12,033) | - | - |
| Total comprehensive income for the year, net of tax | 842,197 | 623,809 | 324,435 | 448,924 |
| Total comprehensive income attributable to: | | | | |
| Owners of the Company | 779,338 | 576,224 | 324,435 | 448,924 |
| Non-controlling interests | 62,859 | 47,585 | - | - |
| | 842,197 | 623,809 | 324,435 | 448,924 |

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

| | ← Attributable to Owners of the Company → | | | | | | | Non-controlling interests RM'000 | Total equity RM'000 |
|---|---|-----------------------------|--|-----------------|---------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------|
| | ← Reserves → | | | | Treasury shares RM'000 | Total RM'000 | Total RM'000 | | |
| | Share capital RM'000 | Non-distributable RM'000 | Distributable Retained profits RM'000 | Total RM'000 | | | | | |
| Group | | | | | | | | | |
| At 1 January 2013 | 2,186,364 | 122,268 | 1,223,466 | 1,345,734 | (122,061) | 3,410,037 | 365,102 | 3,775,139 | |
| Profit for the year | - | - | 588,257 | 588,257 | - | 588,257 | 47,585 | 635,842 | |
| Foreign currency translation differences for foreign operations | - | (2,575) | - | (2,575) | - | (2,575) | - | (2,575) | |
| Share of foreign currency translation differences of associates | - | (266) | - | (266) | - | (266) | - | (266) | |
| Change in fair value of cash flow hedge | - | (13,221) | - | (13,221) | - | (13,221) | - | (13,221) | |
| Foreign currency translation differences for foreign operations reclassified to profit or loss | - | 4,101 | - | 4,101 | - | 4,101 | - | 4,101 | |
| Share of foreign currency translation differences of an associate reclassified to profit or loss | - | (1,248) | - | (1,248) | - | (1,248) | - | (1,248) | |
| Revaluation of property, plant and equipment upon transfer of properties to investment properties | - | 1,176 | - | 1,176 | - | 1,176 | - | 1,176 | |
| Total other comprehensive expense for the year | - | (12,033) | - | (12,033) | - | (12,033) | - | (12,033) | |
| Total comprehensive income for the year | - | (12,033) | 588,257 | 576,224 | - | 576,224 | 47,585 | 623,809 | |
| Exercise of warrants | 19,345 | 12,574 | - | 12,574 | - | 31,919 | - | 31,919 | |
| Changes in ownership interest in subsidiaries | - | - | 41,232 | 41,232 | - | 41,232 | 31,892 | 73,124 | |
| Purchase of treasury shares | - | - | - | - | (256,674) | (256,674) | - | (256,674) | |
| Purchase of treasury shares by a subsidiary | - | - | - | - | - | - | (11) | (11) | |
| Dividends (Note 30) | - | - | (448,864) | (448,864) | - | (448,864) | - | (448,864) | |
| Dividends paid to non-controlling interests | - | - | - | - | - | - | (29,655) | (29,655) | |
| At 31 December 2013 | 2,205,709 | 122,809 | 1,404,091 | 1,526,900 | (378,735) | 3,353,874 | 414,913 | 3,768,787 | |
| | Note 20 | | | Note 21 | Note 20 | | | | |

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

| | ← Attributable to Owners of the Company → | | | | | | | |
|---|---|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------|--------------------|-----------|----------------------------------|-----------------|
| | ← Reserves → | | | | | | Non- controlling interests | Total equity |
| | Share capital | Non- distributable | Distributable Retained profits | Total | Treasury shares | Total | | |
| RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 |
| Group | | | | | | | | |
| At 1 January 2014 | 2,205,709 | 122,809 | 1,404,091 | 1,526,900 | (378,735) | 3,353,874 | 414,913 | 3,768,787 |
| Profit for the year | - | - | 753,467 | 753,467 | - | 753,467 | 62,859 | 816,326 |
| Foreign currency translation differences for foreign operations | - | 5,388 | - | 5,388 | - | 5,388 | - | 5,388 |
| Share of foreign currency translation differences of associates | - | 3,077 | - | 3,077 | - | 3,077 | - | 3,077 |
| Change in fair value of cash flow hedge | - | 4,155 | - | 4,155 | - | 4,155 | - | 4,155 |
| Revaluation of property, plant and equipment upon transfer of properties to investment properties | - | 13,251 | - | 13,251 | - | 13,251 | - | 13,251 |
| Total other comprehensive income for the year | - | 25,871 | - | 25,871 | - | 25,871 | - | 25,871 |
| Total comprehensive income for the year | - | 25,871 | 753,467 | 779,338 | - | 779,338 | 62,859 | 842,197 |
| Exercise of warrants | 81,070 | 52,697 | - | 52,697 | - | 133,767 | - | 133,767 |
| Changes in ownership interest in subsidiaries | - | - | (233) | (233) | - | (233) | 6,335 | 6,102 |
| Purchase of treasury shares | - | - | - | - | (283,756) | (283,756) | - | (283,756) |
| Purchase of treasury shares by a subsidiary | - | - | - | - | - | - | (728) | (728) |
| Resale of treasury shares | - | 192,920 | - | 192,920 | 299,449 | 492,369 | - | 492,369 |
| Cancellation of treasury shares | (60,000) | 34,958 | (90,194) | (55,236) | 115,236 | - | - | - |
| Dividends (Note 30) | - | - | (523,584) | (523,584) | - | (523,584) | - | (523,584) |
| Dividends paid to non-controlling interests | - | - | - | - | - | - | (49,512) | (49,512) |
| At 31 December 2014 | 2,226,779 | 429,255 | 1,543,547 | 1,972,802 | (247,806) | 3,951,775 | 433,867 | 4,385,642 |
| | Note 20 | | | Note 21 | Note 20 | | | |

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

| | Reserves | | | | | | | Treasury shares | Total equity |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------|---------------|----------------------------|-----------------|---------------|------------------|-----------|-----------------|--------------|
| | Non-distributable | | | Distributable | | | | | |
| | Share Capital | Share premium | Capital redemption reserve | Warrant reserve | Other reserve | Retained profits | Total | | |
| | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 |
| Company | | | | | | | | | |
| At 1 January 2013 | 2,186,364 | 5 | 66,267 | 49,192 | (30,973) | 1,058,937 | 1,143,428 | (122,061) | 3,207,731 |
| Profit for the year | - | - | - | - | - | 448,924 | 448,924 | - | 448,924 |
| Exercise of warrants | 19,345 | 15,186 | - | (2,612) | - | - | 12,574 | - | 31,919 |
| Purchase of treasury shares | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | (256,674) | (256,674) |
| Dividends (Note 30) | - | - | - | - | - | (448,864) | (448,864) | - | (448,864) |
| At 31 December 2013/ 1 January 2014 | 2,205,709 | 15,191 | 66,267 | 46,580 | (30,973) | 1,058,997 | 1,156,062 | (378,735) | 2,983,036 |
| Profit for the year | - | - | - | - | - | 324,435 | 324,435 | - | 324,435 |
| Exercise of warrants | 81,070 | 63,641 | - | (10,944) | - | - | 52,697 | - | 133,767 |
| Purchase of treasury shares | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | (283,756) | (283,756) |
| Resale of treasury shares | - | 192,920 | - | - | - | - | 192,920 | 299,449 | 492,369 |
| Cancellation of treasury shares | (60,000) | (25,042) | 60,000 | - | - | (90,194) | (55,236) | 115,236 | - |
| Dividends (Note 30) | - | - | - | - | - | (523,584) | (523,584) | - | (523,584) |
| At 31 December 2014 | 2,226,779 | 246,710 | 126,267 | 35,636 | (30,973) | 769,654 | 1,147,294 | (247,806) | 3,126,267 |
| | Note 20 | | | | | | Note 21 | Note 20 | |

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

| | Group | | Company | |
|--|----------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Cash flows from operating activities | | | | |
| Profit before tax | 1,024,625 | 801,581 | 331,591 | 455,667 |
| Adjustments for: | | | | |
| Depreciation of property, plant and equipment | 82,712 | 79,985 | 661 | 694 |
| Property, plant and equipment written off | 975 | 8,051 | - | - |
| Investment properties written off | 124 | 530 | - | - |
| Biological assets written off | 460 | 243 | - | - |
| Loss on held for trading equity instruments at fair value | 1,565 | - | - | - |
| Gains from fair value adjustments of investment properties | (189,437) | (28,771) | - | - |
| Impairment loss on investment in an associate | - | 5,971 | 4,737 | 2,500 |
| Impairment loss on investment in subsidiaries | - | - | 81,658 | - |
| Net inventories written down | 4,275 | 21,975 | - | - |
| Net impairment loss on trade and other receivables | 5,608 | 3,156 | - | - |
| Bad debts written off | - | 167 | - | - |
| (Reversal of)/additional provisions | (2,486) | 2,151 | - | - |
| Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment | (96,284) | (767) | - | (65) |
| Gain on disposal of investment properties | (760) | - | - | - |
| Gain on disposal of held for trading equity instruments | - | (824) | - | - |
| Gain on disposal of an associate | - | (78,884) | - | - |
| Gain on disposal of subsidiaries | - | (342,595) | - | (129,435) |
| Gain on disposal of shares in a subsidiary | - | - | - | (26,565) |
| Interest expense | 79,958 | 74,564 | - | - |
| Interest income | (12,360) | (9,360) | (29,129) | (28,769) |
| Dividend income | (4,243) | (1,334) | (405,422) | (292,179) |
| Share of results of associates | (14,436) | (13,814) | - | - |
| Operating profit/(loss) before changes in working capital carry forward | 880,296 | 522,025 | (15,904) | (18,152) |

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

| | Group | | Company | |
|--|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Operating profit/(loss) before changes in working capital brought forward | 880,296 | 522,025 | (15,904) | (18,152) |
| Changes in working capital: | | | | |
| Inventories | (39,753) | 15,635 | - | - |
| Property development costs | 3,724 | (113,600) | - | - |
| Loan receivables | (231,289) | (155,637) | - | - |
| Receivables | (73,073) | (17,007) | (80,403) | (59,029) |
| Payables | 65,174 | 35,977 | 620 | (17) |
| Provisions | - | (10) | - | - |
| Cash flows generated from/(used in) operations | 605,079 | 287,383 | (95,687) | (77,198) |
| Income tax paid | (192,596) | (122,419) | (6,138) | (5,715) |
| Income tax refunded | 10,265 | 7,311 | - | - |
| Interest paid | (79,958) | (74,564) | - | - |
| Interest received | 12,360 | 9,360 | 29,129 | 28,769 |
| Additions to land held for property development | (58,091) | (35,165) | - | - |
| Net cash flows generated from/(used in) operating activities | 297,059 | 71,906 | (72,696) | (54,144) |

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

| | Group | | Company | |
|---|------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Cash flows from investing activities | | | | |
| Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment | 147,905 | 10,270 | - | 65 |
| Proceeds from disposal of investment properties | 6,658 | - | - | - |
| Proceeds from disposal of held for trading equity instruments | - | 41,813 | - | - |
| Proceeds from disposal of an associate | - | 118,000 | - | - |
| Disposal of subsidiaries (Note 7(b)) | - | 402,995 | - | 160,000 |
| Disposal of non-controlling interests (Note 7(c)) | - | 63,094 | - | 63,094 |
| Proceeds from issuance of shares to non-controlling interests | 6,100 | 10,030 | - | - |
| Redemption of preference shares by subsidiaries | - | - | 6,000 | 201,000 |
| Dividends received from subsidiaries | - | - | 399,445 | 288,191 |
| Dividends received from associates | 12,168 | 20,736 | 3,668 | 3,736 |
| Dividends received from available-for-sale equity instruments | 1,200 | 1,200 | - | - |
| Dividends received from money market deposits | 3,043 | 196 | 2,309 | 196 |
| Purchase of property, plant and equipment | (130,353) | (176,323) | - | (567) |
| Purchase of held for trading equity instruments | (34,577) | (40,989) | - | - |
| Purchase of available-for-sale equity instruments | (12) | - | - | - |
| Additions to biological assets | (5,461) | (7,475) | - | - |
| Additions to investment properties | (131,947) | (86,689) | - | - |
| Increase in money market deposits | (133,494) | (50,196) | (22,260) | (50,196) |
| Increase in investment in subsidiaries | - | - | (152,596) | (88,940) |
| Net cash flows (used in)/generated from investing activities | (258,770) | 306,662 | 236,566 | 576,579 |

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

| | Group | | Company | |
|---|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Cash flows from financing activities | | | | |
| Dividends paid | (684,018) | (288,430) | (684,018) | (288,430) |
| Dividends paid to non-controlling interests | (49,512) | (29,655) | - | - |
| Shares repurchased at cost | (284,484) | (256,685) | (283,756) | (256,674) |
| Proceeds from issuance of shares pursuant to the exercise of warrants | 133,767 | 31,919 | 133,767 | 31,919 |
| Proceeds from resale of treasury shares | 492,369 | - | 492,369 | - |
| Net drawdown of borrowings | 92,877 | 220,390 | - | - |
| Net cash flows used in financing activities | (299,001) | (322,461) | (341,638) | (513,185) |
| Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents | (260,712) | 56,107 | (177,768) | 9,250 |
| Effects on exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents | 956 | 651 | - | - |
| Cash and cash equivalents as at 1 January | 573,548 | 516,790 | 238,622 | 229,372 |
| Cash and cash equivalents as at 31 December (Note 15) | 313,792 | 573,548 | 60,854 | 238,622 |

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 DECEMBER 2014

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

The Company is an investment holding company.

The principal activities of the subsidiaries and associates are disclosed in Notes 7 and 8, respectively. There have been no significant changes in the nature of these activities during the financial year.

The Company is a public limited liability company, incorporated and domiciled in Malaysia, and is listed on the Main Market of the Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. The registered office and principal place of business of the Company is located at 21st Floor, Menara Hap Seng, Jalan P. Ramlee, 50250 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia.

The immediate and ultimate holding company is Gek Poh (Holdings) Sdn Bhd which is incorporated in Malaysia.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors in accordance with a resolution of the directors on 16 April 2015.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the Group and of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standards ["FRSs"] and the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia.

The financial statements of the Group and of the Company have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except as disclosed in the accounting policies below.

The financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ["RM"] and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand (RM'000) except when otherwise indicated.

2.2 Effects of adopting new and amended Financial Reporting Standards

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year, except for the changes arising from the adoption of the following FRSs, Interpretations and amendments that are mandatory for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014.

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014

- Amendments to FRS 10, FRS 12 and FRS 127: Investment Entities
- Amendments to FRS 132: Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities
- Amendments to FRS 136: Recoverable Amount Disclosures for Non-Financial Assets
- Amendments to FRS 139: Novation of Derivatives and Continuation of Hedge Accounting
- IC Interpretation 21 Levies

The adoption of the above FRSs, Interpretations and amendments have no significant impact to the financial statements of the Group and of the Company.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 DECEMBER 2014

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.3 Standards issued but not yet effective

The Group and the Company have not adopted the following FRSs, Interpretations and amendments which have been issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board ["MASB"] but are only effective for future financial periods:

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014

- Amendments to FRS 119: Defined Benefit Plans: Employee Contributions
- Amendments to FRS contained in the document entitled "Annual Improvements to FRSs 2010 - 2012 Cycle"
- Amendments to FRS contained in the document entitled "Annual Improvements to FRSs 2011 - 2013 Cycle"

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016

- Amendments to FRS 10: Consolidated Financial Statements and FRS 128: Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures – Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture
- Amendments to FRS 10: Consolidated Financial Statements, FRS 12: Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities and FRS 128: Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures – Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception
- Amendments to FRS 11: Joint Arrangements - Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in Joint Operations
- FRS 14: Regulatory Deferral Accounts
- Amendments to FRS 101: Presentation of Financial Statements – Disclosure Initiative
- Amendments to FRS 116: Property, Plant and Equipment and FRS 138: Intangible Assets – Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortisation
- Amendments to FRS 127: Separate Financial Statements - Equity Method in Separate Financial Statements
- Amendments to FRS contained in the document entitled "Annual Improvements to FRSs 2012 – 2014 Cycle"

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018

- FRS 9 Financial instruments (2014)

The Group and the Company plan to adopt the above pronouncements when they become effective in the respective financial periods. The directors expect that the adoption of the above standards will have no material impact on the financial statements in the period of initial application except as discussed below:

Amendments to FRS 10: Consolidated Financial Statements and FRS 128: Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures – Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture

**NOTES TO THE
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**
31 DECEMBER 2014

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.3 Standards issued but not yet effective (continued)

The amendments clarify that:

- gains and losses resulting from transactions involving assets that do not constitute a business, between investor and its associate or joint venture are recognised in the entity's financial statements only to the extent of unrelated investors' interests in the associate or joint venture; and
- gains and losses resulting from transactions involving the sale or contribution to an associate of a joint venture of assets that constitute a business is recognised in full.

The amendments are to be applied prospectively to the sale or contribution of assets occurring in annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016. Earlier adoption is permitted.

FRS 9 Financial instruments

In November 2014, MASB issued the final version of FRS 9 Financial Instruments which reflects all phases of the financial instruments project and replaces FRS 139 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement and all previous versions of FRS 9. The standard introduces new requirements for classification and measurement, impairment and hedge accounting. FRS 9 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018, with early adoption permitted.

Retrospective application is required, but comparative information is not compulsory. The adoption of FRS 9 will have an effect on the classification and measurement of the Group's financial assets, but no impact on the classification and measurement of the Group's financial liabilities.

Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ["MFRS"]

On 19 November 2011, the MASB issued a new MASB approved accounting framework, the MFRS framework, to be adopted by non-private entities for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2012. However, adoption of the MFRS framework by entities that are within the scope of MFRS 141 Agriculture and IC Interpretation 15 Agreements for Construction of Real Estate, including its parent, significant investor and venture ["Transitioning Entities"] will only be mandatory for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017.

The Group falls within the definition of Transitioning Entities and is currently exempted from adopting the MFRS framework. Accordingly, the Group's financial statements for annual period beginning on 1 January 2017 will be prepared in accordance with the MFRS and International Financial Reporting Standards. In presenting its first MFRS financial statements, the Group will be required to restate the comparative financial statements to amounts reflecting the application of MFRS framework. The majority of the adjustments required on transition will be made, retrospectively, against opening retained profits.

The Group has not completed its quantification of the financial effects arising from the change from FRS to MFRS. Accordingly, the consolidated financial statements for the years ended 31 December 2013 and 2014 could be different if prepared under the MFRS framework.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 DECEMBER 2014

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.4 Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries as at the reporting date. The financial statements of the subsidiaries used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements are prepared for the same reporting date as the Company. Consistent accounting policies are applied for like transactions and events in similar circumstances.

The Company controls an investee if and only if the Company has all the following:

- (i) Power over the investee (i.e. existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee);
- (ii) Exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its investment with the investee; and
- (iii) The ability to use its power over the investee to affect its returns.

When the Company has less than a majority of the voting rights of an investee, the Company considers the following in assessing whether or not the Company's voting rights in an investee are sufficient to give it power over the investee:

- (i) The size of the Company's holding of voting rights relative to the size and dispersion of holdings of the other vote holders;
- (ii) Potential voting rights held by the Company, other vote holders of other parties;
- (iii) Rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- (iv) Any additional facts and circumstances that indicate that the Company has, or does not have, the current ability to direct the relevant activities at the time that decisions need to be made, including voting patterns at previous shareholders' meetings.

Subsidiaries are consolidated when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with the Group's accounting policies. All intra-group balances, income and expenses and unrealised gains and losses resulting from intra-group transactions are eliminated in full. Intra-group losses may indicate an impairment that requires recognition in the consolidated financial statements. Losses within a subsidiary are attributed to the non-controlling interests even if that results in a deficit balance.

Upon the loss of control of a subsidiary, the Group derecognises the assets and liabilities of the former subsidiary, any non-controlling interests and the other components of equity related to the former subsidiary. Any surplus or deficit arising on the loss of control is recognised in profit or loss. If the Group retains any interest in the former subsidiary, then such interest is measured at fair value at the date that control is lost. Subsequently, it is accounted for as an equity accounted investee or as an available-for-sale financial asset depending on the level of influence retained.

NOTES TO THE
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
31 DECEMBER 2014

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.4 Basis of consolidation (continued)

Business combinations

Acquisitions of subsidiaries are accounted for using the acquisition method. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the aggregate of the consideration transferred, measured at acquisition date fair value and the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree. The Group elects on a transaction-by-transaction basis whether to measure the non-controlling interests in the acquiree either at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. Transaction costs incurred are expensed in profit or loss.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer will be recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Subsequent changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration which is deemed to be an asset or liability, will be recognised in accordance with FRS 139 either in profit or loss or as a change to other comprehensive income. If the contingent consideration is classified as equity, it will not be re-measured. Subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity. In instances where the contingent consideration does not fall within the scope of FRS 139, it is measured in accordance with the appropriate FRS.

When the Group acquires a business, it assesses the financial assets and liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic circumstances and pertinent conditions as at the acquisition date. This includes the separation of embedded derivatives in host contracts by the acquiree.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is re-measured to fair value at the acquisition date through profit or loss.

Goodwill is initially measured at cost, being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred and the amount recognised for non-controlling interests over the net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. If this consideration is lower than fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is recognised in profit or loss. The accounting policy for goodwill is set out in Note 2.13.

2.5 Transactions with non-controlling interests

Non-controlling interests represent the equity in subsidiaries not attributable directly or indirectly to owners of the Company, are presented separately in consolidated statement of profit or loss, consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and within equity in the consolidated statement of financial position, separately from equity attributable to owners of the Company.

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in subsidiaries that do not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Group's interests and the non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries. The resulting difference is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the Company.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 DECEMBER 2014

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.6 Foreign currency

(a) Functional and presentation currency

The individual financial statements of each entity in the Group are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates [“the functional currency”]. The consolidated financial statements are presented in RM, which is also the Company’s functional currency.

(b) Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are measured in the respective functional currencies of the Company and its subsidiaries and are recorded on initial recognition in the functional currencies at exchange rates approximating those ruling at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange ruling at the reporting date. Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that are measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rates as at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currencies measured at fair value are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined.

Exchange difference arising on the settlement of monetary items or on translating monetary items at the reporting date are recognised in profit or loss except for exchange differences arising on monetary items that form part of the Group’s net investment in foreign operations, which are recognised initially in other comprehensive income and accumulated under foreign currency translation reserve in equity. Tax charges and credits attributable to exchange differences on those monetary items are also recorded in other comprehensive income. The foreign currency translation reserve is reclassified from equity to profit or loss of the Group on disposal of the foreign operation.

Exchange differences arising on the translation of non-monetary items carried at fair value are included in profit or loss for the period except for the differences arising on the translation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognised directly in equity. Exchange differences arising from such non-monetary items are also recognised directly in equity.

(c) Foreign operations

The assets and liabilities of foreign operations are translated into RM at the rate of exchange ruling at the reporting date and income and expenses are translated at average exchange rates for the year, which approximates the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. The exchange differences arising on the translation are taken directly to other comprehensive income. On disposal of a foreign operation, the cumulative amount recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity under foreign currency translation reserve relating to that particular foreign operation is recognised in the profit or loss.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of foreign operations are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operations and are recorded in the functional currency of the foreign operations and translated at the closing rate at the reporting date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 DECEMBER 2014

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.7 Property, plant and equipment

All items of property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The cost of property, plant and equipment comprises their purchase price and any directly attributable costs including interest costs capitalised in bringing the property, plant and equipment to working condition. When a major inspection is performed, its cost is recognised in the carrying amount of the assets as a replacement if the recognition criteria are satisfied and the carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance costs are recognised in profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Subsequent to recognition, property, plant and equipment except for freehold land are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

The carrying amount of property, plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable.

Depreciation

Freehold land and assets under construction are not depreciated. Depreciation of other property, plant and equipment is provided for on a straight-line basis to write off the cost of each asset to its residual value over the estimated useful life, except for quarry infrastructure which included in roads and infrastructure is depreciated based on the production volume method. The estimated useful lives are:

| | |
|--|-----------------|
| Leasehold land | 26 to 999 years |
| Buildings | 10 to 50 years |
| Roads and infrastructure | 10 to 33 years |
| Plant and equipment | |
| - Plant and machinery | 4 to 20 years |
| - Office equipment, furniture, fixtures and fittings | 3 to 10 years |
| - Motor vehicles | 4 to 7 years |

Leasehold land with unexpired period of less than 50 years is classified as short term leasehold land.

The residual value, useful life and depreciation method are reviewed at each financial year end to ensure that the amount, method and period of depreciation are consistent with previous estimates and the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in the items of property, plant and equipment.

Disposal of property, plant and equipment

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. The difference between the net disposal proceeds, if any and the net carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss and the revaluation surplus included in the revaluation reserve in respect of the asset is transferred directly to retained profits.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 DECEMBER 2014

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.8 Biological assets

In accordance with paragraph 54 of FRS 101, the Group has presented plantation development expenditure as biological assets.

New planting which include land clearing, planting, field upkeep and maintenance of oil palm plantings to maturity are capitalised as plantation development expenditure. Oil palm plantings are considered mature 30 months after the date of planting. Expenditures incurred after maturity of crops are charged to profit or loss. Estate overhead expenditure is apportioned to revenue and plantation development expenditure on the basis of the proportion of mature and immature areas.

Net income from scout harvesting prior to maturity is offset against plantation development expenditure.

Plantation development expenditure is not amortised as the estate is maintained through replanting programmes and replanting expenditure is written off to profit or loss during the year when it is incurred.

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2.9 Investment properties

Investment properties are properties which are held either to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or for both. Properties that are occupied by the companies in the Group are accounted for as owner-occupied rather than as investment properties.

Investment properties are initially measured at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured at fair value which reflects market conditions at the reporting date. Fair value is determined based on valuations performed by registered independent valuers and/or internally appraised. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair values of investment properties are included in profit or loss in the year in which they arise.

Subsequent expenditure is included in the investment property's carrying amount only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance costs are recognised in profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

A property interest under an operating lease is classified and accounted for as an investment property on a property-by-property basis when the Group holds it to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both. Any such property interest under an operating lease classified as an investment property is carried at fair value.

Investment properties are derecognised when either they have been disposed of or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from its disposal. Any gain or loss on the retirement or disposal of an investment property is recognised in profit or loss in the year of retirement or disposal.

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2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.9 Investment properties (continued)

Transfers are made to or from investment property only when there is a change in use. For a transfer from investment property to owner-occupied property, the deemed cost for subsequent accounting is the fair value at the date of change in use. For a transfer from owner-occupied property to investment property, the property is accounted for in accordance with the accounting policy for property, plant and equipment set out in Note 2.7 up to the date of change in use. Where the fair value of the property is higher than its carrying amount, the increase will be recognised in profit or loss to the extent that it reverses a previous impairment loss. Any remaining part of the increase is recognised in other comprehensive income and increases the revaluation surplus within equity. On subsequent disposal of the investment property, the revaluation surplus included in equity may be transferred to retained profits. The transfer from revaluation surplus to retained profits is not made through profit or loss.

Investment property under construction [“IPUC”]

IPUC is measured at fair value (when the fair value is reliably determinable). The fair values of IPUC were determined based on the opinion of a qualified independent valuer and/or internally appraised. Fair value is arrived at by reference to market evidence of transaction prices for similar properties. Each IPUC is individually assessed.

IPUC for which fair value cannot be determined reliably is measured at cost less impairment.

2.10 Investment in subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an entity over which the Company has all the following:

- (i) Power over the investee (i.e. existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee);
- (ii) Exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its investment with the investee; and
- (iii) The ability to use its power over the investee to affect its returns.

In the Company’s separate financial statements, investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment losses. On disposal of such investments, the difference between net disposal proceeds and their carrying amounts is included in profit or loss.

2.11 Investment in associates

An associate is an entity, not being a subsidiary or a joint venture, in which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 DECEMBER 2014

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.11 Investment in associates (continued)

On acquisition of an investment in associate, any excess of the cost of investment over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of the investee is recognised as goodwill and included in the carrying amount of the investment and is not tested for impairment individually. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of the investee over the cost of investment is excluded from the carrying amount of the investment and is instead included as income in the determination of the Group's share of the associate's profit or loss for the period in which the investment is acquired.

An associate is equity accounted for from the date on which the investee becomes an associate. Under the equity method, on initial recognition the investment in an associate is recognised at cost and the carrying amount is increased or decreased to recognise the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associate after the date of acquisition. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equal or exceeds its interest in the associate, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

After application of the equity method, the Group determines whether it is necessary to recognise any additional impairment loss with respect to its net investment in the associate. The Group determine at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that the investment in the associate is impaired, by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs to sell) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss. Reversal of an impairment loss is recognised to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

The financial statements of the associates are prepared as of the same reporting date as the Company. Where necessary, adjustments are made to bring the accounting policies in line with those of the Group.

When the Group ceases to have significant influence over an associate, any retained interest in the former associate at the date when significant influence is lost is measured at fair value and this amount is regarded as the initial carrying amount of a financial asset. The difference between the fair value of any retained interest plus proceeds from the interest disposed of and the carrying amount of the investment at the date when equity method is discontinued is recognised in the profit or loss.

When the Group's interest in an associate decreases but does not result in a loss of significant influence, any retained interest is not re-measured. Any gain or loss arising from the decrease in interest is recognised in profit or loss. Any gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income are also reclassified proportionately to the profit or loss if that gain or loss would be required to be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities.

In the Company's separate financial statements, investments in associates are accounted for at cost less impairment losses. On disposal of such investments, the difference between net disposal proceeds and their carrying amounts is included in profit or loss.

**NOTES TO THE
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**
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2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.12 Land held for property development

Land held for property development consists of land where no development activities have been carried out or where development activities are not expected to be completed within the normal operating cycle. Such land is classified within non-current assets and is stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Land held for property development is reclassified as property development costs (classified within current assets) when development activities have commenced and where it can be demonstrated that the development activities can be completed within the normal operating cycle.

Land held for property development comprises costs associated with the acquisition of land and all costs incurred subsequent to the acquisition but prior to the transfer to property development costs on activities necessary to prepare the land for its intended use.

Costs associated with the acquisition of land include the purchase price of the land, professional fees, stamp duties, commissions, conversion fees and other relevant levies. Where the Group had previously recorded the land at revalued amount, it continues to retain this amount as its surrogate cost as allowed by FRS 2012⁰⁰⁴.

2.13 Goodwill

Goodwill is initially measured at cost. Following initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired is allocated, from the acquisition date, to each of the Group's cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the acquiree are assigned to those units.

The cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment at each reporting date and whenever there is an indication that the cash-generating unit may be impaired, by comparing the carrying amount of the cash-generating unit, including the allocated goodwill, with the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit. Where the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognised in the profit or loss. Impairment losses recognised for goodwill are not reversed in subsequent periods.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.14 Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, or when an annual impairment assessment for an asset is required, the Group makes an estimate of the asset's recoverable amount.

An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. For the purpose of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units ["CGU"]).

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows expected to be generated by the asset are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. Where the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is written down to its recoverable amount. Impairment losses recognised in respect of a CGU or groups of CGUs are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to those units or groups of units and then, to reduce the carrying amount of the other assets in the unit or groups of units on a pro-rata basis.

Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss except for assets that are previously revalued where the revaluation was taken to other comprehensive income. In this case the impairment is also recognised in other comprehensive income up to the amount of any previous revaluation.

An assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. If that is the case, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to its recoverable amount. That increase cannot exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised previously. Such reversal is recognised in profit or loss unless the asset is measured at revalued amount, in which case the reversal is treated as a revaluation increase. Impairment loss on goodwill is not reversed in a subsequent period.

**NOTES TO THE
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**
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2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.15 Financial assets

Financial assets are recognised in the statements of financial position when, and only when, the Group or the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument.

When financial assets are recognised initially, they are measured at fair value, plus, in the case of financial assets not at fair value through profit and loss, directly attributable transaction costs.

An embedded derivative is recognised separately from the host contract and accounted for as a derivative if, and only if, it is not closely related to the economic characteristics and risks of the host contract and the host contract is not categorised at fair value through profit or loss. The host contract, in the event an embedded derivative is recognised separately, is accounted for in accordance with policy applicable to the nature of the host contract.

A financial asset is derecognised when the contractual right to receive cash flows from the asset has expired. On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and any cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income is recognised in profit or loss.

The Group or the Company determines the classification of their financial assets at initial recognition, and the categories include financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables and available-for-sale financial assets.

(a) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss if they are held for trading or are designated as such upon initial recognition. Financial assets held for trading are derivatives (including separated embedded derivatives) or financial assets acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near term.

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value. Any gains or losses arising from changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss could be presented as current or non-current. Financial assets that are held primarily for trading purposes are presented as current whereas financial assets that are not held primarily for trading purposes are presented as current or non-current based on the settlement date.

(b) Loans and receivables

Financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market are classified as loans and receivables.

Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the loans and receivables are derecognised or impaired, and through the amortisation process.

Loans and receivables are classified as current assets, except for those having maturity dates later than 12 months after the reporting date which are classified as non-current.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 DECEMBER 2014

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.15 Financial assets (continued)

(c) Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are financial assets that are designated as available-for-sale or are not classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables or held-to-maturity investments.

After initial recognition, available-for-sale financial assets are measured at fair value. Any gains or losses from changes in fair value of the financial assets are recognised in other comprehensive income, except that impairment losses, foreign exchange gains and losses on monetary instruments and interest calculated using the effective interest method are recognised in profit or loss. The cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment when the financial asset is derecognised. Interest income calculated using the effective interest method is recognised in profit or loss. Dividends on an available-for-sale equity instrument are recognised in profit or loss when the Group or the Company's right to receive payment is established.

Investments in equity instruments whose fair value cannot be reliably measured are measured at cost less impairment loss.

Available-for-sale financial assets are classified as non-current assets unless they are expected to be realised within 12 months after the reporting date.

2.16 Impairment of financial assets

The Group and the Company assess at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset is impaired.

(a) Trade and other receivables and other financial assets carried at amortised cost

To determine whether there is objective evidence that an impairment loss on financial assets has been incurred, the Group and the Company consider factors such as the probability of insolvency or significant financial difficulties of the debtor and default or significant delay in payments. For certain categories of financial assets, such as trade receivables, receivables that are assessed not to be impaired individually are subsequently assessed for impairment on a collective basis based on similar risk characteristics. Objective evidence of impairment for a portfolio of receivables could include the Group's and the Company's past experience of collecting payments, an increase in the number of delayed payments in the portfolio past the average credit period and observable changes in national or local economic conditions that correlate with default on receivables.

If any such evidence exists, the amount of impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

**NOTES TO THE
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**
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2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.16 Impairment of financial assets (continued)

(a) Trade and other receivables and other financial assets carried at amortised cost (continued)

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. When a trade receivable becomes uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account.

If in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed to the extent that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its amortised cost at the reversal date. The amount of reversal is recognised in profit or loss.

(b) Unquoted equity securities carried at cost

If there is objective evidence (such as significant adverse changes in the business environment where the issuer operates, probability of insolvency or significant financial difficulties of the issuer) that an impairment loss on financial assets carried at cost has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Such impairment losses are not reversed in subsequent periods.

2.17 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined principally as follows:

| | |
|--------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Properties held for sale | - specific identification method |
| Raw materials | - weighted average cost method |
| Produce inventories | - weighted average cost method |
| Work-in-progress | - weighted average cost method |
| Finished goods | |
| - vehicle and equipment | - specific identification method |
| - others | - weighted average cost method |

Properties held for sale include costs of land, construction and appropriate development overheads.

Cost of produce inventories includes estate production costs, processing and transport charges.

Costs of work-in-progress and finished goods produced by the Group include costs of direct materials, labour and a proportion of production overheads.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sales.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.18 Property development costs

Property development costs comprise all costs that are directly attributable to development activities or that can be allocated on a reasonable basis to such activities.

When the financial outcome of a development activity can be reliably estimated, property development revenue and expenses are recognised in profit or loss by using the stage of completion method. The stage of completion is determined by the proportion that property development costs incurred for work performed to date bear to the estimated total property development costs.

Where the financial outcome of a development activity cannot be reliably estimated, property development revenue is recognised only to the extent of property development costs incurred that is probable will be recoverable, and property development costs on properties sold are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

Any expected loss on a development project, including costs to be incurred over the defects liability period, is recognised as an expense immediately.

Property development costs not recognised as an expense are recognised as an asset, which is measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

The excess of revenue recognised in the profit or loss over billings to purchasers is classified as accrued billings within trade receivables and the excess of billings to purchasers over revenue recognised in profit or loss is classified as progress billings within trade payables.

2.19 Money market deposits

Money market deposits are placements made in financial institutions which are designated upon initial recognition as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

2.20 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand, and deposits with licensed banks with maturity of three months or less which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. These also include bank overdrafts that form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

2.21 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, and it is probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. If it is no longer probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation, the provision is reversed. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

**NOTES TO THE
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**
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2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.22 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable.

(a) Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

(b) Interest income

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method.

(c) Sale of goods and services

Revenue from the sale of goods is measured at fair value of the consideration received or receivable net of returns, allowance and trade discounts. Revenue is recognised when significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the customer, recovery of the consideration is probable, the associated costs and possible return of goods can be estimated reliably.

Revenue from services is recognised when the services is rendered.

(d) Rental income

Rental income is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease term. The aggregate cost of incentives provided to lessees is recognised as a reduction of rental income over the lease term on a straight-line basis.

(e) Hire purchase, finance lease and loan receivables

Income on hire purchase and finance leases is recognised using the "sum-of-digit" method. Interest income on term loans is accounted for on an accrual basis by reference to rest periods as stipulated in the loan agreements, which are either daily or monthly. Where the repayment of an account is in arrears for three months or more, the uncollected interest from that account is suspended until it is realised on a cash basis.

(f) Sale of properties

Revenue from sale of properties under development is accounted for by the stage of completion method as described in Note 2.18.

Revenue from sale of completed properties held for resale is recognised in profit or loss when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.23 Employee benefits

(a) Short term benefits

Wages, salaries, bonuses and social security contributions are recognised as an expense in the year in which the associated services are rendered by the employees of the Group. Short term accumulated compensated absences such as paid annual leave are recognised when services are rendered by employees that increase their entitlement to future compensated absences, and short term non-accumulating compensated absences such as sick leave are recognised when the absences occur.

(b) Defined contribution plans

The Group participates in the national pension schemes as defined by the laws of the countries in which it has operations. The Malaysian companies in the Group make contributions to the Employees Provident Fund in Malaysia, a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions to defined contribution pension schemes are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is performed.

2.24 Leases

The determination of whether an arrangement is (or contains) a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement at the inception of the lease. The arrangement is, or contains, a lease if fulfilment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets and the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset or assets, even if that right is not explicitly specified in an arrangement.

(a) Group as a lessor

Leases in which the Group does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income.

(b) Group as a lessee

Leases in which the Group assumes substantially all the risks and rewards of ownerships are classified as finance leases. Upon initial recognition, the leased asset is measured at an amount equal to the lower of its fair value and the present value of the minimum lease payments. Subsequent to initial recognition, the asset is accounted for in accordance with the accounting policy applicable to the asset.

Minimum lease payments made under finance leases are apportioned between the finance expense and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance expense is allocated to each period during the lease term so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of liability.

Leasehold land which in substance is a finance lease is classified as property, plant and equipment, or as investment property if held to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or for both.

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term. The aggregate benefit of incentives provided by the lessor is recognised as a reduction of rental expense over the lease term on a straight-line basis.

**NOTES TO THE
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2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.25 Income tax

(a) Current tax

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Current taxes are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that the tax relates to items recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

(b) Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all temporary differences, except:

- where the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and interests in joint ventures, where the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 DECEMBER 2014

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.25 Income tax (continued)

(b) Deferred tax (continued)

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised except:

- where the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and interests in joint ventures, deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax assets to be utilised.

Where investment properties are carried at their fair value in accordance with the accounting policy set out in Note 2.9, the amount of deferred tax recognised is measured using the tax rates that would apply on sale of those assets at their carrying amount at the reporting date unless the property is depreciable and is held within the objective to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the property over time, rather than through sale. In all other cases, the amount of deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss. Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity and deferred tax arising from a business combination is adjusted against goodwill on acquisition.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

**NOTES TO THE
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**
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2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.26 Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability.

Financial liabilities, within the scope of FRS 139, are recognised in the statements of financial position when, and only when, the Group and/or the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument. Financial liabilities are classified as either financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss or other financial liabilities.

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is extinguished. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in profit or loss.

(a) Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities held for trading include derivatives entered into that do not meet the hedge accounting criteria. Derivative liabilities are initially measured at fair value and subsequently stated at fair value, with any resultant gains or losses recognised in profit or loss. Net gains or losses on derivatives include exchange differences.

(b) Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities include trade payables, other payables and borrowings.

Trade and other payables are recognised initially at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred, and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date.

For other financial liabilities, gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised, and through the amortisation process.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 DECEMBER 2014

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.27 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are capitalised as part of the cost of a qualifying assets if they are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of that asset. Capitalisation of borrowing costs commences when the activities to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale are in progress and the expenditures and borrowing costs are incurred. Borrowing costs are capitalised until the assets are substantially completed for their intended use or sale. Capitalisation of borrowing costs shall cease when substantially all the activities to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale are completed.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period they are incurred. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs incurred in connection with the borrowing of funds.

2.28 Hedge accounting

The Group uses derivatives to manage its exposure to foreign exchange risk and interest rate risk and applies hedge accounting for certain hedging relationships which qualify for hedge accounting. Such derivatives including forward currency contracts and cross currency interest rate swaps, are initially recognised at fair value on the date of which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at fair value. Derivatives are carried as financial assets when the fair value is positive and as financial liabilities when the fair value is negative.

A fair value hedge is a hedge of the exposure to changes in fair value of a recognised asset or liability or an unrecognised firm commitment, or an identified portion of such an asset, liability or firm commitment, that is attributable to a particular risk and could affect the profit and loss.

A cash flow hedge is a hedge of the exposure to variability in cash flows that is attributable to a particular risk associated with a recognised asset or liability or a highly probable forecast transaction and could affect the profit or loss.

At the inception of a hedge relationship, the Group formally designates and documents the hedge relationship to which the Group wishes to apply hedge accounting and the risk management objective and strategy for undertaking the hedge. The documentation includes identification of the hedging instrument, the hedged item or transaction, the nature of the risk being hedged and how the entity will assess the hedging instrument's effectiveness in offsetting the exposure to changes in the hedged item's fair value or cash flows attributable to the hedged risk. Such hedges are expected to be highly effective in achieving offsetting changes in fair value or cash flow and are assessed on an ongoing basis to determine that they actually have been highly effective throughout the financial reporting periods for which they were designated.

Hedges which meet the strict criteria for hedge accounting are accounted for as fair value hedges and cash flow hedges.

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.28 Hedge accounting (continued)

Fair value hedges

The change in the fair value of a foreign exchange derivative is recognised in the profit or loss. The change in the fair value of the hedged item attributable to the risk hedged is recorded as a part of the carrying value of the hedged item and is also recognised in profit or loss.

When an unrecognised firm commitment is designated as a hedged item, the subsequent cumulative change in the fair value of the firm commitment attributable to the hedged risk is recognised as an asset or liability with a corresponding gain or loss recognised in profit or loss.

Fair value hedge accounting is discontinued if the hedging instrument expires or sold, terminated or exercised, the hedge no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting or the Group revokes the designation.

Cash flow hedges

The effective portion of the gain or loss on the hedging instrument is recognised directly in other comprehensive income into cash flow hedge reserve, while any ineffective portion is recognised immediately in profit or loss as other operating expenses.

Amounts recognised in other comprehensive income previously are reclassified from equity to profit or loss when the hedged transaction affects profit or loss, such as when the hedged interest income or interest expense is recognised or when a forecast sale occurs. Where the hedged item is a non-financial asset or a non-financial liability, the amounts recognised previously in other comprehensive income are removed and included in the initial carrying amount of the non-financial asset or liability. The Group has elected not to apply basis adjustments to hedges of forecast transactions that result in the recognition of a non-financial asset or a non-financial liability.

Derivatives that are not designated or do not qualify for hedge accounting

Any gains or losses arising from changes in fair value on derivatives during the year that do not qualify for hedge accounting are directly recognised in profit or loss.

2.29 Share capital and share issuance expenses

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group and of the Company after deducting all of its liabilities. Ordinary shares are equity instruments.

Ordinary shares are recorded at the proceeds received, net of directly attributable incremental transaction costs. Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Dividends on ordinary shares are recognised in equity in the period in which they are declared.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 DECEMBER 2014

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.30 Treasury shares

When issued shares of the Company are reacquired, the amount of consideration paid is recognised directly in equity. Reacquired shares that have not been cancelled are classified as treasury shares and presented as a deduction from total equity. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of treasury shares. When treasury shares are reissued by resale, the difference between the sales consideration and the carrying amount is recognised in equity.

2.31 Segment reporting

For management purposes, the Group is organised into operating segments based on their products and services which are independently managed by the respective segment managers responsible for the performance of the respective segments under their charge. The segment managers report directly to the management of the Company who regularly review the segment results in order to allocate resources to the segments and to assess the segment performance.

Additional disclosures on each of these segments are shown in Note 33, including the factors used to identify the reportable segments and the measurement basis of segment information.

2.32 Contingencies

A contingent liability or asset is a possible obligation or asset that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of uncertain future event(s) not wholly within the control of the Group.

Contingent liabilities and assets are not recognised in the statements of financial position of the Group.

2.33 Financial guarantee contracts

A financial guarantee contract is a contract that requires the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due.

Financial guarantee contracts are recognised initially as a liability at fair value, net of transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, financial guarantee contracts are recognised as income in profit or loss over the period of the guarantee. If the debtor fails to make payment relating to financial guarantee contract when it is due and the Group, as the issuer, is required to reimburse the holder for the associated loss, the liability is measured at the higher of the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date and the amount initially recognised less cumulative amortisation.

Where financial guarantees in relation to loans or payables of subsidiaries are provided by the Company for no compensation, the fair values are accounted for as contributions and recognised as part of the cost of investment in subsidiaries.

**NOTES TO THE
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**
31 DECEMBER 2014

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.34 Current versus non-current classification

The Group presents assets and liabilities in statement of financial position based on current/non-current classification.

An asset as current when it is:

- (i) expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle;
- (ii) held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- (iii) expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- (iv) cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- (i) it is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle;
- (ii) it is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- (iii) it is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- (iv) there is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 DECEMBER 2014

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.35 Fair value measurement

Fair value related disclosures for financial instruments and non-financial assets that are measured at fair value or where fair values are disclosed, are summarised in the following notes:

- (i) Disclosures for valuation methods, significant estimates and assumptions - Note 3, 35(a) and 35(b)
- (ii) Financial instruments (including those carried at amortised cost) - Note 35(a)
- (iii) Quantitative disclosures of fair value measurement hierarchy - Note 35(b)

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market for the asset or liability, or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible to by the Company and the fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

NOTES TO THE
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
31 DECEMBER 2014

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

3.1 Judgements made in applying accounting policies

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following judgement, apart from those involving estimations, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements:

(a) Classification between investment properties and property, plant and equipment

The Group has developed certain criteria based on FRS 140 in making judgement as to whether a property qualifies as an investment property. Investment property is a property held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both.

Some properties comprise a portion that is held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation and another portion that is held for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. If these portions could be sold separately (or leased out separately under a finance lease) the Group would account for the portions separately. If the portions could not be sold separately, the property is an investment property only if an insignificant portion is held for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. Judgement is made on an individual property basis to determine whether ancillary services are so significant that a property does not qualify as investment property.

(b) Material litigations

The Group determines whether a present obligation in relation to a material litigation exists at the reporting date by taking into account all available evidence, including the opinion of its solicitors and subsequent events after the reporting date. On the basis of such evidence, the Group evaluates if a provision needs to be recognised in the financial statements. Further details of the material litigations involving the Group are disclosed in Note 34.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 DECEMBER 2014

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

3.2 Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

(a) Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The cost of property, plant and equipment except quarry infrastructure is depreciated on a straight-line basis over the assets' estimated economic useful lives. The estimated useful lives of these property, plant and equipment is disclosed in Note 2.7. These are common life expectancies applied in the industries that the subsidiaries are operating in. Changes in the expected level of usage could impact the economic useful lives and the residual values of these assets, therefore, future depreciation charges could be revised. The carrying amount of the Group's property, plant and equipment at the reporting date is disclosed in Note 4.

(b) Fair value on investment properties

The Group carries its investment properties at fair value, with changes in fair value being recognised in profit or loss. The Group engaged independent valuation specialist to assess fair value and/or internally appraised for investment properties. Fair value is arrived at using comparison method or in the absence of comparable market data, depreciated replacement cost method or investment method is used. Where fair value is arrived at by reference to market evidence of transaction prices for similar properties, adjustments are made to account for factors such as differences in location, age, size and type of property. Under the depreciated replacement cost method, depreciation due to age and obsolescence is deducted from the estimated gross current replacement cost in arriving at the market value. Under the investment method, the net rental income is capitalised at an appropriate rate of return to arrive at its market value.

(c) Write-down of inventories

A review is made periodically on inventory for excess inventory obsolescence and declines in net realisable value below cost and a reversal or an allowance is recorded against the inventory balance for any such excess or declines. Possible changes in these estimates would result in revisions to the valuation of inventory.

(d) Property development

The Group recognises property development revenue and expenses in the profit or loss by using the stage of completion method. The stage of completion is determined by the proportion that property development costs incurred for work performed to date bear to the estimated total property development costs.

**NOTES TO THE
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**
31 DECEMBER 2014

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

3.2 Key sources of estimation uncertainty (continued)

(d) Property development (continued)

Significant judgement is required in determining the stage of completion, the extent of the property development costs incurred, the estimated total property development revenue and costs, as well as the recoverability of the property development costs. In making the judgement, the Group evaluates based on past experience and by relying on the work of specialists. The carrying amounts of assets and liabilities of the Group arising from property development activities are disclosed in Note 14.

(e) Impairment of loans and receivables

The Group assesses at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset is impaired. To determine whether there is objective evidence of impairment, the Group considers factors such as the probability of insolvency or significant financial difficulties of the debtor and default or significant delay in payments.

Where there is objective evidence of impairment, the amount and timing of future cash flows are estimated based on historical loss experience for assets with similar credit risk characteristics. The carrying amount of the Group's loans and receivables at the reporting date is disclosed in Note 11. As at 31 December 2014, the allowance for impairment of the Group is RM18,382,000 (2013: RM17,761,000).

(f) Taxes

Uncertainties exist with respect to the interpretation of complex tax regulations, changes in tax laws, and the amount of timing of future taxable income. Given the variety of businesses in various countries, differences arising between the actual results and the assumptions made, or future changes to such assumptions, could necessitate future adjustments to tax income and expense already recorded. The Group establishes provisions, based on reasonable estimates, for possible consequences of audits by the tax authorities of the respective countries in which it operates. The amount of such provisions is based on various factors, such as experience of previous tax audits and differing interpretations of tax regulations by the taxable entity and the responsible tax authority. Such differences of interpretation may arise on a wide variety of issues depending on the conditions prevailing in the respective domicile of the Group companies.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all unused tax losses, unabsorbed capital allowances and other deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the tax losses and capital allowances and other deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies. As of 31 December 2014, the Group has deferred tax assets of RM12,594,000 (2013: RM13,010,000).

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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4. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

| Group | Freehold land RM'000 | Leasehold land | | Buildings RM'000 | Roads and infrastructure RM'000 | Plant and equipment RM'000 | Assets under construction RM'000 | Total RM'000 |
|--|-------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|-----------------|
| | | Long term RM'000 | Short term RM'000 | | | | | |
| At cost or valuation | | | | | | | | |
| At 1 January 2013 | 127,517 | 200,050 | 40,134 | 362,910 | 172,700 | 617,808 | 41,744 | 1,562,863 |
| Additions | 774 | - | - | 49,978 | 20,984 | 58,673 | 45,914 | 176,323 |
| Reclassifications | - | 3,291 | - | 23,165 | 2,605 | 18,895 | (47,956) | - |
| Transfer from/(to) investment properties | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | (456) |
| - Offset of accumulated depreciation | - | (456) | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - Revaluation of property transferred out | - | 1,176 | - | - | - | - | - | 1,176 |
| - Transfer of carrying amount (Note 6) | 236 | (2,410) | - | 532 | - | - | - | (1,642) |
| - Transfer to land held for property development | - | (38,384) | (1,365) | (12,586) | - | - | - | (52,335) |
| Disposal of subsidiaries | - | - | (4,346) | (12,594) | - | (22,142) | - | (39,082) |
| Disposals | - | - | - | (53) | - | (23,019) | - | (23,072) |
| Written off | - | - | - | (6,880) | (31) | (15,348) | - | (22,259) |
| Exchange differences | - | - | 181 | 197 | - | 480 | - | 858 |
| At 31 December 2013/1 January 2014 | 128,527 | 163,267 | 34,604 | 404,669 | 196,258 | 635,347 | 39,702 | 1,602,374 |
| Additions | 297 | - | - | 11,926 | 22,298 | 59,549 | 36,283 | 130,353 |
| Reclassifications | 12,622 | (14,521) | 1,899 | 5,399 | 1,484 | 23,758 | (30,641) | - |
| Transfer from investment properties | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - Revaluation of property transferred out | 13,732 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 13,732 |
| - Transfer of carrying amount (Note 6) | 12,122 | - | - | 3,738 | - | - | - | 15,860 |
| Disposals | - | (21,290) | - | (36,325) | (76) | (10,926) | - | (68,617) |
| Written off | - | - | - | (571) | (72) | (3,306) | - | (3,949) |
| Exchange differences | - | - | - | - | - | 25 | - | 25 |
| At 31 December 2014 | 167,300 | 127,456 | 36,503 | 388,836 | 219,892 | 704,447 | 45,344 | 1,689,778 |
| Analysis of cost or valuation | | | | | | | | |
| Cost | 167,300 | 127,456 | 36,503 | 386,361 | 219,892 | 704,447 | 45,344 | 1,687,303 |
| Valuation 1984 | - | - | - | 2,475 | - | - | - | 2,475 |
| | 167,300 | 127,456 | 36,503 | 388,836 | 219,892 | 704,447 | 45,344 | 1,689,778 |

NOTES TO THE
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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4. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

| | Freehold land | | Leasehold land | | Buildings RM'000 | Roads and infrastructure RM'000 | Plant and equipment RM'000 | Assets under construction RM'000 | Total RM'000 |
|---|---------------|---------|------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|-----------------|
| | RM'000 | RM'000 | Long term RM'000 | Short term RM'000 | | | | | |
| Group (continued) | | | | | | | | | |
| Accumulated depreciation | | | | | | | | | |
| At 1 January 2013 | - | 31,020 | 5,685 | 122,128 | 50,002 | 317,839 | - | 526,674 | |
| Depreciation charge for the year (Note 23) | - | 2,847 | 1,559 | 13,130 | 10,749 | 51,700 | - | 79,985 | |
| Offset of accumulated depreciation on property transferred to investment properties | - | (456) | - | - | - | - | - | (456) | |
| Transfer to land held for property development | - | (4,001) | (131) | (5,067) | - | - | - | (9,199) | |
| Disposal of subsidiaries | - | - | (1,129) | (2,864) | - | (10,517) | - | (14,510) | |
| Disposals | - | - | - | (25) | - | (13,544) | - | (13,569) | |
| Written off | - | - | - | (2,914) | - | (11,294) | - | (14,208) | |
| Exchange differences | - | - | 45 | 47 | - | 337 | - | 429 | |
| At 31 December 2013/1 January 2014 | - | 29,410 | 6,029 | 124,435 | 60,751 | 334,521 | - | 555,146 | |
| Reclassification | - | (221) | 221 | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Depreciation charge for the year (Note 23) | - | 9 | 512 | 13,958 | 13,040 | 55,193 | - | 82,712 | |
| Disposals | - | (2,801) | - | (6,124) | (60) | (8,011) | - | (16,996) | |
| Written off | - | - | - | (449) | (30) | (2,495) | - | (2,974) | |
| Exchange differences | - | - | - | - | - | 25 | - | 25 | |
| At 31 December 2014 | - | 26,397 | 6,762 | 131,820 | 73,701 | 379,233 | - | 617,913 | |
| Net carrying amount | | | | | | | | | |
| At 31 December 2013 | 128,527 | 133,857 | 28,575 | 280,234 | 135,507 | 300,826 | 39,702 | 1,047,228 | |
| At 31 December 2014 | 167,300 | 101,059 | 29,741 | 257,016 | 146,191 | 325,214 | 45,344 | 1,071,865 | |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 DECEMBER 2014

4. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

Group (continued)

- (a) The revalued buildings of RM2,475,000 (2013: RM2,475,000) had been undertaken by the directors on the basis of an independent valuation by a professional firm of valuers on an existing use basis conducted in 1984. The property, plant and equipment continued to be stated on the basis of their 1984 valuations as allowed by the transitional provisions issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board ["MASB"] upon adoption of International Accounting Standard No.16 (Revised), Property, Plant and Equipment.

Had the revalued buildings of the Group been measured using the cost model, the revalued buildings would have been fully depreciated (2013: fully depreciated).

- (b) The title of the Group's long term leasehold land with carrying amount of RM3,796,000 (2013: RM3,850,000) stipulated that not less than 30% of the undivided share of the said land or not less than 30% of the equity of the subsidiary being the registered owner of the said land, shall be transferred to/held by/registered in the name of native(s) on or before July 2012 ["Native Condition"]. In year 2012, the Land and Survey Department in Kota Kinabalu had granted further extension up to July 2017 to comply with the Native Condition.
- (c) Private caveat was entered by third parties on the Group's long term leasehold land with carrying amount of RM3,079,000 (2013: RM3,122,000) as disclosed in Note 34(b) to the financial statements.
- (d) In year 2012, caveats by the Assistant Collector of Land Revenue were lodged over parcels of native titles which a subsidiary had subleased from natives. The sublease is accounted for as leasehold land with unexpired period of less than 50 years and with carrying amount of RM17,870,000 (2013: RM18,196,000).

Included in additions was interest expense capitalised amounted to RM819,000 (2013: RM117,000).

**NOTES TO THE
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

31 DECEMBER 2014

4. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

| | Buildings RM'000 | Plant and equipment RM'000 | Total RM'000 |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|---|-------------------------|
| Company | | | |
| At cost | | | |
| At 1 January 2013 | 187 | 4,939 | 5,126 |
| Additions | - | 567 | 567 |
| Disposals | - | (768) | (768) |
| At 31 December 2013/2014 | 187 | 4,738 | 4,925 |
| Accumulated depreciation | | | |
| At 1 January 2013 | 157 | 2,790 | 2,947 |
| Charge for the year (Note 23) | 4 | 690 | 694 |
| Disposals | - | (768) | (768) |
| At 31 December 2013/1 January 2014 | 161 | 2,712 | 2,873 |
| Charge for the year (Note 23) | 4 | 657 | 661 |
| At 31 December 2014 | 165 | 3,369 | 3,534 |
| Net carrying amount | | | |
| At 31 December 2013 | 26 | 2,026 | 2,052 |
| At 31 December 2014 | 22 | 1,369 | 1,391 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 DECEMBER 2014

5. BIOLOGICAL ASSETS

| | Group | |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| At cost or valuation | | |
| At 1 January | 436,030 | 428,798 |
| Additions | 5,461 | 7,475 |
| Written off (Note 23) | (460) | (243) |
| At 31 December | 441,031 | 436,030 |
| Analysis of cost or valuation | | |
| Cost | 368,116 | 363,115 |
| Valuation 1984 | 72,915 | 72,915 |
| | 441,031 | 436,030 |

The 1984 valuation of certain plantation land had been undertaken by the directors on the basis of an independent valuation by a professional firm of valuers on an existing use basis. The biological assets continued to be stated on the basis of their 1984 valuations as allowed by the transitional provisions issued by the MASB upon adoption of International Accounting Standard No.16 (Revised), Property, Plant and Equipment.

The net carrying amount of biological assets stated at the 1984 valuation had they been stated at cost would have been RM27,586,000 (2013: RM27,586,000).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 DECEMBER 2014

6. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

Investment properties owned by the Group comprise completed investment properties and IPUC. Completed investment properties include land that are held for a currently undetermined future use or held for long term capital appreciation.

| | Completed investment properties RM'000 | IPUC RM'000 | Total RM'000 |
|---|---|------------------------|-------------------------|
| Group | | | |
| At 1 January 2013 | 423,540 | 217,409 | 640,949 |
| Additions from acquisition | 1,261 | - | 1,261 |
| Additions from subsequent expenditure | 511 | 84,917 | 85,428 |
| Reclassification | 36,000 | (36,000) | - |
| Transfer from/(to): | | | |
| - Property, plant and equipment (Note 4) | 1,642 | - | 1,642 |
| - Land held for property development (Note 9) | (45,893) | - | (45,893) |
| - Property development costs (Note 14) | - | 448 | 448 |
| Write off | (530) | - | (530) |
| Gains from fair value adjustments recognised in profit or loss (Note 23) | 23,371 | 5,400 | 28,771 |
| At 31 December 2013/1 January 2014 | 439,902 | 272,174 | 712,076 |
| Additions from acquisition | 21,724 | - | 21,724 |
| Additions from subsequent expenditure | 1,078 | 109,145 | 110,223 |
| Reclassification | 373,236 | (373,236) | - |
| Transfer (to)/from property, plant and equipment (Note 4) | (36,081) | 20,221 | (15,860) |
| Disposal | (5,898) | - | (5,898) |
| Write off | (124) | - | (124) |
| Gains from fair value adjustments recognised in profit or loss (Note 23) | 189,437 | - | 189,437 |
| At 31 December 2014 | 983,274 | 28,304 | 1,011,578 |
| | | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Represented by: | | | |
| Freehold land and buildings | | 700,740 | 529,598 |
| Long term leasehold land and buildings | | 310,838 | 182,478 |
| | | 1,011,578 | 712,076 |

Included in additions from subsequent expenditure for IPUC was interest expense capitalised amounted to RM7,157,000 (2013: RM5,738,000).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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7. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES

| | Company | |
|---|----------------|----------------|
| | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Quoted shares in Malaysia, at cost | 806,860 | 806,860 |
| Unquoted shares, at cost | 1,395,941 | 1,249,345 |
| | 2,202,801 | 2,056,205 |
| Less: Impairment losses – unquoted shares | (81,658) | - |
| | 2,121,143 | 2,056,205 |
| Market value of quoted shares | 1,051,313 | 1,122,517 |

Details of subsidiaries as of 31 December 2014 are as follows:

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| Name of subsidiaries | Principal activities | Country of incorporation | Equity interest held (%) | |
|--|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|-------|
| | | | 2014 | 2013 |
| Held by the Company: | | | | |
| * Hap Seng Plantations Holdings Berhad ["HSP"] | Investment holding and carrying out marketing and trading activities for its subsidiaries | Malaysia | 52.38 | 52.36 |
| Hap Seng Land Sdn Bhd | Property development, investment holding and provision of management services | Malaysia | 100 | 100 |
| * Hap Seng Auto Sdn Bhd | Trading in motor vehicles and spare parts, servicing of motor vehicles and investment holding | Malaysia | 100 | 100 |
| Hap Seng Fertilizers Sdn Bhd | Trading and distribution of fertilisers and agro-chemicals | Malaysia | 100 | 100 |
| Macro Arch (M) Sdn Bhd | Investment holding | Malaysia | 100 | 100 |
| Palms Edge (M) Sdn Bhd | Investment holding | Malaysia | 100 | 100 |
| Hap Seng Building Materials Holdings Sdn Bhd | Investment holding | Malaysia | 100 | 100 |
| Hap Seng Trading Holdings Sdn Bhd | Investment holding | Malaysia | 100 | 100 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 DECEMBER 2014

7. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

| Name of subsidiaries | Principal activities | Country of incorporation | Equity interest held (%) | |
|--|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|------|
| | | | 2014 | 2013 |
| Held by the Company (continued): | | | | |
| * Hap Seng Credit Sdn Bhd | Provision of financial services | Malaysia | 100 | 100 |
| * Hap Seng Automotive Acceptance Sdn Bhd | Provision of financial services | Malaysia | 100 | 100 |
| # Hap Seng Capital Pte Ltd | Provision of financial services | Singapore | 100 | 100 |
| Hap Seng Management Services Sdn Bhd | Provision of management services | Malaysia | 100 | 100 |
| Hap Seng Management Sdn Bhd | Investment holding | Malaysia | 100 | 100 |
| Hap Seng Agrotech Sdn Bhd | Dormant | Malaysia | 100 | 100 |
| Hap Seng Equity Sdn Bhd | Trading in marketable securities | Malaysia | 100 | 100 |
| # Hap Seng Investment Holdings Pte Ltd | Investment holding | Singapore | 100 | - |
| Held by HSP: | | | | |
| * Jeroco Plantations Sdn Bhd | Cultivation of oil palm and processing of fresh fruit bunches | Malaysia | 100 | 100 |
| * Hap Seng Plantations (River Estates) Sdn Bhd | Cultivation of oil palm, processing of fresh fruit bunches and investment holding | Malaysia | 100 | 100 |
| * Hap Seng Plantations (Kota Marudu) Sdn Bhd | Cultivation of oil palm | Malaysia | 100 | 100 |
| * Pelipikan Plantation Sdn Bhd | Cultivation of oil palm | Malaysia | 100 | 100 |
| * Hap Seng Edible Oils Sdn Bhd | Dormant | Malaysia | 100 | 100 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 DECEMBER 2014

7. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

| Name of subsidiaries | Principal activities | Country of incorporation | Equity interest held (%) | |
|--|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|------|
| | | | 2014 | 2013 |
| Held by Hap Seng Plantations (River Estates) Sdn Bhd: | | | | |
| * Hap Seng Plantations (Wecan) Sdn Bhd | Cultivation of oil palm | Malaysia | 100 | 100 |
| * Hap Seng Plantations (Tampilit) Sdn Bhd | Cultivation of oil palm | Malaysia | 100 | 100 |
| * Hap Seng Plantations (Ladang Kawa) Sdn Bhd | Cultivation of oil palm | Malaysia | 100 | 100 |
| Held by Hap Seng Land Sdn Bhd: | | | | |
| * Hap Seng Land Development Sdn Bhd | Investment holding | Malaysia | 100 | 100 |
| Hap Seng Realty Sdn Bhd | Property investment and investment holding | Malaysia | 100 | 100 |
| Held by Hap Seng Land Development Sdn Bhd: | | | | |
| * Hap Seng Properties Development Sdn Bhd | Property development and investment holding | Malaysia | 100 | 100 |
| * Hap Seng Land Development (Kluang) Sdn Bhd | Property development | Malaysia | 100 | 100 |
| Hap Seng Land Development (Puchong) Sdn Bhd | Property development | Malaysia | 100 | 100 |
| Hap Seng Land Development (JTR) Sdn Bhd | Property development | Malaysia | 100 | 100 |
| * Hap Seng Land Development (Jesselton Hill) Sdn Bhd | Property development | Malaysia | 100 | 100 |
| * Hap Seng Land Development (PJ) Sdn Bhd | Property development | Malaysia | 100 | 100 |
| Hap Seng Properties Services (Sabah) Sdn Bhd | Property management and property maintenance | Malaysia | 100 | 100 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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7. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

| Name of subsidiaries | Principal activities | Country of incorporation | Equity interest held (%) | |
|--|----------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|------|
| | | | 2014 | 2013 |
| Held by Hap Seng Land Development Sdn Bhd: (continued) | | | | |
| Euro-Asia Brand Holding Company Sdn Bhd | Dormant | Malaysia | 100 | 100 |
| Richmore Development Sdn Bhd | Dormant | Malaysia | 100 | - |
| Pacific Emerald Properties Sdn Bhd | Property development | Malaysia | 100 | - |
| Hap Seng Land Development (Bangsar) Sdn Bhd | Property development | Malaysia | 80 | 80 |
| Hap Seng Land Development (Balakong) Sdn Bhd | Property development | Malaysia | 80 | 80 |
| Hap Seng Land Development And JCA Sdn Bhd (<i>formerly known as HUB Coaching & Consulting Sdn Bhd</i>) (previously held by Hap Seng Realty Sdn Bhd) | Property development | Malaysia | 60 | 100 |
| Hap Seng Land Development (JTR 2) Sdn Bhd (40% nominal equity interest is held through Hap Seng Land Development Sdn Bhd whilst the other 40% is held through the Company) | Property development | Malaysia | 80 | 80 |
| Held by Hap Seng Properties Development Sdn Bhd: | | | | |
| * Hap Seng Commercial Development Sdn Bhd | Property development | Malaysia | 100 | 100 |
| * Hap Seng Land Development (KK) Sdn Bhd | Property development | Malaysia | 100 | 100 |

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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7. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

| Name of subsidiaries | Principal activities | Country of incorporation | Equity interest held (%) | |
|---|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|------|
| | | | 2014 | 2013 |
| Held by Hap Seng Realty Sdn Bhd: | | | | |
| Menara Hap Seng Sdn Bhd | Property investment | Malaysia | 100 | 100 |
| Hap Seng Realty (Autohaus) Sdn Bhd | Property investment | Malaysia | 100 | 100 |
| Hap Seng Property Investment Sdn Bhd | Property investment | Malaysia | 100 | 100 |
| Hap Seng Realty (Auto) Sdn Bhd | Property investment | Malaysia | 100 | 100 |
| Hap Seng Leisure Sdn Bhd | Providing recreational facilities and services | Malaysia | 100 | 100 |
| Hap Seng Realty (KL City) Sdn Bhd | Investment holding | Malaysia | 100 | 100 |
| Prosperity Projections Sdn Bhd | Property investment | Malaysia | 100 | 100 |
| Lakaran Warisan Sdn Bhd | Property investment | Malaysia | 100 | 100 |
| Hap Seng Realty (KK I) Sdn Bhd | Dormant | Malaysia | 100 | 100 |
| Desa Alam Mewah Sdn Bhd | Property investment | Malaysia | 80 | 80 |
| Held by Hap Seng Auto Sdn Bhd: | | | | |
| * Hap Seng Star Sdn Bhd | Trading in motor vehicles, spare parts and servicing of motor vehicles | Malaysia | 100 | 100 |
| * SKI Segar Sdn Bhd | Trading in motor vehicles | Malaysia | 100 | 100 |
| * Hap Seng Industrial Sdn Bhd | Dormant | Malaysia | 100 | 100 |

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7. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

| Name of subsidiaries | Principal activities | Country of incorporation | Equity interest held (%) | |
|---|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|------|
| | | | 2014 | 2013 |
| Held by Hap Seng Star Sdn Bhd: | | | | |
| # Hap Seng Star Vietnam ^ Limited | Dormant | Hong Kong | 100 | 100 |
| Held by Hap Seng Fertilizers Sdn Bhd: | | | | |
| Hap Seng Chemicals Sdn Bhd | Manufacture and sale of agro-chemicals | Malaysia | 70 | 70 |
| Held by Macro Arch (M) Sdn Bhd: | | | | |
| # PT. Sasco Indonesia (90% nominal equity interest is held through Macro Arch (M) Sdn Bhd whilst the remaining 10% is held through Palms Edge (M) Sdn Bhd) | Trading in fertilisers | Indonesia | 100 | 100 |
| Held by Hap Seng Building Materials Holdings Sdn Bhd: | | | | |
| Hap Seng Building Materials Sdn Bhd | Operation of stone quarries and asphalt plants, manufacture and trading of bricks | Malaysia | 100 | 100 |
| Hap Seng Clay Products Sdn Bhd | Manufacture and trading of clay products | Malaysia | 100 | 100 |
| # Hap Seng Building Materials Marketing Pte Ltd | Trading in building materials | Singapore | 100 | 100 |
| Hap Seng Seri Alam Sdn Bhd | Operation of stone quarries and asphalt plants | Malaysia | 70 | 70 |
| * HS Mining Services Holdings (Thailand) Co., Ltd | Investment holding | Thailand | 49 | - |

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7. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

| Name of subsidiaries | Principal activities | Country of incorporation | Equity interest held (%) | |
|---|-------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|------|
| | | | 2014 | 2013 |
| Held by Hap Seng Clay Products Sdn Bhd: | | | | |
| Kao Fu Bricks Sdn Bhd | Dormant | Malaysia | 100 | 100 |
| Held by HS Mining Services Holdings (Thailand) Co., Ltd: | | | | |
| * HS Mining Services (Thailand) Co., Ltd | Dormant | Thailand | 100 | - |
| Held by Hap Seng Trading Holdings Sdn Bhd: | | | | |
| Hap Seng Trading (BM) Sdn Bhd | Trading in building materials | Malaysia | 100 | 100 |
| Hap Seng (Oil & Transport) Sdn Bhd | Trading in petroleum products | Malaysia | 100 | 100 |
| Held by Hap Seng Capital Pte Ltd: | | | | |
| # Hap Seng Credit Pte Ltd | Dormant | Singapore | 100 | 100 |

* Audited by a firm other than Ernst & Young

Audited by member firms of Ernst & Young Global in the respective countries

^ De-registered on 30 January 2015

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7. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)**(a) Non-controlling interests in subsidiaries**

The Group's subsidiaries that have material non-controlling interests ["NCI"] are as follows:

| | HSP and its subsidiaries ["HSP Group"] RM'000 | Other individually immaterial subsidiaries RM'000 | Total RM'000 |
|--|--|--|-------------------------|
| 2014 | | | |
| NCI percentage of ownership interest and voting interest | 47.62% | | |
| Carrying amount of NCI | 416,589 | 17,278 | 433,867 |
| Profit attributable to NCI | 62,133 | 726 | 62,859 |
| 2013 | | | |
| NCI percentage of ownership interest and voting interest | 47.64% | | |
| Carrying amount of NCI | 404,463 | 10,450 | 414,913 |
| Profit attributable to NCI | 47,569 | 16 | 47,585 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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7. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

(a) Non-controlling interests in subsidiaries (continued)

Summarised financial information before inter-company elimination:

| | HSP Group | |
|---|------------------|------------------|
| | 2014 | 2013 |
| | RM'000 | RM'000 |
| (i) Summarised statements of financial position | | |
| Non-current assets | 1,949,143 | 1,931,654 |
| Current assets | 255,913 | 235,588 |
| Total assets | 2,205,056 | 2,167,242 |
| Non-current liabilities | 196,282 | 195,680 |
| Current liabilities | 61,229 | 47,639 |
| Total liabilities | 257,511 | 243,319 |
| Net assets | 1,947,545 | 1,923,923 |
| Less: Adjustments on net assets upon consolidation to the Group | (1,072,696) | (1,074,860) |
| Adjusted net assets | 874,849 | 849,063 |
| (ii) Summarised statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income | | |
| Revenue | 495,566 | 443,321 |
| Profit for the year representing total comprehensive income for the year | 128,312 | 97,514 |
| (iii) Summarised statements of cash flows | | |
| Net cash flows generated from operating activities | 166,616 | 158,773 |
| Net cash flows used in investing activities | (157,578) | (37,063) |
| Net cash flows used in financing activities | (104,690) | (64,009) |
| Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents | (95,652) | 57,701 |
| Dividends paid to NCI | (49,512) | (29,655) |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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7. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

(b) Disposal of subsidiaries

In the previous financial year:

- (i) the Group disposed the entire equity interest in Hap Seng Star (Vietnam) Sdn Bhd ["HSSV"] for total cash consideration of RM300 million.
- (ii) the Company also disposed the entire equity interest in Aceford Food Industry Pte Ltd ["AFI"] for a cash consideration of RM160 million.

The above disposals had the following effects on the financial results of the Group and the Company:

| | HSSV RM'000 | AFI RM'000 | Total RM'000 |
|--|----------------|-----------------------|-----------------|
| Group | | | |
| Property, plant and equipment | (18,121) | (6,451) | (24,572) |
| Inventories | (26,028) | (7,113) | (33,141) |
| Trade and other receivables | (17,812) | (17,437) | (35,249) |
| Tax recoverable | (60) | - | (60) |
| Cash and bank balances | (55,027) | (1,678) | (56,705) |
| Trade and other payables | 17,905 | 4,435 | 22,340 |
| Tax payable | 110 | 55 | 165 |
| Borrowings | 12,264 | 1,954 | 14,218 |
| Net assets disposed | (86,769) | (26,235) | (113,004) |
| Transfer from foreign exchange reserve | (3,013) | (1,088) | (4,101) |
| | (89,782) | (27,323) | (117,105) |
| Cash consideration | 300,000 | 160,000 | 460,000 |
| | 210,218 | 132,677 | 342,895 |
| Expenses on disposal | (300) | - | (300) |
| Gain on disposals to the Group | 209,918 | 132,677 | 342,595 |
| Cash inflow arising from disposals: | | | |
| Cash consideration | 300,000 | 160,000 | 460,000 |
| Expenses on disposal | (300) | - | (300) |
| Cash and cash equivalents of subsidiaries disposed | (55,027) | (1,678) | (56,705) |
| Net cash inflow on disposals | 244,673 | 158,322 | 402,995 |
| | | AFI RM'000 | |
| Company | | | |
| Cash consideration | | 160,000 | |
| Cost of investment | | (30,565) | |
| Gain on disposal to the Company | | 129,435 | |

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7. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

(c) Disposal and acquisition of equity interest in HSP without losing control

In the previous financial year, the Company disposed an aggregate of 33,262,000 ordinary shares of RM1.00 each representing approximately 4.15% of equity interest in Hap Seng Plantations Holdings Berhad ["HSP Shares" and "HSP"], through open market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad at an average price of RM2.71 per HSP Share. On 9 December 2013, the Company acquired additional 10,813,000 HSP Shares representing 1.35% equity interest of HSP at RM2.50 per HSP Share from Kowa Company Limited through direct business transaction.

After taking into account the aggregate of HSP Shares disposed and HSP Shares acquired, the Company's shareholding in HSP decreased from 55.16% to 52.36%. The difference between the consideration and the carrying amount of the equity interest disposed/acquired of RM41,232,000 and RM26,565,000 at the Group and at the Company respectively was reflected in the statement of changes in equity and profit or loss as summarised below:

| | ← Group → | | | ← Company → | | |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|---------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------|
| | Disposed RM'000 | Acquired RM'000 | Net RM'000 | Disposed RM'000 | Acquired RM'000 | Net RM'000 |
| Carrying amount of equity interest (disposed)/acquired | (33,190) | 11,328 | (21,862) | (63,579) | 27,050 | (36,529) |
| Consideration received/(paid) | 90,144 | (27,050) | 63,094 | 90,144 | (27,050) | 63,094 |
| | 56,954 | (15,722) | 41,232 | 26,565 | - | 26,565 |

(d) Issuance of shares by subsidiaries to non-controlling interests which resulted in reduction of the Group's equity interest in subsidiaries without losing control

During the financial year, Hap Seng Land Development and JCA Sdn Bhd (*formerly known as HUB Coaching & Consulting Sdn Bhd*) enlarged its share capital with a joint venture agreement entered into between Hap Seng Land Development Sdn Bhd and JC Alliance Property Sdn Bhd as disclosed in Note 39(c) has resulted in reduction of the Group's equity interest in the aforesaid subsidiary without losing control.

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8. INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATES

| | Group | | Company | |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Quoted shares, at cost | | | | |
| - In Malaysia | 49,711 | 49,711 | 49,711 | 49,711 |
| - Outside Malaysia | 31,622 | 31,622 | 26,030 | 26,030 |
| | 81,333 | 81,333 | 75,741 | 75,741 |
| Unquoted shares, at cost | 274,010 | 274,010 | 28,000 | 28,000 |
| | 355,343 | 355,343 | 103,741 | 103,741 |
| Share of post-acquisition reserves | 60,369 | 58,101 | - | - |
| | 415,712 | 413,444 | 103,741 | 103,741 |
| Exchange differences | (409) | (3,486) | - | - |
| | 415,303 | 409,958 | 103,741 | 103,741 |
| Less : Accumulated impairment losses | (33,706) | (33,706) | (29,811) | (25,074) |
| - quoted shares | | | | |
| | 381,597 | 376,252 | 73,930 | 78,667 |
| Market value of quoted shares | 85,992 | 82,739 | 85,992 | 82,739 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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8. INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATES (CONTINUED)

Details of associates as of 31 December 2014 are as follows:

| Name of Associates | Principal Activities | Country of Incorporation | Financial Year End | Equity interest held (%) | |
|--|---|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-------|
| | | | | 2014 | 2013 |
| Held by the Company: | | | | | |
| * Paos Holdings Berhad | Investment holding | Malaysia | 31 May | 24.96 | 24.96 |
| # Lam Soon (Thailand) Public Company Limited ["LST"] | Manufacture and distribution of palm oil | Thailand | 31 December | 20.00 | 20.00 |
| Vintage Heights Sdn Bhd | Property development and operation of oil palm estate | Malaysia | 30 June | 20.00 | 20.00 |
| * EAC Holdings (Malaysia) Sdn Bhd | Liquidated | Malaysia | 31 December | - | 20.00 |
| Held by Hap Seng Realty (KL City) Sdn Bhd: | | | | | |
| * Inverfin Sdn Bhd ["Inverfin"] | Property investment, office and food court management | Malaysia | 31 December | 49.99 | 49.99 |

* Audited by a firm other than Ernst & Young

Audited by member firm of Ernst & Young Global in the respective countries

The financial statements of the above associates are coterminous with those of the Group, except for Paos Holdings Berhad and Vintage Heights Sdn Bhd whose financial year end on 31 May and 30 June respectively are coterminous with their respective holding companies' financial year end. For the purpose of applying the equity method of accounting, the latest available financial information have been used and appropriate adjustments have been made for the effects of significant transactions between the dates of the latest available financial information and 31 December 2014.

EAC Holdings (Malaysia) Sdn Bhd has completed its liquidation process during the financial year.

The following table summarises the information of the Group's material associates, adjusted for any differences in accounting policies and reconciles the information to the carrying amount of the Group's interest in the associates.

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8. INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATES (CONTINUED)

| | Inverfin RM'000 | LST RM'000 | Other individually immaterial associates RM'000 | Total RM'000 |
|---|--------------------|----------------|---|------------------|
| 2014 | | | | |
| (i) Summarised statements of financial position | | | | |
| Non-current assets | 693,815 | 263,349 | 317,059 | 1,274,223 |
| Current assets | 44,571 | 293,657 | 41,105 | 379,333 |
| Total assets | 738,386 | 557,006 | 358,164 | 1,653,556 |
| Non-current liabilities | 192,715 | 21,960 | 43,569 | 258,244 |
| Current liabilities | 13,593 | 225,277 | 11,311 | 250,181 |
| Total liabilities | 206,308 | 247,237 | 54,880 | 508,425 |
| Net assets | 532,078 | 309,769 | 303,284 | 1,145,131 |
| Non-controlling interests | - | (36,785) | - | (36,785) |
| Net assets attributable to owner of associates | 532,078 | 272,984 | 303,284 | 1,108,346 |
| (ii) Summarised statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income | | | | |
| Revenue | 47,269 | 799,888 | 74,516 | 921,673 |
| Profit/(loss) for the year | 21,704 | 24,525 | (6,755) | 39,474 |
| (iii) Reconciliation of net assets to carrying amount of Group's interest in associates | | | | |
| Group's share of net assets | 266,039 | 54,597 | 65,609 | 386,245 |
| Goodwill | 954 | 318 | 27,786 | 29,058 |
| Impairment losses | - | - | (33,706) | (33,706) |
| Carrying amount of Group's interest in associates | 266,993 | 54,915 | 59,689 | 381,597 |
| (iv) Group's share of results of associates | 10,852 | 4,904 | (1,320) | 14,436 |
| (v) Dividends received from associates | 8,500 | 2,914 | 754 | 12,168 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 DECEMBER 2014

8. INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATES (CONTINUED)

| | Inverfin RM'000 | LST RM'000 | Other individually immaterial associates RM'000 | Total RM'000 |
|---|--------------------|----------------|---|------------------|
| 2013 | | | | |
| (i) Summarised statements of financial position | | | | |
| Non-current assets | 688,309 | 219,665 | 319,087 | 1,227,061 |
| Current assets | 43,225 | 239,245 | 47,248 | 329,718 |
| Total assets | 731,534 | 458,910 | 366,335 | 1,556,779 |
| Non-current liabilities | 192,279 | 9,102 | 40,219 | 241,600 |
| Current liabilities | 11,881 | 169,622 | 13,057 | 194,560 |
| Total liabilities | 204,160 | 178,724 | 53,276 | 436,160 |
| Net assets | 527,374 | 280,186 | 313,059 | 1,120,619 |
| Non-controlling interests | - | (32,539) | - | (32,539) |
| Net assets attributable to owner of associates | 527,374 | 247,647 | 313,059 | 1,088,080 |
| (ii) Summarised statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income | | | | |
| Revenue | 45,043 | 658,435 | 265,995 | 969,473 |
| Profit for the year | 3,617 | 49,142 | 8,403 | 61,162 |
| (iii) Reconciliation of net assets to carrying amount of Group's interest in associates | | | | |
| Group's share of net assets | 263,687 | 49,530 | 67,683 | 380,900 |
| Goodwill | 954 | 318 | 27,786 | 29,058 |
| Impairment losses | - | - | (33,706) | (33,706) |
| Carrying amount of Group's interest in associates | 264,641 | 49,848 | 61,763 | 376,252 |
| (iv) Group's share of results of associates | 1,805 | 9,828 | 2,181 | 13,814 |
| (v) Dividends received from associates | 17,000 | 2,982 | 754 | 20,736 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 DECEMBER 2014

9. LAND HELD FOR PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT

| | Group | |
|--|----------------|----------------|
| | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Cost: | | |
| At 1 January | 358,301 | 375,164 |
| Additions | 58,091 | 35,165 |
| Transfer from/(to): | | |
| - property, plant and equipment (Note 4) | - | 43,136 |
| - investment properties (Note 6) | - | 45,893 |
| - property development costs (Note 14) | (48,192) | (141,057) |
| At 31 December | 368,200 | 358,301 |
| Represented by: | | |
| Freehold land | 18,443 | 17,554 |
| Leasehold land | 258,481 | 271,152 |
| Land development expenditure | 91,276 | 69,595 |
| | 368,200 | 358,301 |

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10. GOODWILL

| | Group | |
|--------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| At 1 January/31 December | 36,736 | 36,736 |

The goodwill arising from the acquisition of additional shares in HSP in prior years has been tested for impairment at the end of the reporting period. The recoverable amount of the CGU has been determined based on the fair value less costs to sell, where the fair value is measured using quoted price.

During the financial year, no impairment loss was recognised as the recoverable amount is more than the carrying amount.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 DECEMBER 2014

11. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

| | Group | | Company | |
|--|------------------|------------------|----------------|----------------|
| | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 |
| | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 |
| Non-current | | | | |
| Trade receivables | | | | |
| Lease receivables | 10,420 | 13,067 | - | - |
| Hire purchase receivables | 566,318 | 576,726 | - | - |
| Loan receivables | 577,626 | 470,476 | - | - |
| | 1,154,364 | 1,060,269 | - | - |
| Less: Allowance for impairment | (5,575) | (5,345) | - | - |
| Advances received | (36,797) | (33,456) | - | - |
| | 1,111,992 | 1,021,468 | - | - |
| Current | | | | |
| Trade receivables | | | | |
| Third parties | 526,883 | 577,997 | - | - |
| Lease receivables | 8,058 | 6,840 | - | - |
| Hire purchase receivables | 493,943 | 484,715 | - | - |
| Loan receivables | 266,237 | 135,999 | - | - |
| Accrued billings | 178,530 | 60,259 | - | - |
| Amounts due from related companies | 884 | 1,994 | - | - |
| Amounts due from associates | 17 | 93 | 17 | 17 |
| | 1,474,552 | 1,267,897 | 17 | 17 |
| Less: Allowance for impairment | (12,807) | (12,416) | - | - |
| Interest in suspense | (7,979) | (7,577) | - | - |
| Advances received | (29,425) | (26,163) | - | - |
| | 1,424,341 | 1,221,741 | 17 | 17 |
| Other receivables | | | | |
| Sundry receivables | 66,755 | 61,113 | 979 | 181 |
| Prepayments | 36,701 | 24,513 | 9,226 | 5,358 |
| Amounts due from subsidiaries | - | - | 792,653 | 716,902 |
| Amounts due from associates | 10 | 24 | 10 | 24 |
| | 103,466 | 85,650 | 802,868 | 722,465 |
| | 1,527,807 | 1,307,391 | 802,885 | 722,482 |
| Total trade and other receivables (current and non-current) | 2,639,799 | 2,328,859 | 802,885 | 722,482 |
| Less: Accrued billings | (178,530) | (60,259) | - | - |
| Prepayments | (36,701) | (24,513) | (9,226) | (5,358) |
| Add: Cash and bank balances (Note 15) | 317,068 | 582,464 | 60,854 | 238,622 |
| Total loans and receivables | 2,741,636 | 2,826,551 | 854,513 | 955,746 |

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11. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

(a) Trade receivables

(i) Third parties

These amounts are non-interest bearing. The Group's normal trade credit term ranges from 30 to 90 days (2013: 30 to 90 days). Other credit terms are assessed and approved on a case-by-case basis.

(ii) Lease receivables and hire purchase receivables

Lease receivables and hire purchase receivables consist of the following:

| Group | Gross receivables RM'000 | Unearned interest RM'000 | Net receivables RM'000 |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 2014 | | | |
| Less than 1 year | 559,101 | (57,100) | 502,001 |
| Between 1 and 5 years | 608,694 | (32,261) | 576,433 |
| More than 5 years | 10,327 | (10,022) | 305 |
| | 1,178,122 | (99,383) | 1,078,739 |
| 2013 | | | |
| Less than 1 year | 548,298 | (56,743) | 491,555 |
| Between 1 and 5 years | 623,859 | (34,466) | 589,393 |
| More than 5 years | 6,265 | (5,865) | 400 |
| | 1,178,422 | (97,074) | 1,081,348 |

(iii) Amounts due from related companies

Amounts due from related companies are non-interest bearing and repayable in accordance with the normal trade credit terms disclosed in Note 11(a)(i).

(iv) Amounts due from associates

Amounts due from associates are non-interest bearing and repayable in accordance with the normal trade credit terms disclosed in Note 11(a)(i).

Ageing analysis of trade receivables

| | Group | | Company | |
|--------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Total trade receivables: | | | | |
| - Current | 1,474,552 | 1,267,897 | 17 | 17 |
| - Non-current | 1,154,364 | 1,060,269 | - | - |
| | 2,628,916 | 2,328,166 | 17 | 17 |
| Less: Accrued billings | (178,530) | (60,259) | - | - |
| | 2,450,386 | 2,267,907 | 17 | 17 |

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11. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

(a) Trade receivables (continued)

Ageing analysis of trade receivables (continued)

The ageing analysis of trade receivables is as follows:

| | Group | | Company | |
|------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|----------------|----------------|
| | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Neither past due nor impaired | 1,086,688 | 911,541 | 17 | 17 |
| Past due but not impaired: | | | | |
| - Past due 1 – 30 days | 157,888 | 152,404 | - | - |
| - Past due 31 – 90 days | 95,865 | 94,996 | - | - |
| - Past due more than 90 days | 34,438 | 24,725 | - | - |
| | 288,191 | 272,125 | - | - |
| Assessed for individual impairment | 28,651 | 35,524 | - | - |
| Assessed for collective impairment | 1,046,856 | 1,048,717 | - | - |
| Total trade receivables | 2,450,386 | 2,267,907 | 17 | 17 |

Impairment losses in respect of trade receivables are recorded as allowance. Unless the Group is satisfied that recovery of the amount is possible, the amount considered irrecoverable is written off against the receivable directly.

The movement in the allowance for impairment account is as follows:

| | Group | |
|---|----------------|----------------|
| | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| At 1 January | 17,761 | 12,942 |
| Allowance for impairment (Note 23) | 11,658 | 7,995 |
| Reversal of impairment losses (Note 23) | (6,050) | (1,839) |
| Written off | (4,990) | (865) |
| Disposal of subsidiaries | - | (506) |
| Exchange differences | 3 | 34 |
| At 31 December | 18,382 | 17,761 |

**NOTES TO THE
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11. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)**(a) Trade receivables (continued)**Receivables that are neither past due nor impaired

Trade receivables that are neither past due nor impaired are creditworthy debtors with good payment records with the Group.

None of the Group's trade receivables that are neither past due nor impaired have been renegotiated during the financial year.

Receivables that are past due but not impaired

The Group has trade receivables amounting to RM288,191,000 (2013: RM272,125,000) that are past due at the reporting date but not impaired.

Receivables that are assessed for individual impairment

The Group's trade receivables that are assessed for individual impairment at the reporting date are as follows:

| | Group 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Trade receivables - nominal amounts | 28,651 | 35,524 |
| Less: Allowance for impairment | (14,352) | (14,634) |
| | 14,299 | 20,890 |

Trade receivables that are individually determined to be impaired at the reporting date relate to debtors that are in financial difficulties and have defaulted on payments. More than 69% (2013: 75%) of these receivables are secured by collateral. The main types of collateral held by the Group to mitigate credit risk are commercial and residential properties, machineries and motor vehicles.

Receivables that are assessed for collective impairment

This is in respect of hire purchase receivables which have been assessed for collective impairment as follows:

| | Group 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
|--|----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Not past due | 868,749 | 911,334 |
| Past due 1 - 30 days | 116,133 | 78,034 |
| Past due 31 - 90 days | 61,974 | 59,349 |
| Total assessed for collective impairment | | |
| - nominal amounts | 1,046,856 | 1,048,717 |
| Less: Allowance for impairment | (4,030) | (3,127) |
| | 1,042,826 | 1,045,590 |

All the above receivables are secured by collateral and the main types of collateral held by the Group to mitigate credit risk are machineries and motor vehicles.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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11. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

(b) Other receivables

(i) Amounts due from subsidiaries

Amounts due from subsidiaries are unsecured, interest bearing and repayable on demand. During the financial year, interest is charged at 4.00% (2013: 1.50% to 4.00%) per annum.

(ii) Amounts due from associates

Amounts due from associates are unsecured, non-interest bearing and repayable on demand.

Included in trade and other receivables of the Group and of the Company are amounts denominated in foreign currencies (currencies other than the respective functional currencies of the Group entities) as follows:

| | Group | |
|------------------------------|--------|--------|
| | 2014 | 2013 |
| | RM'000 | RM'000 |
| United States Dollar ["USD"] | 2,302 | 3,030 |
| Indonesian Rupiah ["IDR"] | 18,466 | 40,186 |
| | 20,768 | 43,216 |

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12. OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

| | Group | |
|--|--------|--------|
| | 2014 | 2013 |
| | RM'000 | RM'000 |
| (a) Other financial assets | | |
| <i>Non-current</i> | | |
| Available-for-sale financial assets | | |
| - Equity instruments (unquoted in Malaysia) at cost | 30,012 | 30,000 |
| Derivatives - designated as hedging instrument | | |
| - Cross currency interest rate swaps - cash flow hedges | 16,790 | 11,434 |
| | 46,802 | 41,434 |
| <i>Current</i> | | |
| Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | | |
| - Held for trading equity instruments (quoted in Malaysia) | 33,012 | - |
| Derivatives - designated as hedging instrument | | |
| - Forward currency contracts - fair value hedges | 5 | 10 |
| - Cross currency interest rate swaps - cash flow hedges | 31,861 | - |
| | 64,878 | 10 |

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31 DECEMBER 2014

12. OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

| | Group | 2013 |
|---|---------------|---------------|
| | 2014 | RM'000 |
| | RM'000 | RM'000 |
| (b) Other financial liabilities | | |
| Current | | |
| Derivatives - designated as hedging instrument | | |
| -Forward currency contracts - fair value hedges | - | (17) |

Derivatives

(i) Forward currency contracts

The Group uses forward currency contracts to manage the foreign currency exposures arising from its receivables, payables and firm commitments denominated in USD for which existed at the reporting date, extending to March 2015 (2013: January/February 2014). Hedges of foreign currency risk which meet the strict criteria for hedge accounting have been accounted for as a fair value hedge. Other hedges of foreign currency risk that have not been accounted for as a fair value hedge or those that do not qualify for hedge accounting, have been designated at fair value through profit or loss.

(ii) Cross currency interest rate swaps

The Group entered into and designated cross currency interest rate swaps as hedging instruments in a cash flow hedge of the borrowings denominated in Singapore Dollars and US Dollars and bearing interest at floating rates. These contracts are entered into for periods consistent with the foreign currency and floating interest rate exposures. As a result, the Group pays a fixed rate of interest for the borrowings. The terms of the cross currency interest rate swaps match the terms of the borrowings and the cash flow hedge have been assessed as highly effective. No hedge ineffectiveness has arisen requiring recognition through profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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13. INVENTORIES

| | Group | |
|---|----------------|----------------|
| | 2014 | 2013 |
| | RM'000 | RM'000 |
| Cost | | |
| Properties held for sale | 58,245 | 89,523 |
| Raw materials | 63,081 | 54,415 |
| Produce inventories | 18,593 | 13,958 |
| Work-in-progress | 3,320 | 2,223 |
| Finished goods | 290,064 | 179,116 |
| | <u>433,303</u> | <u>339,235</u> |
| Net realisable value | | |
| Raw materials | 7,334 | 9,161 |
| Finished goods | 93,253 | 138,827 |
| | <u>100,587</u> | <u>147,988</u> |
| | <u>533,890</u> | <u>487,223</u> |
| Recognised in profit or loss | | |
| Inventories recognised as cost of sales | 2,107,488 | 2,454,666 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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14. PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT COSTS

| | Land RM'000 | Development costs RM'000 | Accumulated costs charged to profit or loss RM'000 | Total RM'000 |
|--|----------------|--------------------------------|--|-----------------|
| Group | | | | |
| At 1 January 2013 | 184,880 | 740,809 | (565,750) | 359,939 |
| Transfer from/(to): | | | | |
| - Investment properties (Note 6) | - | (230) | (218) | (448) |
| - Land held for property development (Note 9) | 114,621 | 26,436 | - | 141,057 |
| - Inventories | - | (91,607) | - | (91,607) |
| Costs incurred during the year | 245,296 | 182,613 | - | 427,909 |
| Costs charged to profit or loss | - | - | (222,702) | (222,702) |
| Reversal of completed projects | (40,541) | (253,580) | 294,121 | - |
| At 31 December 2013/1 January 2014 | 504,256 | 604,441 | (494,549) | 614,148 |
| Transfer from: | | | | |
| - Land held for property development (Note 9) | 26,648 | 21,544 | - | 48,192 |
| Costs incurred during the year | - | 367,337 | - | 367,337 |
| Costs charged to profit or loss | - | - | (371,061) | (371,061) |
| Reversal of completed projects | (30,429) | (107,965) | 138,394 | - |
| At 31 December 2014 | 500,475 | 885,357 | (727,216) | 658,616 |

Included in the property development costs incurred during the financial year were interest expense capitalised of RM16,567,000 (2013: RM13,419,000).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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15. CASH AND BANK BALANCES

| | Group | | Company | |
|---------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Cash at banks and on hand | 156,393 | 97,108 | 1,464 | 6,622 |
| Deposits with licensed banks | 160,675 | 485,356 | 59,390 | 232,000 |
| Cash and bank balances | 317,068 | 582,464 | 60,854 | 238,622 |
| Less: Bank overdrafts (Note 18) | (3,276) | (8,916) | - | - |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 313,792 | 573,548 | 60,854 | 238,622 |

Included in cash at banks of the Group are amounts of RM21,642,000 (2013: RM23,886,000), the utilisation of which is subject to the Housing Developers (Housing Development Account) (Amendment) Regulations 2002 and the Housing Developers (Project Account) Rules 1995.

Included in cash and bank balances of the Group are amounts denominated in foreign currencies (currencies other than the respective functional currencies of the Group entities) as follows:

| | Group | |
|-----|----------------|----------------|
| | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| USD | 773 | 3,881 |
| IDR | 9,701 | 13,144 |
| | 10,474 | 17,025 |

Other information on financial risks of cash and cash equivalents are disclosed in Note 36.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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16. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

| | Group | | Company | |
|--|------------------|------------------|--------------|--------------|
| | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 |
| | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 |
| Non-current | | | | |
| Other payables | | | | |
| Deposits from lessees | 5,249 | 6,014 | - | - |
| Current | | | | |
| Trade payables | | | | |
| Third parties | 287,320 | 294,868 | - | - |
| Amounts due to subsidiaries | - | - | 468 | 318 |
| Amounts due to related companies | 126 | 1,298 | - | - |
| | 287,446 | 296,166 | 468 | 318 |
| Other payables | | | | |
| Accruals | 153,157 | 92,472 | 3,930 | 3,490 |
| Sundry payables | 86,021 | 52,368 | 113 | 83 |
| | 239,178 | 144,840 | 4,043 | 3,573 |
| | 526,624 | 441,006 | 4,511 | 3,891 |
| Total trade and other payables (current and non-current) | 531,873 | 447,020 | 4,511 | 3,891 |
| Add: Borrowings (Note 18) | 2,618,872 | 2,498,573 | - | - |
| Total financial liabilities carried at amortised cost | 3,150,745 | 2,945,593 | 4,511 | 3,891 |

(a) Trade payables

(i) Third parties

These amounts are non-interest bearing. The normal trade credit terms granted to the Group range from 30 to 90 days (2013: 30 to 90 days).

(ii) Amounts due to subsidiaries

Amounts due to subsidiaries are non-interest bearing and are payable in accordance with the normal trade credit terms disclosed in Note 16(a)(i).

(iii) Amounts due to related companies

Amounts due to related companies are non-interest bearing and are payable in accordance with the normal trade credit terms disclosed in Note 16(a)(i).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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16. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES (CONTINUED)

(b) Other payables

These amounts are non-interest bearing and payable in accordance with the normal trade terms.

Included in trade and other payables of the Group are amounts denominated in foreign currencies (currencies which are other than the respective functional currencies of the Group entities) as follows:

| | Group | |
|-----|--------|--------|
| | 2014 | 2013 |
| | RM'000 | RM'000 |
| USD | - | 33,449 |
| IDR | 915 | 2,173 |
| | 915 | 35,622 |

17. PROVISIONS

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| | Group | |
|---|---------|--------|
| | 2014 | 2013 |
| | RM'000 | RM'000 |
| <i>Provision for property development obligations:</i> | | |
| At 1 January | 5,441 | 3,300 |
| Provision made during the year | - | 2,151 |
| Provision used during the year | - | (10) |
| Provision reversed during the year | (2,486) | - |
| At 31 December | 2,955 | 5,441 |

The provision for property development obligations relates to infrastructure works of completed projects undertaken by certain subsidiaries. The provision is estimated based on historical data associated with similar property development projects.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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18. BORROWINGS

| | Group 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
|-------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Non-current | | |
| Unsecured: | | |
| Term loans | 277,052 | 422,877 |
| Foreign currency loans | 458,018 | 519,300 |
| | 735,070 | 942,177 |
| Current | | |
| Unsecured: | | |
| Term loans | 207,487 | 338,642 |
| Revolving credits | 1,074,046 | 1,083,966 |
| Bankers' acceptances | 158,596 | 101,813 |
| Foreign currency loans | 440,397 | 23,059 |
| Bank overdrafts | 3,276 | 8,916 |
| | 1,883,802 | 1,556,396 |
| Total borrowings | 2,618,872 | 2,498,573 |

The remaining maturities of the borrowings are as follows:

| | Group 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
|---|----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Within one year | 1,883,802 | 1,556,396 |
| More than 1 year and less than 2 years | 511,886 | 500,143 |
| More than 2 years and less than 5 years | 223,184 | 400,635 |
| More than 5 years | - | 41,399 |
| | 2,618,872 | 2,498,573 |

Included in borrowings are amounts denominated in foreign currencies (currencies which are other than the respective functional currencies of the Group entities) as follows:

| | Group 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
|-----|----------------------------------|------------------------|
| SGD | 529,180 | 519,300 |
| USD | 369,235 | 23,059 |
| | 898,415 | 542,359 |

Other information on financial risks of borrowings are disclosed in Note 36.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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19. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES

| | Group | | Company | |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| At 1 January | 163,381 | 118,403 | 13 | 27 |
| Recognised in profit or loss (Note 28) | 6,780 | 47,370 | 10 | (14) |
| Recognised in equity | 481 | - | - | - |
| Exchange differences | (1) | (2,392) | - | - |
| At 31 December | 170,641 | 163,381 | 23 | 13 |
| Presented after appropriate offsetting as follows: | | | | |
| Deferred tax liabilities | 183,235 | 176,391 | 23 | 13 |
| Deferred tax assets | (12,594) | (13,010) | - | - |
| | 170,641 | 163,381 | 23 | 13 |

The components and movement of deferred tax liabilities during the financial year are as follows:

Deferred tax liabilities of the Group:

| | Accelerated capital and agriculture allowances | Revaluation of assets | Others | Total |
|-------------------------------------|---|--------------------------|--------|----------|
| | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 |
| At 1 January 2014 | 151,667 | 50,631 | 1,521 | 203,819 |
| Recognised in profit or loss | 3,578 | 2,500 | 2,308 | 8,386 |
| Recognised in equity | - | 481 | - | 481 |
| Exchange differences | - | - | (1) | (1) |
| At 31 December 2014 | 155,245 | 53,612 | 3,828 | 212,685 |
| Less: Deferred tax assets offset | | | | (29,450) |
| Deferred tax liabilities recognised | | | | 183,235 |
| At 1 January 2013 | 152,989 | 47,716 | 168 | 200,873 |
| Recognised in profit or loss | (1,322) | 2,915 | 1,353 | 2,946 |
| At 31 December 2013 | 151,667 | 50,631 | 1,521 | 203,819 |
| Less: Deferred tax assets offset | | | | (27,428) |
| Deferred tax liabilities recognised | | | | 176,391 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 DECEMBER 2014

19. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

The components and movement of deferred tax assets during the financial year are as follows:

Deferred tax assets of the Group:

| | Unabsorbed capital allowances RM'000 | Tax losses RM'000 | Others RM'000 | Total RM'000 |
|---|---|-------------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| At 1 January 2014 | (20,380) | (15,422) | (4,636) | (40,438) |
| Recognised in profit or loss | 2,429 | (901) | (3,134) | (1,606) |
| At 31 December 2014 | (17,951) | (16,323) | (7,770) | (42,044) |
| Offset against deferred tax liabilities | | | | 29,450 |
| Deferred tax assets recognised | | | | (12,594) |
| At 1 January 2013 | (21,743) | (52,940) | (7,787) | (82,470) |
| Recognised in profit or loss | 1,363 | 39,886 | 3,175 | 44,424 |
| Exchange differences | - | (2,368) | (24) | (2,392) |
| At 31 December 2013 | (20,380) | (15,422) | (4,636) | (40,438) |
| Offset against deferred tax liabilities | | | | 27,428 |
| Deferred tax assets recognised | | | | (13,010) |

Deferred tax liabilities of the Company:

| | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Accelerated capital allowances | | |
| At 1 January | 13 | 27 |
| Recognised in profit or loss | 10 | (14) |
| At 31 December | 23 | 13 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 DECEMBER 2014

19. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of the following items:

| | Group | |
|--|----------------|----------------|
| | 2014 | 2013 |
| | RM'000 | RM'000 |
| Unutilised tax losses | 245,571 | 401,247 |
| Unabsorbed capital and agricultural allowances | 13,382 | 15,007 |
| Other temporary differences | 4,839 | 15,047 |
| | 263,792 | 431,301 |

The above unutilised tax losses, unabsorbed capital and agricultural allowances are subject to agreement with the Inland Revenue Board. The use of tax losses of subsidiaries in other countries is subject to the agreement of the tax authorities and compliance with certain provisions of the tax legislation of the respective countries in which the subsidiaries operate.

Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of the above items as it is not probable that future taxable profits will be available in these subsidiaries against which the Group can utilise the benefits.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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20. SHARE CAPITAL, WARRANTS AND TREASURY SHARES

(a) Share capital

| | Number of ordinary shares of RM1.00 each | | Amount | |
|---------------------------------|---|--------------|----------------|----------------|
| | 2014 '000 | 2013 '000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Authorised: | | | | |
| At 1 January/31 December | 5,000,000 | 5,000,000 | 5,000,000 | 5,000,000 |
| Issued and fully paid: | | | | |
| At 1 January | 2,205,709 | 2,186,364 | 2,205,709 | 2,186,364 |
| Exercise of warrants | 81,070 | 19,345 | 81,070 | 19,345 |
| Cancellation of treasury shares | (60,000) | - | (60,000) | - |
| At 31 December | 2,226,779 | 2,205,709 | 2,226,779 | 2,205,709 |

The holders of ordinary shares (except treasury shares) are entitled to receive dividends as and when declared by the Company. All ordinary shares carry one vote per share without restrictions and rank equally with regard to the Company's residual assets.

During the financial year, 81,070,561 (2013: 19,344,920) ordinary shares were issued pursuant to the exercise of warrants as disclosed in Note 20(b) below and 60,000,000 (2013: Nil) treasury shares were cancelled as disclosed in Note 20(c). Consequently, the Company's issued and paid-up share capital increased to RM2,226,779,481 (2013: RM2,205,708,920) comprising 2,226,779,481 (2013: 2,205,708,920) ordinary shares of RM1.00 each, with 89,182,400 (2013: 204,031,100) ordinary shares thereof being held as treasury shares.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 DECEMBER 2014

20. SHARE CAPITAL, WARRANTS AND TREASURY SHARES (CONTINUED)

(b) Warrants

The warrants are constituted by the deed poll dated 6 July 2011 ["Deed Poll"].

On 15 August 2011, the 364,392,900 warrants issued free by the Company pursuant to the Rights Issue with Warrants Exercise on the basis of one (1) warrant for every one (1) rights share subscribed were listed and quoted on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ["Bursa Securities"].

Salient features of the warrants are as follows:

- (i) Each warrant entitles the registered holder thereof ["Warrantholder(s)"] to subscribe for one (1) new ordinary share of RM1.00 in the Company at the exercise price of RM1.65 during the 5-year period expiring on 9 August 2016 ["Exercise Period"], subject to the adjustments as set out in the Deed Poll;
- (ii) At the expiry of the Exercise Period, warrants which have not been exercised shall automatically lapse and cease to be valid for any purpose;
- (iii) Warrantholders must exercise the warrants in accordance with the procedures set out in the Deed Poll and shares allotted and issued upon such exercise shall rank pari passu in all respects with the then existing shares of the Company, and shall be entitled for any dividends, rights, allotments and/or other distributions after the issue and allotment thereof;
- (iv) For purpose of trading on Bursa Securities, a board lot for the warrants shall be one hundred (100) or such other number of units as may be prescribed by Bursa Securities from time to time and the trading thereof shall be governed by the provisions of the Securities Industry (Central Depositories) Act, 1991 (including any amendment or re-enactment thereof) and the rules of the Bursa Malaysia Depository Sdn Bhd; and
- (v) The Deed Poll and accordingly the warrants, are governed by and shall be construed in accordance with the laws of Malaysia.

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20. SHARE CAPITAL, WARRANTS AND TREASURY SHARES (CONTINUED)

(b) Warrants (continued)

Movement in the warrants is as follows:

| | Number of warrants |
|--|-------------------------------|
| As of 1 January 2013 | 364,386,300 |
| Exercised during the year | (19,344,920) |
| As of 31 December 2013/1 January 2014 | 345,041,380 |
| Exercised during the year | (81,070,561) |
| As of 31 December 2014 | 263,970,819 |
| Exercised subsequent to 31 December 2014 | (8,640,735) |
| As of 16 April 2015 | 255,330,084 |

During the financial year, a total of 81,070,561 (2013: 19,344,920) warrants were exercised and the issued and paid-up share capital of the Company increased to RM2,226,779,481 (2013: RM2,205,708,920) comprising 2,226,779,481 (2013: 2,205,708,920) ordinary shares of RM1.00 each. As of 31 December 2014, 263,970,819 (2013: 345,041,380) warrants remained unexercised.

Subsequent to the end of the financial year and up to the date of this report, 8,640,735 warrants were exercised which resulted in 8,640,735 ordinary shares of RM1.00 each being allotted and issued and thereafter listed on the Bursa Securities. Consequently, the issued and paid-up share capital of the Company increased to RM2,235,420,216 comprising 2,235,420,216 ordinary shares of RM1.00 each. As of 16 April 2015, 255,330,084 warrants remained unexercised.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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20. SHARE CAPITAL, WARRANTS AND TREASURY SHARES (CONTINUED)

(c) Treasury shares

During the extraordinary general meeting of the Company held on 28 May 2014, shareholders of the Company renewed the then existing authorisation to the Company to repurchase its own shares. During the financial year, the Company repurchased 80,300,100 (2013: 130,774,700) shares at the cost of RM283,756,178 (2013: RM256,674,421). All repurchases of shares were financed by the Company's internally generated funds.

During the financial year, 60,000,000 treasury shares at the cost of RM115,236,000 were cancelled and 135,148,800 treasury shares were resold at average net resale price of RM3.64 per share including transaction costs. Total net consideration received from the resale was RM492,369,195.

At 31 December 2014, the Company held 89,182,400 (2013: 204,031,100) treasury shares.

Movement in the treasury shares is as follows:

| | Number of shares | Amount RM | Average cost per share RM |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|
| As of 1 January 2013 | 73,256,400 | 122,061,053 | 1.67 |
| Repurchased during the year | 130,774,700 | 256,674,421 | 1.96 |
| As of 31 December 2013/1 January 2014 | 204,031,100 | 378,735,474 | 1.86 |
| Repurchased during the year | 80,300,100 | 283,756,178 | 3.53 |
| Cancelled during the year | (60,000,000) | (115,236,000) | 1.92 |
| Resold during the year | (135,148,800) | (299,449,196) | 2.22 |
| As of 31 December 2014 | 89,182,400 | 247,806,456 | 2.78 |

The directors of the Company are committed to enhancing the value of the Company for its shareholders and shall undertake the shares repurchase in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders.

21. RESERVES

| | Group | | Company | |
|--------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| (a) Non-distributable reserves | 429,255 | 122,809 | 377,640 | 97,065 |
| (b) Distributable reserves | | | | |
| - Retained profits | 1,543,547 | 1,404,091 | 769,654 | 1,058,997 |
| | 1,972,802 | 1,526,900 | 1,147,294 | 1,156,062 |

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21. RESERVES (CONTINUED)

(a) Non-distributable reserves

| | Share premium RM'000 | Capital reserve RM'000 | Cash flow hedge reserve RM'000 | Foreign exchange reserve RM'000 | Revaluation reserve RM'000 | Capital redemption reserve RM'000 | Warrant reserve RM'000 | Other reserve RM'000 | Total non-distributable reserves RM'000 |
|---|-------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Group | | | | | | | | | |
| At 1 January 2013 | 5 | 35,038 | - | 2,739 | - | 66,267 | 49,192 | (30,973) | 122,268 |
| Foreign currency translation differences for foreign operations | - | - | - | (2,575) | - | - | - | - | (2,575) |
| Share of foreign currency translation differences of associates | - | - | - | (266) | - | - | - | - | (266) |
| Change in fair value of cash flow hedge | - | - | (13,221) | - | - | - | - | - | (13,221) |
| Foreign currency translation differences for foreign operations reclassified to profit or loss | - | - | - | 4,101 | - | - | - | - | 4,101 |
| Share of foreign currency translation differences of an associate reclassified to profit or loss | - | - | - | (1,248) | - | - | - | - | (1,248) |
| Revaluation of property, plant and equipment upon transfer of properties to investment properties | - | - | - | - | 1,176 | - | - | - | 1,176 |
| Total other comprehensive expense for the year | - | - | (13,221) | 12 | 1,176 | - | - | - | (12,033) |
| Exercise of warrants | 15,186 | - | - | - | - | - | (2,612) | - | 12,574 |
| At 31 December 2013 | 15,191 | 35,038 | (13,221) | 2,751 | 1,176 | 66,267 | 46,580 | (30,973) | 122,809 |

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21. RESERVES (CONTINUED)

(a) Non-distributable reserves (continued)

| | Share premium RM'000 | Capital reserve RM'000 | Cash flow hedge reserve RM'000 | Foreign exchange reserve RM'000 | Revaluation reserve RM'000 | Capital redemption reserve RM'000 | Warrant reserve RM'000 | Other reserve RM'000 | Total non-distributable reserves RM'000 |
|---|-------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Group | | | | | | | | | |
| At 1 January 2014 | 15,191 | 35,038 | (13,221) | 2,751 | 1,176 | 66,267 | 46,580 | (30,973) | 122,809 |
| Foreign currency translation differences for foreign operations | - | - | - | 5,388 | - | - | - | - | 5,388 |
| Share of foreign currency translation differences of associates | - | - | - | 3,077 | - | - | - | - | 3,077 |
| Change in fair value of cash flow hedge | - | - | 4,155 | - | - | - | - | - | 4,155 |
| Revaluation of property, plant and equipment upon transfer of properties to investment properties | - | - | - | - | 13,251 | - | - | - | 13,251 |
| Total other comprehensive income for the year | - | - | 4,155 | 8,465 | 13,251 | - | - | - | 25,871 |
| Exercise of warrants | 63,641 | - | - | - | - | - | (10,944) | - | 52,697 |
| Resale of treasury shares | 192,920 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 192,920 |
| Cancellation of treasury shares | (25,042) | - | - | - | - | 60,000 | - | - | 34,958 |
| At 31 December 2014 | 246,710 | 35,038 | (9,066) | 11,216 | 14,427 | 126,267 | 35,636 | (30,973) | 429,255 |

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21. RESERVES (CONTINUED)

(a) Non-distributable reserves (continued)

The movements on the Company's non-distributable reserves are set out in the Company's statements of changes in equity.

The nature and purpose of each category of reserve are as follows:

(i) Share premium

Share premium represents the premium paid on subscription of shares in the Company over and above the par value of the shares and gain arising from the re-sale of treasury shares.

(ii) Capital reserve

Capital reserve in respect of a subsidiary of RM34,397,000 (2013: RM34,397,000) represents the revaluation reserve which was capitalised for bonus issue by a subsidiary whilst capital reserve in respect of an associate of RM641,000 (2013: RM641,000) represents the revaluation reserve of an associate.

(iii) Cash flow hedge reserve

The cash flow hedge reserve contains the effective portion of the cash flow hedge relationships as at the reporting date in relation to the cross currency interest rate swaps entered by the Group to limit its exposure to foreign currency risk on its foreign currency loan.

(iv) Foreign exchange reserve

The foreign exchange reserve arises from translation of financial statements of foreign subsidiaries and share of foreign currency translation differences of associates.

(v) Revaluation reserve

The revaluation reserve relates to the revaluation of property, plant and equipment immediately prior to its reclassification as investment properties.

(vi) Capital redemption reserve

This reserve represents the amount equivalent to the nominal value of the shares repurchased which was cancelled by the Company.

(vii) Warrant reserve/Other reserve

These reserves arose from the Rights Issue with Warrants Exercise undertaken by the Company.

(b) Distributable reserve - Retained profits

The Company may distribute dividend out of its entire retained profits as at 31 December 2014 under the single tier system.

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22. REVENUE AND COST OF SALES

Revenue of the Group and of the Company consists of the following:

| | Group | | Company | |
|---|------------------|------------------|----------------|----------------|
| | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Dividend income: | | | | |
| - From subsidiaries | - | - | 399,445 | 288,247 |
| - From associates | - | - | 3,668 | 3,736 |
| Sale of plantation produce | 495,566 | 443,321 | - | - |
| Sale of goods and services | 2,222,276 | 2,413,343 | - | - |
| Interest income from provision of financial services | 129,435 | 112,425 | - | - |
| Property development | 846,435 | 455,984 | - | - |
| Sale of completed properties | 48,998 | 34,912 | - | - |
| Property rental | 25,339 | 26,762 | - | - |
| | 3,768,049 | 3,486,747 | 403,113 | 291,983 |

Cost of sales represents cost directly attributable to the generation of the above revenue except for dividend income and interest income from provision of financial services.

Segment information on revenue, operating profit, assets and liabilities of the Group is analysed in Note 33.

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23. OPERATING PROFIT

| | Group | | Company | |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Operating profit is arrived at after charging/(crediting): | | | | |
| Auditors' remuneration: | | | | |
| - current year | | | | |
| - Ernst & Young | 355 | 353 | 85 | 85 |
| - overseas member firms of Ernst & Young | 122 | 169 | - | - |
| - other auditors | 425 | 414 | - | - |
| - under/(over) provision in prior years | | | | |
| - Ernst & Young | 1 | (5) | - | - |
| - overseas member firms of Ernst & Young | (23) | (1) | - | - |
| - other auditors | 33 | - | - | - |
| Non audit fees for services rendered by | | | | |
| - Ernst & Young | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| - local member firms of Ernst & Young | 494 | 153 | 26 | 96 |
| - overseas member firms of Ernst & Young | 67 | - | - | - |
| Operating lease – minimum lease payments on: | | | | |
| - land and buildings | 12,046 | 10,331 | 157 | - |
| - plant and machinery | 23,668 | 25,290 | - | - |
| - motor vehicles | - | 43 | 605 | 549 |
| Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (Note 4) | 82,712 | 79,985 | 661 | 694 |
| Property, plant and equipment written off | 975 | 8,051 | - | - |
| Replanting expenditure | 16,663 | 18,558 | - | - |
| Biological assets written off (Note 5) | 460 | 243 | - | - |
| Investment properties written off (Note 6) | 124 | 530 | - | - |
| Bad debts written off | - | 167 | - | - |
| Allowance for impairment losses | | | | |
| - trade receivables (Note 11) | 11,658 | 7,995 | - | - |
| Inventories written down | 8,778 | 26,202 | - | - |
| Additional provisions | - | 2,151 | - | - |
| Employee benefits expenses (Note 24) | 226,280 | 214,225 | 7,380 | 6,479 |
| Direct operating expenses arising from investment properties – rental generating properties | 13,350 | 10,323 | - | - |

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23. OPERATING PROFIT (CONTINUED)

| | Group | | Company | |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Loss on held for trading equity instruments at fair value | 1,565 | - | - | - |
| Net foreign exchange losses/(gains) | 611 | 16,094 | (261) | (662) |
| Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment | (96,284) | (767) | - | (65) |
| Gain on disposal of investment properties | (760) | - | - | - |
| Gain on disposal of held for trading equity instruments | - | (824) | - | - |
| Gains from fair value adjustments of investment properties (Note 6) | (189,437) | (28,771) | - | - |
| Dividend income from available-for-sale equity instruments | (1,200) | (1,138) | - | - |
| Dividend income from money market deposits | (3,043) | (196) | (2,309) | (196) |
| Reversal of inventories written down | (4,503) | (4,227) | - | - |
| Reversal of impairment losses | | | | |
| - trade receivables (Note 11) | (6,050) | (1,839) | - | - |
| Reversal of provisions | (2,486) | - | - | - |
| Recovery of bad debts | (500) | (1,024) | - | - |
| Rental income from properties | (1,526) | (648) | (10) | (10) |
| Interest income from: | | | | |
| - third parties | (12,360) | (9,360) | (4,321) | (3,336) |
| - subsidiaries | - | - | (24,808) | (25,433) |

24. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSES

| | Group | | Company | |
|--|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Salaries and other staff related expenses | 211,158 | 199,913 | 6,569 | 5,938 |
| Pension costs – defined contribution plans | 15,122 | 14,312 | 811 | 541 |
| | 226,280 | 214,225 | 7,380 | 6,479 |

Included in employee benefits expenses of the Group and of the Company were executive directors' remuneration amounted to RM18,594,000 (2013: RM14,689,000) and RM4,424,000 (2013: RM2,812,000) respectively as further disclosed in Note 25.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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25. KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL COMPENSATION

| | Group | | Company | |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Executive directors' remuneration | | | | |
| Other emoluments | | | | |
| - Directors of the Company | 5,638 | 3,515 | 4,424 | 2,812 |
| - Other directors | 12,956 | 11,174 | - | - |
| | 18,594 | 14,689 | 4,424 | 2,812 |
| Non-executive directors' remuneration | | | | |
| Fees | | | | |
| Current year | | | | |
| - Directors of the Company | 785 | 583 | 645 | 473 |
| - Other directors | 1,004 | 800 | - | - |
| | 1,789 | 1,383 | 645 | 473 |
| Total directors' remuneration | 20,383 | 16,072 | 5,069 | 3,285 |
| Other key management personnel compensation | 36,663 | 35,966 | 2,750 | 3,437 |
| | 57,046 | 52,038 | 7,819 | 6,722 |

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Included in key management personnel compensation of the Group and of the Company were contributions to the Employees Provident Fund amounted to RM5,699,000 (2013: RM5,125,000) and RM794,000 (2013: RM528,000) respectively.

The estimated monetary value of directors' benefits-in-kind in respect of the Group and of the Company, which have not been included in the above key management personnel compensation, are as follows:

| | Group | | Company | |
|--------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Directors of the Company | 287 | 173 | 251 | 173 |
| Other directors | 346 | 480 | - | - |
| Other key management personnel | 1,280 | 1,207 | 65 | 51 |
| | 1,913 | 1,860 | 316 | 224 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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26. FINANCE COSTS

| | Group | |
|--|----------------|----------------|
| | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Interest expense on: | | |
| Bank borrowings | 94,015 | 82,471 |
| Borrowings from other institutions | 10,486 | 11,367 |
| | 104,501 | 93,838 |
| Less: Interest expense capitalised in: | | |
| - Property, plant and equipment (Note 4) | (819) | (117) |
| - Investment properties – IPUC (Note 6) | (7,157) | (5,738) |
| - Property development costs (Note 14) | (16,567) | (13,419) |
| | 79,958 | 74,564 |

27. OTHER NON-OPERATING ITEMS

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| | Group | | Company | |
|--|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Gain on disposal of subsidiaries | - | 342,595 | - | 129,435 |
| Gain on disposal of an associate | - | 78,884 | - | - |
| Gain on disposal of equity interest in a subsidiary | - | - | - | 26,565 |
| Impairment loss on investment in subsidiaries | - | - | (81,658) | - |
| Impairment loss on investment in an associate | - | (5,971) | (4,737) | (2,500) |
| | - | 415,508 | (86,395) | 153,500 |

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28. TAX EXPENSE

| | Group | | Company | |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Malaysian income tax: | | | | |
| - Current income tax | 200,575 | 118,121 | 7,118 | 6,655 |
| - Under provision in prior year | 927 | 248 | 28 | 102 |
| | 201,502 | 118,369 | 7,146 | 6,757 |
| Foreign income tax: | | | | |
| - Current income tax | 8 | - | - | - |
| - Under provision in prior year | 9 | - | - | - |
| | 17 | - | - | - |
| Total income tax | 201,519 | 118,369 | 7,146 | 6,757 |
| Deferred tax (Note 19): | | | | |
| - Relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences | 9,572 | 4,484 | (4) | (14) |
| - (Over)/under provision in prior year | (2,792) | (1,406) | 14 | - |
| - Deferred tax assets derecognised | - | 44,292 | - | - |
| Total deferred tax | 6,780 | 47,370 | 10 | (14) |
| Total tax expense | 208,299 | 165,739 | 7,156 | 6,743 |

Domestic income tax is calculated at the Malaysian statutory tax rate of 25% (2013: 25%) of the estimated assessable profit for the year. Taxation for other jurisdictions is calculated at the rates prevailing in the respective jurisdictions.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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28. TAX EXPENSE (CONTINUED)

A reconciliation of income tax expense applicable to profit before tax at the statutory income tax rate to income tax expense at the effective income tax rate of the Group and of the Company is as follows:

| | Group | | Company | |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Profit before tax | 1,024,625 | 801,581 | 331,591 | 455,667 |
| Taxation at Malaysian statutory tax rate of 25% (2013: 25%) | 256,156 | 200,395 | 82,898 | 113,917 |
| Effect of different tax rates in other countries | 412 | (158) | - | - |
| Effect of change in Real Property Gains Tax ["RPGT"] rate | - | 4,063 | - | - |
| Effect of gains taxed at RPGT rate | (59,803) | (6,963) | - | - |
| Income not subject to tax | (7,552) | (106,263) | (101,504) | (112,813) |
| Expenses not deductible for tax purposes | 25,885 | 19,900 | 25,720 | 5,537 |
| Effect of share of results of associates | (3,609) | (3,454) | - | - |
| (Utilisation of previously unrecognised deferred tax assets)/deferred tax assets not recognised | (1,334) | 15,085 | - | - |
| (Over)/under provision in prior year | | | | |
| - income tax | 936 | 248 | 28 | 102 |
| - deferred tax | (2,792) | (1,406) | 14 | - |
| Deferred tax assets derecognised | - | 44,292 | - | - |
| Tax expense for the year | 208,299 | 165,739 | 7,156 | 6,743 |

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29. EARNINGS PER SHARE**(a) Basic earnings per share**

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit for the year, net of tax, attributable to owners of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the financial year excluding treasury shares held by the Company, calculated as follows:

| | Group | |
|--|--------------|-------------|
| | 2014 | 2013 |
| Profit attributable to owners of the Company (RM'000) | 753,467 | 588,257 |
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares ('000) | | |
| Issued ordinary shares net of treasury shares at 1 January | 2,001,678 | 2,113,108 |
| Effect of warrants exercised during the year | 45,018 | 1,386 |
| Effect of shares resale during the year | 47,724 | - |
| Effect of shares buyback during the year | (39,915) | (65,170) |
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares at 31 December | 2,054,505 | 2,049,324 |
| Basic earnings per share (sen) | 36.67 | 28.70 |

(b) Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit for the year, net of tax, attributable to owners of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year after adjustment for the effects of dilutive potential ordinary shares, calculated as follows:

| | Group | |
|--|--------------|-------------|
| | 2014 | 2013 |
| Profit attributable to owners of the Company (RM'000) | 753,467 | 588,257 |
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares for basic earnings per share computation ('000) | 2,054,505 | 2,049,324 |
| Dilutive potential ordinary shares - Assumed exercise of warrants | 142,217 | 63,911 |
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares for diluted earnings per share computation ('000) | 2,196,722 | 2,113,235 |
| Diluted earnings per share (sen) | 34.30 | 27.84 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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29. EARNINGS PER SHARE (CONTINUED)

(b) Diluted earnings per share (continued)

There have been no other transactions involving ordinary shares or potential ordinary shares between the reporting date and the date of authorisation of these financial statements other than the exercise of 8,640,735 warrants which resulted in 8,640,735 ordinary shares of RM1.00 each being allotted and issued and thereafter listed on the Bursa Securities.

30. DIVIDENDS

| | Group/Company | |
|---|----------------|----------------|
| | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Recognised during the year: | | |
| Dividends paid in respect of financial year ended 31 December 2012: | | |
| - second interim (6.0 sen per share under single tier system) | - | 126,787 |
| Dividends paid in respect of financial year ended 31 December 2013: | | |
| - first interim (8.0 sen per share under single tier system) | - | 161,643 |
| - second interim (8.0 sen per share under single tier system) | - | 160,434 |
| Dividends paid in respect of financial year ended 31 December 2014: | | |
| - first interim (10.0 sen per share under single tier system) | 199,984 | - |
| - second interim (15.0 sen per share under single tier system) | 323,600 | - |
| | 523,584 | 448,864 |

The Board of Directors did not recommend any final dividend to be paid for the financial year ended 31 December 2014.

No dividend is payable for treasury shares held or cancelled.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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31. COMMITMENTS

| | Group | |
|----------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Capital expenditure | | |
| Approved and contracted for: | | |
| - Property, plant and equipment | 60,118 | 64,194 |
| - Biological assets | 2,485 | 2,546 |
| - Investment properties | 120,389 | 93,716 |
| | 182,992 | 160,456 |
| Approved but not contracted for: | | |
| - Property, plant and equipment | 214,028 | 98,683 |
| - Biological assets | 1,906 | 7,942 |
| | 215,934 | 106,625 |
| | 398,926 | 267,081 |

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32. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

(a) Group as lessor

The Group has entered into operating leases on its investment properties portfolio consisting of land and buildings. Future minimum rentals receivable under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

| | Group | |
|---|----------------|----------------|
| | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Within one year | 25,862 | 15,170 |
| After one year but not more than five years | 33,173 | 14,394 |
| After five years | 1,412 | 4,457 |
| | 60,447 | 34,021 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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32. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS (CONTINUED)

(b) Group as lessee

The Group has entered into operating leases on certain land and buildings and plant and machinery. Future minimum rentals payable under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

| | Group | |
|---|----------------|----------------|
| | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Within one year | 7,837 | 5,955 |
| After one year but not more than five years | 14,138 | 6,364 |
| After five years | 3,912 | 1,473 |
| | 25,887 | 13,792 |

33. SEGMENT INFORMATION

For management purposes, the Group is organised into business units according to their nature of activities and has seven reportable operating segments as follows:

- | | |
|------------------------------------|--|
| (i) Plantation | - Cultivation of oil palm and processing of fresh fruit bunches |
| (ii) Property | - Property investment and property development |
| (iii) Credit financing | - Provision of financial services |
| (iv) Automotive | - Trading in motor vehicles, spare parts and servicing of motor vehicles |
| (v) Fertilizer trading | - Trading and distribution of fertilizers and agro-chemical |
| (vi) Quarry and building materials | - Operation of stone quarries and asphalt plants, manufacture of bricks |
| (vii) Trading | - Trading of general building materials and petroleum products |

Segment accounting policies are the same as the policies described in Note 2, Significant Accounting Policies. All inter-segment transactions have been entered in the normal course of business and have been established on terms and conditions that are not materially different from those obtainable in transactions with third parties.

Management monitors the operating results of its business units separately for the purpose of making decisions on resource allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on operating profit or loss. Group financing are not allocated to operating segments.

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33. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

| | Plantation RM'000 | Property RM'000 | Credit financing RM'000 | Automotive RM'000 | Fertilizer trading RM'000 | Quarry and building materials RM'000 | Trading RM'000 | Other non- reportable segments RM'000 | Eliminations RM'000 | Consolidated RM'000 |
|--|----------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|---|-------------------|--|------------------------|------------------------|
| 2014 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Revenue | | | | | | | | | | |
| External revenue | 495,566 | 920,794 | 129,435 | 677,281 | 796,409 | 363,195 | 385,369 | - | - | 3,768,049 |
| Inter-segment revenue | - | 11,321 | 4,025 | 6,749 | 36,719 | 7,228 | 59,958 | - | (126,000) | - |
| Total revenue | 495,566 | 932,115 | 133,460 | 684,030 | 833,128 | 370,423 | 445,327 | - | (126,000) | 3,768,049 |
| Results | | | | | | | | | | |
| Operating profit/(loss) | 178,954 | 705,336 | 104,097 | 10,529 | 71,077 | 16,881 | 23,914 | (13,907) | (6,734) | 1,090,147 |
| Finance costs | | | | | | | | | | (79,958) |
| Share of results of associates | | | | | | | | | | 14,436 |
| Profit before tax | | | | | | | | | | 1,024,625 |
| Tax expense | | | | | | | | | | (208,299) |
| Profit for the year | | | | | | | | | | 816,326 |
| Non-controlling interests | | | | | | | | | | (62,859) |
| Profit attributable to owners of the Company | | | | | | | | | | 753,467 |
| Assets and liabilities | | | | | | | | | | |
| Segment assets | 1,083,204 | 2,599,889 | 1,896,567 | 367,165 | 413,475 | 638,846 | 129,672 | 245,335 | - | 7,374,153 |
| Investment in associates | | | | | | | | | | 381,597 |
| Deferred tax assets | | | | | | | | | | 12,594 |
| Tax recoverable | | | | | | | | | | 17,224 |
| Total assets | | | | | | | | | | 7,785,568 |
| Segment liabilities | 27,981 | 617,222 | 1,238,242 | 42,153 | 296,443 | 93,284 | 133,274 | 705,101 | - | 3,153,700 |
| Deferred tax liabilities | | | | | | | | | | 183,235 |
| Tax payable | | | | | | | | | | 62,991 |
| Total liabilities | | | | | | | | | | 3,399,926 |
| Other information | | | | | | | | | | |
| Additions to non-current assets | 48,691 | 191,692 | 684 | 19,869 | 768 | 62,282 | 727 | 1,139 | - | 325,852 |
| Depreciation of property, plant and equipment | 26,284 | 2,063 | 629 | 4,737 | 1,112 | 45,544 | 569 | 1,774 | - | 82,712 |

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33. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Additions to non-current assets consist of the following:

| | Group | |
|------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Property, plant and equipment | 130,353 | 176,323 |
| Biological assets | 5,461 | 7,475 |
| Investment properties | 131,947 | 86,689 |
| Land held for property development | 58,091 | 35,165 |
| | 325,852 | 305,652 |

Geographical Segments

The Group's geographical segments are based on the location of the customers and the assets.

Revenue and non-current assets information based on the geographical location of customers and assets respectively are as follows:

| | Revenue | | Non-current assets | |
|-----------|----------------|----------------|--------------------|----------------|
| | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Malaysia | 3,597,732 | 3,050,939 | 2,959,028 | 2,620,176 |
| Indonesia | 103,648 | 246,854 | 50 | 44 |
| Vietnam | - | 70,712 | - | - |
| Others | 66,669 | 118,242 | 344 | 151 |
| | 3,768,049 | 3,486,747 | 2,959,422 | 2,620,371 |

Non-current assets information presented above consist of the following items as presented in the consolidated statement of financial position:

| | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
|------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Property, plant and equipment | 1,071,865 | 1,047,228 |
| Biological assets | 441,031 | 436,030 |
| Investment properties | 1,011,578 | 712,076 |
| Land held for property development | 368,200 | 358,301 |
| Goodwill | 36,736 | 36,736 |
| | 2,929,410 | 2,590,371 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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34. MATERIAL LITIGATIONS

- (a) A writ of summon ["said Writ"] was filed by certain natives of Sabah ["Plaintiffs"] claiming native customary rights ["NCR"] over all that parcel of land held under Title No. CL095330724 situated in Sungai Tongod, District of Kinabatangan, Sandakan ["Tongod Land"] or part thereof in the High Court in Sabah and Sarawak at Kota Kinabalu ["Tongod Suit and KKHC"] naming the Company as the first defendant, Genting Plantations Berhad ["GPB"] and its subsidiary Genting Tanjung Bahagia Sdn Bhd ["GTB"] as the second and third defendants, Director of Department of Lands and Surveys, Sabah as the fourth defendant, the Government of the State of Sabah as the fifth defendant, Assistant Collector of Land Revenues, Tongod as the sixth defendant, the Registrar of Titles as the seventh defendant and the Assistant Collector of Land Revenues, Kota Kinabatangan as the eighth defendant. The Company had on 9 May 2002 completed its disposal of the Tongod Land to GTB.

On 13 June 2003, the deputy registrar of the KKHC dismissed the Company's application to strike out the said Writ ["Striking-out Application"] and the Company appealed against the said dismissal ["said Striking-out Appeal"].

The Plaintiffs had earlier filed an application for injunction restraining the second and the third defendants from carrying out, inter-alia, planting activities on the Tongod Land or part thereof ["Injunction Application"]. On 20 June 2008 during the hearing of the Injunction Application, the KKHC upheld the defendants' preliminary objection to the KKHC's jurisdiction to determine NCR and the Tongod Suit was dismissed with costs awarded to the defendants ["PO Decision"]. Although the Plaintiffs' initial appeal against the PO Decision was also dismissed by the Court of Appeal on 9 June 2011 ["said Dismissal Decision"], the Federal Court allowed the Plaintiffs' further appeal on 24 November 2011 and set aside both the PO Decision and said Dismissal Decision. The Federal Court further ordered that the said Striking-out Appeal be remitted to the KKHC.

On 21 March 2012, the KKHC dismissed the said Striking-out Appeal with costs awarded to the Plaintiffs and on 9 May 2013, the said decision was upheld by the Court of Appeal upon the defendants' appeal. On 7 June 2013, the defendants filed a motion for leave to appeal to the Federal Court against the said decision of the Court of Appeal ["said Leave Application"]. On 25 February 2014, the Federal Court dismissed the said Leave Application with costs awarded to the Plaintiffs.

On 23 September 2013, the KKHC dismissed the preliminary objection raised by the Company during the trial of the Tongod Suit on KKHC's jurisdiction in hearing and deciding matters relating to NCR ["PO Dismissal Decision"]. On 16 October 2013, the Company filed a notice of appeal to the Court of Appeal appealing against the PO Dismissal Decision which was subsequently withdrawn by the Company on 31 March 2014.

The Tongod Suit was part-heard from 26 to 29 November 2012, 14 to 18 January 2013, 18 to 22 February 2013, 11 to 15 March 2013, 8 to 11 July 2013, 23 to 24 September 2013, 2 to 13 December 2013, 27 to 28 January 2014, 27 to 28 March 2014, 2 to 6 June 2014, 11 to 14 August 2014, 29 September to 3 October 2014, 7 to 10 October 2014, 18 to 21 November 2014, 15 to 19 December 2014, 10 to 13 February 2015 and 23 March to 2 April 2015. The Tongod Suit has been fixed for continued hearing from 18 to 29 May 2015.

The Company's solicitors are of the opinion that the Plaintiffs' NCR claim is unlikely to succeed.

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34. MATERIAL LITIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

- (b) Hap Seng Plantations (River Estates) Sdn Bhd ["RESB"], the wholly-owned subsidiary of Hap Seng Plantations Holdings Berhad ["HSP"], is the registered and beneficial proprietor of all that parcel of land held under CL095310017, District of Kinabatangan, State of Sabah measuring approximately 6,454 acres ["said Land"]. On 16 January 2012, a purported sale and purchase agreement in respect of the said Land was entered into between Mr. Heng Chin Hing @ Wong Chin Hing (NRIC No. H0699157/570811-12-5731) ["HCH"] as the purported vendor and Excess Interpoint Sdn Bhd ["EISB"] as the purported purchaser ["Purported SPA"]. HCH alleged that he is the donee of a power of attorney dated 8 February 1977 allegedly created in respect of the said Land ["Alleged PA"]. On the basis of the Purported SPA, EISB entered a private caveat on the said Land on 3 April 2012.

On 23 May 2012, RESB filed a writ of summon and an application for interlocutory injunction ["said Interlocutory Injunction Application"] through its solicitors in Kuala Lumpur, Messrs Wong Kian Kheong, against EISB ["1st Defendant"] at the Kuala Lumpur High Court ["KLHC"] vide civil suit no. 22NCVC-631-05/2012 ["RESB Suit"]. On 14 June 2012, the KLHC granted an ad interim injunction in favour of RESB ["said Ad Interim Injunction"] pending disposal of the hearing of the said Interlocutory Injunction Application subject to RESB's undertaking to pay damages to the 1st Defendant for losses suffered by the 1st Defendant resulting from the said Ad Interim Injunction in the event that the said Ad Interim Injunction is subsequently discharged or set aside. Upon RESB's application, HCH was added as the second defendant ["2nd Defendant"] to the RESB Suit on 16 June 2012.

RESB is claiming for the following in the RESB Suit:

- (i) That RESB be declared as the registered and beneficial owner of the said Land;
- (ii) That the Purported SPA be declared null and void;
- (iii) That the Alleged PA be declared null and void;
- (iv) An injunction restraining the 1st Defendant from:-
 - (a) effecting any further dealings including but not limited to disposal, assignment, transfer, mortgage, charge, lease, tenancy over the said Land with any third party;
 - (b) taking any actions to fulfill the terms and conditions in the Purported SPA; and
 - (c) taking any further action to complete the Purported SPA.
- (v) An injunction restraining the 2nd Defendant from effecting any steps, actions and/or representations in respect of the Alleged PA;
- (vi) Costs of the RESB Suit; and
- (vii) Such further or other relief as the Court deems fit and just.

Upon the 1st Defendant's application, the RESB Suit was transferred to the High Court of Sabah & Sarawak at Kota Kinabalu on 10 August 2012, subject to the said Ad Interim Injunction continuing to be in effect. With the transfer, RESB is currently represented by the law firm of Messrs Jayasuriya Kah & Co. in Kota Kinabalu. The RESB Suit is presently stayed pending referral and determination by the Federal Court on the constitutionality of the transfer of civil suits from West Malaysia to the High Court of Sabah and Sarawak and vice versa.

HSP has been advised by both Messrs Wong Kian Kheong and Messrs Jayasuriya Kah & Co., that RESB has good grounds to succeed in the RESB Suit.

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34. MATERIAL LITIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

- (c) Chee Ah Nun @ Sia Yi Chan (NRIC No. 550808-12-5663) ["SYC" or the "Plaintiff"] has filed a separate legal suit against RESB in respect of the said Land in the High Court of Sabah & Sarawak at Kota Kinabalu vide originating summons No. BKI-24-127/5-2012, and the same was served on RESB on 11 June 2012 ["KK Suit"].

The KK Suit is premised on a purported deed of appointment of substitute by attorney dated 24 June 2010 ["Alleged Deed of Substitute"] allegedly executed by HCH pursuant to which HCH had allegedly divested to SYC all his interests or claims on the said Land pursuant to the Alleged PA.

SYC is claiming for the following in the KK Suit:

- (i) that by virtue of the Alleged PA, RESB had allegedly divested its ownership and all interests or claims to the said Land to HCH;
- (ii) that pursuant to the Alleged Deed of Substitute, SYC is the beneficial owner and has rights to take possession of the said Land;
- (iii) an order that RESB forthwith deliver vacant possession of the said Land to SYC free of encumbrances with all fixtures and crops planted thereon;
- (iv) an injunction restraining RESB, its servants and/or employees or agents from harvesting crops on the said Land or removing anything thereon and/or otherwise from doing anything or interfering with SYC's rights thereon;
- (v) costs of the KK Suit; and
- (vi) such further or other relief as the Court deems fit and just.

The application by RESB to convert the KK Suit into a writ action ["Conversion Application"] was heard on both 23 October 2012 and 26 November 2012 and is currently pending decision. Consistent with the RESB Suit stated in Note 34(b) above, the KK Suit is stayed pending referral and determination by the Federal Court on the constitutionality of the transfer of civil suits from West Malaysia to the High Court of Sabah and Sarawak and vice versa.

HSP has been advised by its solicitors, Messrs Jayasuriya Kah & Co., that the KK Suit is unlikely to succeed.

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34. MATERIAL LITIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

- (d) Pelipikan Plantation Sdn Bhd ["PPSB"], the wholly-owned subsidiary of Hap Seng Plantations Holdings Berhad ["HSP"] is the registered sub-lessee of all those 251 pieces of land measuring approximately 1,364.91 hectares situated in Kg. Natu in the district of Kota Marudu, Sabah ["Pelipikan Sub-Leased Lands"]. A writ of summon ["said Writ"] was filed on 7 August 2014 by 94 natives of Sabah ["Plaintiffs"] represented by Messrs Sugumar & Co. claiming interest and ownership, legal and beneficial in respect of 113 parcels of land which form part of the Pelipikan Sub-Leased Lands ["said 113 Titles"] in the High Court of Sabah and Sarawak at Kota Kinabalu vide suit no. BKI-22NCvC66/8-2014 (HC2), naming one Hatija Binti Hassan as first defendant, one Juniah @ Rubiah Bt. Okk Zainal as second defendant and PPSB as the third defendant ["said Suit"]. The said 113 Titles represent approximately 1.31% of the HSP Group's total land holdings.

In the said Writ, the Plaintiffs alleged, inter-alia the following:

- (i) acting on a purported power of attorney P/A No. 5391/03, one Sikit @ Lanjim bin Sarapong ["Sikit"] transferred the Pelipikan Sub-Leased Lands on behalf of the Plaintiffs to the first and second defendants and created a sublease in favour of PPSB;
- (ii) the transfer of the said 113 Titles from the Plaintiffs to Sikit, the subsequent transfer from Sikit to the first and second defendants and the sublease created in favour of PPSB were effected via forged documents and/or illegal means;
- (iii) that the first and second defendants are not bona-fide third party purchasers of the said 113 Titles for value without notice; and
- (iv) that PPSB is not a bona-fide third party sub-lessee of the said 113 Titles for value without notice.

The Plaintiffs are claiming for the following in the said Suit:

- (i) a declaration that the Plaintiffs are entitled to possession of the said 113 Titles;
- (ii) a declaration that the first, second, and third defendants are not entitled to possession of the said 113 Titles;
- (iii) a declaration that the Plaintiffs are entitled to legal and beneficial ownership of the said 113 Titles;
- (iv) that the registration of transfer of the said 113 Titles in favour of Sikit be declared null and void and of no effect;
- (v) that the registration of transfer of the said 113 Titles in favour of first and second defendants be declared null and void and of no effect;
- (vi) that the registration of sub-lease of the said 113 Titles in favour of the third defendant be declared null and void and of no effect;
- (vii) an order directing the first, second and third defendants to give vacant possession of the said 113 Titles to the Plaintiffs;
- (viii) an order directing the Assistant Collector of Land Revenue, Kota Marudu, Sabah to remove and delete forthwith the registration of the transfer of the 113 Titles effected in favour of Sikit and the first and second defendants; and
- (ix) an order directing the Assistant Collector of Land Revenue, Kota Marudu, Sabah to remove and delete forthwith the registration of the sublease of the said 113 Titles in favour of the third defendant.

PPSB has been advised by its solicitors, Messrs Jayasuriya Kah & Co. that pursuant to the Sabah Land Ordinance, it is lawful for a native landowner to grant a sub-lease to a non-native for a period not exceeding 30 years and said Suit against PPSB is unlikely to succeed.

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35. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

(a) Fair value of financial instruments

The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents, short term receivables and payables and short term borrowings reasonably approximate their fair values due to the relatively short term nature of these financial instruments.

It is not practicable to estimate the fair value of the Group's investment in unquoted equity instruments (Note 12) due to lack of comparable quoted prices in an active market and the fair value cannot be reliably measured.

The carrying amount of non-current receivables and payables which are based on principal amounts outstanding representing approximately the cash flow receivables discounted at their effective yield, closely approximate their fair values.

The carrying amount of non-current borrowings which bear fixed and floating interest rates are expected to approximate fair values and would not be significantly different from the values that would eventually be settled.

(b) Fair value hierarchy

The following table provides the fair value measurement hierarchy of the Group's assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured.

- Level 1: quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2: other techniques for which all inputs that have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable, either directly or indirectly
- Level 3: techniques that use inputs that have a significant effect on the recorded fair value that are not based on observable market data

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**
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35. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (CONTINUED)**(b) Fair value hierarchy** (continued)

Quantitative disclosures fair value measurement hierarchy for assets/(liabilities) as at 31 December 2014:

| | Total RM'000 | Level 1 RM'000 | Level 2 RM'000 | Level 3 RM'000 |
|---|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Assets measured at fair value | | | | |
| Investment properties (Note 6) | 1,011,578 | - | - | 1,011,578 |
| Held for trading equity instruments (Note 12) | 33,012 | 33,012 | - | - |
| Money market deposits | 183,690 | - | 183,690 | - |
| Derivative financial assets (Note 12) | | | | |
| Forward currency contracts | 5 | - | 5 | - |
| Cross currency interest rate swaps | 48,651 | - | 48,651 | - |

The Group determines whether transfers have occurred between Levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation at the end of each reporting period. There have been no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 during the financial year.

Fair value hierarchy for financial instruments measured at fair value as at 31 December 2013:

| | Total RM'000 | Level 1 RM'000 | Level 2 RM'000 | Level 3 RM'000 |
|---|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Assets measured at fair value | | | | |
| Investment properties (Note 6) | 712,076 | - | - | 712,076 |
| Money market deposits | 50,196 | - | 50,196 | - |
| Derivative financial assets (Note 12) | | | | |
| Forward currency contracts | 10 | - | 10 | - |
| Cross currency interest rate swaps | 11,434 | - | 11,434 | - |
| Derivative financial liabilities (Note 12) | | | | |
| Forward currency contracts | (17) | - | (17) | - |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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35. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (CONTINUED)

(b) Fair value hierarchy (continued)

- (i) The fair value of investment properties was determined based on valuations performed by registered independent valuers and/or internally appraised. Fair value is arrived at using either comparison method, depreciated replacement cost method or investment method. Where fair value is arrived at by reference to market evidence of transaction prices for similar properties, adjustments are made to account for factors such as differences in location, age, size and type of property. Under the depreciated replacement cost method, depreciation due to age and obsolescence is deducted from the estimated gross current replacement cost in arriving at the market value. Under the investment method, the net rental income is capitalised at an appropriate rate of return of 5% - 6.5% to arrive at its market value.
- (ii) The fair value of money market deposits is determined by reference to statements provided by the respective financial institutions, with which the investments were entered into.
- (iii) The fair value of forward currency contracts is the amount that would be payable or receivable on termination of the outstanding position arising and is determined by reference to the difference between the contracted rate and forward exchange rate as at the reporting date applied to a contract of similar quantum and maturity portfolio.

The fair value of cross currency interest rate swaps is estimated using valuation techniques with observable inputs, which uses present value calculations, incorporate various input including foreign exchange spot and interest rate curves.

36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group and the Company are exposed to financial risks arising from their operations and the use of financial instruments. The key financial risks include interest rate risk, foreign currency risk, liquidity risk, credit risk and market price risk.

The Group operates within clearly defined guidelines and it is the Group's policy not to engage in speculative transactions. It is, and has been throughout the current and previous financial year, the Group's policy that no derivatives shall be undertaken except for the use as hedging instruments where appropriate and cost-efficient.

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36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(a) Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to market risk for changes in interest rates relates primarily to fixed deposits and borrowings with banks and other financial institutions. The Group manages interest costs using a prudent mix of fixed and floating rate bank facilities.

Exposure to interest rate risk

The interest rate profile of the Group's and of the Company's significant interest-bearing financial instruments, based on carrying amounts are as follows:

| | Group | | Company | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------|----------------|----------------|
| | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 |
| | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 |
| <i>Fixed rate instruments</i> | | | | |
| Financial assets | | | | |
| Lease receivables | 18,478 | 19,907 | - | - |
| Hire purchase receivables | 1,060,261 | 1,061,441 | - | - |
| Deposits with licensed banks | 160,675 | 485,356 | 59,390 | 232,000 |
| | 1,239,414 | 1,566,704 | 59,390 | 232,000 |
| Financial liabilities | | | | |
| Term loans | (210,252) | (247,029) | - | - |
| | 1,029,162 | 1,319,675 | 59,390 | 232,000 |
| <i>Floating rate instruments</i> | | | | |
| Financial assets | | | | |
| Loan receivables | 843,863 | 606,475 | - | - |
| Financial liabilities | | | | |
| Term loans | (274,287) | (514,490) | - | - |
| Revolving credits | (1,074,046) | (1,083,966) | - | - |
| Bankers' acceptances | (158,596) | (101,813) | - | - |
| Foreign currency loans | (898,415) | (542,359) | - | - |
| Bank overdrafts | (3,276) | (8,916) | - | - |
| | (2,408,620) | (2,251,544) | - | - |
| | (1,564,757) | (1,645,069) | - | - |

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36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(a) Interest rate risk (continued)

Exposure to interest rate risk (continued)

The weighted average effective interest rates of deposits with licensed banks as at 31 December 2014 for the Group and the Company were 3.19% (2013: 2.64%) and 3.05% (2013: 2.85%) respectively and will mature within 3 months (2013: 3 months).

Cash flow sensitivity analysis for floating rate instruments

A change of 100 basis points ["bp"] in interest rates at the end of the reporting period would have increased/(decreased) post-tax profit or loss by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular foreign currency rates, remain constant.

| | Group | |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| | 100 bp increase RM'000 | 100 bp decrease RM'000 |
| 2014 | | |
| Floating rate instruments | (4,919) | 4,919 |
| 2013 | | |
| Floating rate instruments | (8,443) | 8,443 |

(b) Foreign currency risk

The Group is exposed to currency risk as a result of the foreign currency transactions entered into by subsidiaries in currencies other than their functional currencies. The Group is also exposed to currency risk in respect of its foreign investments in subsidiaries and associates. The Group uses forward currency contracts and cross currency interest rate swaps to limit its exposure on foreign currency receivables, payables and borrowings, and on cash flows generated from anticipated transactions denominated in foreign currencies.

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36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(b) Foreign currency risk (continued)

The net unhedged financial assets and financial liabilities of the Group that are not denominated in the respective functional currencies of the Group entities are as follows:

| | Net unhedged financial assets/(liabilities) | | |
|--|--|---------------|---------------|
| | Held in non-functional currencies | | |
| | USD | IDR | Total |
| | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 |
| Group | | | |
| Functional Currency of Group Entities | | | |
| 2014 | | | |
| RM | 3,075 | - | 3,075 |
| USD | - | 27,252 | 27,252 |
| | <u>3,075</u> | <u>27,252</u> | <u>30,327</u> |
| 2013 | | | |
| RM | (50,598) | - | (50,598) |
| Hong Kong Dollar ["HKD"] | 1,001 | - | 1,001 |
| USD | - | 51,157 | 51,157 |
| | <u>(49,597)</u> | <u>51,157</u> | <u>1,560</u> |

Currency risk sensitivity analysis

A 5% strengthening of the USD against the following currencies at the end of the reporting period would have increased/(decreased) post-tax profit or loss by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remain constant.

| | Group | |
|-----|---------------|---------------|
| | 2014 | 2013 |
| | RM'000 | RM'000 |
| RM | 115 | (1,897) |
| HKD | - | 42 |
| IDR | (973) | (1,827) |

A 5% weakening of the USD against the above currencies at the end of the reporting period would have had equal but opposite effect to the amounts shown above, on the basis that all other variables remain constant.

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36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(b) Foreign currency risk (continued)

Hedging activities

At the reporting date, the Group had entered into forward currency contracts and cross currency interest rate swaps with the following notional amounts and maturities:

| | Currency | Within 1 | | 1 - 3 | | Fair value | |
|--|----------|----------|---------|-----------|--------|---------------|--------|
| | | year | years | Notional | Assets | (Liabilities) | RM'000 |
| Group | | RM'000 | RM'000 | amount | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 |
| 2014 | | | | | | | |
| Designated as fair value through profit or loss | | | | | | | |
| Firm commitment hedge | USD | 1,892 | - | 1,892 | - | - | - |
| Receivables hedge | USD | 46,001 | - | 46,001 | - | - | - |
| | | 47,893 | - | 47,893 | - | - | - |
| Designated as fair value hedges | | | | | | | |
| Firm commitment hedge | USD | 153,175 | - | 153,175 | 5 | - | - |
| Payables hedge | USD | 58 | - | 58 | - | - | - |
| | | 153,233 | - | 153,233 | 5 | - | - |
| Designated as cash flow hedges | | | | | | | |
| Foreign currency loan hedge | SGD | 247,322 | 247,323 | 494,645 | 26,933 | - | - |
| Foreign currency loan hedge | USD | 157,000 | 189,053 | 346,053 | 21,718 | - | - |
| | | 404,322 | 436,376 | 840,698 | 48,651 | - | - |
| | | 605,448 | 436,376 | 1,041,824 | 48,656 | - | - |

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36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(b) Foreign currency risk (continued)

Hedging activities (continued)

| | Currency | Within 1 year RM'000 | 1 - 3 years RM'000 | Notional amount RM'000 | Fair value | |
|--|----------|----------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|
| | | | | | Assets RM'000 | (Liabilities) RM'000 |
| Group | | | | | | |
| 2013 | | | | | | |
| Designated as fair value through profit or loss | | | | | | |
| Receivables hedge | USD | 161,437 | - | 161,437 | - | - |
| Designated as fair value hedges | | | | | | |
| Firm commitment hedge | USD | 366 | - | 366 | 10 | - |
| Payables hedge | USD | 5,582 | - | 5,582 | - | (17) |
| | | 5,948 | - | 5,948 | 10 | (17) |
| Designated as cash flow hedge | | | | | | |
| Foreign currency loan hedge | SGD | - | 494,645 | 494,645 | 11,434 | - |
| | | 167,385 | 494,645 | 662,030 | 11,444 | (17) |

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36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(c) Liquidity risk

As part of its overall prudent liquidity management, the Group maintains sufficient levels of cash or cash equivalents and adequate amounts of credit facilities to meet its working capital requirements. In addition, the Group strives to maintain flexibility in funding by keeping its credit lines available at a reasonable level. As far as possible, the Group raises funding from financial institutions and balances its portfolio with some short term funding so as to achieve overall cost effectiveness.

Maturity analysis

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities as at the end of the reporting period based on undiscounted contractual payments:

| | Contractual | | | | | |
|--|---------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| | Carrying amount RM'000 | Contractual interest rate % | Contractual cash flows RM'000 | Within 1 year RM'000 | 1 – 2 years RM'000 | 2 – 5 years RM'000 |
| Group | | | | | | |
| 2014 | | | | | | |
| Non-derivative financial liabilities | | | | | | |
| Unsecured borrowings | | | | | | |
| Term loans | 484,539 | 3.95 – 5.03 | 521,989 | 222,961 | 165,106 | 133,922 |
| Revolving credits | 1,074,046 | 1.86 – 4.69 | 1,076,484 | 1,076,484 | - | - |
| Bankers' acceptances | 158,596 | 4.14 – 4.37 | 158,596 | 158,596 | - | - |
| Foreign currency loans | 898,415 | 3.58 – 5.38 | 950,335 | 473,067 | 372,016 | 105,252 |
| Bank overdrafts | 3,276 | 7.60 | 3,276 | 3,276 | - | - |
| Trade and other payables (excluding progress billings) | 531,873 | - | 531,873 | 526,624 | 3,582 | 1,667 |
| | <u>3,150,745</u> | | <u>3,242,553</u> | <u>2,461,008</u> | <u>540,704</u> | <u>240,841</u> |

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36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(c) Liquidity risk (continued)

Maturity analysis (continued)

| | Carrying amount RM'000 | Contractual interest rate % | Contractual cash flows RM'000 | Within 1 year RM'000 | 1 – 2 years RM'000 | 2 – 5 years RM'000 | More than 5 years RM'000 |
|--|---------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|
| Group | | | | | | | |
| 2013 | | | | | | | |
| Non-derivative financial liabilities | | | | | | | |
| Unsecured borrowings | | | | | | | |
| Term loans | 761,519 | 3.38 – 4.75 | 806,918 | 358,211 | 253,140 | 153,252 | 42,315 |
| Revolving credits | 1,083,966 | 2.85 – 4.37 | 1,089,760 | 1,089,760 | - | - | - |
| Bankers' acceptances | 101,813 | 3.69 – 3.78 | 101,813 | 101,813 | - | - | - |
| Foreign currency loans | 542,359 | 1.27 – 5.38 | 597,931 | 49,053 | 280,916 | 267,962 | - |
| Bank overdrafts | 8,916 | 6.60 – 7.35 | 8,916 | 8,916 | - | - | - |
| Trade and other payables (excluding progress billings) | 447,020 | - | 447,020 | 441,006 | 1,728 | 4,286 | - |
| | 2,945,593 | | 3,052,358 | 2,048,759 | 535,784 | 425,500 | 42,315 |
| Derivative financial liabilities | | | | | | | |
| Designated as hedging instrument | 17 | | 17 | 17 | - | - | - |
| - fair value hedges | 2,945,610 | | 3,052,375 | 2,048,776 | 535,784 | 425,500 | 42,315 |

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36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(c) Liquidity risk (continued)

Maturity analysis (continued)

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities as at the end of the reporting period based on undiscounted contractual payments:

| | Carrying amount RM'000 | Contractual interest rate % | Contractual cash flows RM'000 | Under 1 year RM'000 |
|--|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Company | | | | |
| 2014 | | | | |
| <i>Non-derivative financial liabilities</i> | | | | |
| Trade and other payables | 4,511 | - | 4,511 | 4,511 |
| 2013 | | | | |
| <i>Non-derivative financial liabilities</i> | | | | |
| Trade and other payables | 3,891 | - | 3,891 | 3,891 |

(d) Credit risk

Management has a credit policy in place and exposure to credit risk is monitored on an on-going basis. Credit worthiness review is regularly performed for new customers and existing customers who trade on credit, to mitigate exposure on credit risk. Where appropriate, the Group requires its customers to provide collateral before approvals are given to trade on credit.

The Group does not have any significant exposure to any individual customer or counterparty, nor does it have any major concentration of credit risk related to any financial instruments. The maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of these financial assets.

Financial guarantees

The Company provides unsecured financial guarantees to banks and other institutions in respect of facilities granted to certain subsidiaries. The Company monitors on an on-going basis the results of the subsidiaries and repayments made by the subsidiaries.

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
31 DECEMBER 2014

36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(d) Credit risk (continued)

Financial guarantees (continued)

Corporate guarantees with a nominal amount of RM2,618,872,000 (2013: RM2,498,573,000) were provided by the Company to the banks and other institutions in respect of facilities of its subsidiaries.

As at the reporting date, there was no indication that any subsidiary would default on repayment.

The financial guarantees have not been recognised as their fair values on initial recognition are insignificant.

(e) Market price risk

Market price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of the Group's financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than interest or exchange rates).

The Group is exposed to market price risk arising from its investment in quoted equity instruments and placement in money market deposits. The instruments are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

To manage its market price risk, the Group manage its portfolio in accordance with established guidelines and policies.

Sensitivity analysis

At the reporting date, if the instruments had been 2% higher/lower, with all other variables held constant, the Group's profit and loss would have increased/(decreased) by RM3,210,000 (2013: RM804,000) arising as a result of changes in the fair value of the financial assets classified as fair value through profit and loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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37. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Group's objectives when managing capital is to maintain a strong capital base and safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, so as to maintain investors, creditors and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business. The directors monitor and determined to maintain an optimal debt-to-equity ratio that complies with debt covenants and regulatory requirements.

There were no changes in the Group's approach to capital management during the year. The debt-to-equity ratios as at the end of the reporting period were as follows:

| | Group | |
|----------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Borrowings (Note 18) | 2,618,872 | 2,498,573 |
| Cash and bank balances (Note 15) | (317,068) | (582,464) |
| Net debt | 2,301,804 | 1,916,109 |
| Total equity | 4,385,642 | 3,768,787 |
| Debt-to-equity ratio | 0.52 | 0.51 |

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38. RELATED PARTIES

(a) Related party transactions

In addition to the transactions detailed elsewhere in the financial statements, the Group and the Company have the following transactions with related parties during the financial year:

| Related parties | Transactions | Group | | Company | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Directors of the Company: | | | | | |
| Dato' Jorgen Bornhoft | Sale of motor vehicle | 198 | - | - | - |
| Datuk Edward Lee Ming Foo, JP | Rental expenses | (116) | (46) | - | - |
| Datuk Simon Shim Kong Yip, JP | Rental expenses | (36) | - | - | - |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 DECEMBER 2014

38. RELATED PARTIES (CONTINUED)

(a) Related party transactions (continued)

| Related parties | Transactions | Group | | Company | |
|---|---------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Tan Sri Datuk Seri Panglima Lau Cho Kun @ Lau Yu Chak, a major shareholder of the Company ^ | Advisory fees | (2,475) | (2,325) | (2,475) | (2,325) |
| Foundation connected to Datuk Edward Lee Ming Foo, JP, a director of the Company: Lau Gek Poh Foundation # | Donation | (200) | (1,344) | (200) | (1,344) |
| Firm connected to Datuk Edward Lee Ming Foo, JP, a director of the Company: Corporated International Consultants | Project consultancy fee payable | (4,374) | (5,810) | - | - |
| Firm in which Datuk Simon Shim Kong Yip, JP, a director of the Company, has interest: Shim, Pang & Co | Legal fees | (800) | (1,173) | (526) | (400) |

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^ Tan Sri Datuk Seri Panglima Lau Cho Kun @ Lau Yu Chak is a major shareholder of the Company by virtue of his substantial shareholding in Gek Poh (Holdings) Sdn Bhd, the holding company of the Company.

An organisation principally involved in charitable activities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 DECEMBER 2014

38. RELATED PARTIES (CONTINUED)

(a) Related party transactions (continued)

| Related parties | Transactions | Group | | Company | |
|---|-----------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Company in which Tong Chin Hen, a director of a subsidiary, has interest: | | | | | |
| Imaspro Resources Sdn Bhd | Purchase of products | (150) | (243) | - | - |
| Companies connected to Tan Sri Datuk Seri Panglima Lau Cho Kun @ Lau Yu Chak, a major shareholder of the Company: | | | | | |
| Glenealy Plantations (Malaya) Berhad Group | Sales of products | 20,310 | 25,803 | - | - |
| Lingui Developments Berhad Group | Sales of products | 20,256 | 24,728 | - | - |
| Samling Strategic Corporation Sdn Bhd Group | Sales of products | 1,457 | 195 | - | - |
| Lei Shing Hong Limited Group | Sales of products | 2,232 | - | - | - |
| | Management fees | 330 | - | - | - |
| | Project management fees | 2,505 | - | - | - |
| | Servicing of motor vehicles | 15 | - | - | - |
| | Financial services | 5,192 | - | - | - |
| | Administration fees | 95 | 71 | - | - |
| | Rental income | 957 | 126 | - | - |
| | Purchase of products | (139,530) | (83,861) | - | - |
| | Rental expenses | (1,835) | (722) | (99) | - |
| | Administrative charges | (107) | (58) | - | - |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 DECEMBER 2014

38. RELATED PARTIES (CONTINUED)

(a) Related party transactions (continued)

| Related parties | Transactions | Group | | Company | |
|---|--------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Gek Poh (Holdings) Sdn Bhd and its subsidiaries | Management fees | 30 | 360 | - | - |
| | Rental income | 231 | 1,195 | - | - |
| | Sales of products | 1,193 | 1,824 | - | - |
| | Purchase of products | (234) | (12,453) | - | - |
| | Insurance premium* | (12,083) | (11,349) | (269) | (210) |
| | Logistic fees | - | (100) | - | - |
| Associates | Management fees received | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 |
| | Rental income | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| | Sales of products | 773 | 859 | - | - |
| Subsidiaries | Servicing of motor vehicles | - | - | (31) | (28) |
| | Purchase of motor vehicles | - | - | - | (558) |
| | Rental expenses | - | - | (70) | (166) |
| | Management fees | - | - | (402) | (318) |
| | Car usage | - | - | (605) | (549) |
| | Purchase of products | - | - | (17) | (22) |

* This relates to insurance premiums paid/payable via a related company acting as an insurance agent

Compensation to key management personnel is as disclosed in Note 25.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 DECEMBER 2014

38. RELATED PARTIES (CONTINUED)

(b) Balances with related parties

| | Group | | Company | |
|---|----------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Amount due from/(to) | | | | |
| Corporated International Consultants Shim, Pang & Co | (805) 3 | (1,624) (35) | - - | - - |
| Glenealy Plantations (Malaya) Berhad Group | 3,728 | 4,915 | - | - |
| Lingui Developments Berhad Group | 13,541 | 15,817 | - | - |
| Samling Strategic Corporation Sdn Bhd Group | 1,457 | 156 | - | - |
| Lei Shing Hong Limited Group | 5,319 | (2,832) | - | - |
| Imaspro Resources Sdn Bhd | (37) | (21) | - | - |
| Gek Poh (Holdings) Sdn Bhd and its subsidiaries | 758 | 696 | - | - |
| Associates | 17 | 93 | 17 | 17 |
| Subsidiaries | - | - | (468) | (318) |

The above balances arose from recurrent related party transactions of revenue or trading nature.

39. SIGNIFICANT EVENTS DURING THE YEAR

- (a) On 18 April 2014, *Hap Seng Building Materials Holdings Sdn Bhd became the 49% shareholder of HS Mining Services Holding (Thailand) Co., Ltd ["HS Mining Holding"] which was incorporated in Thailand on even date. HS Mining Holding is principally involved in investment holding with a registered capital of Baht 100,000 comprising 100 ordinary shares of Baht 1,000 each, of which Baht 25,000 have been issued.

Thereafter on 22 April 2014, HS Mining Holding incorporated a wholly-owned subsidiary in Thailand, HS Mining Services (Thailand) Co., Ltd ["HS Mining Services"]. HS Mining Services is principally involved in quarry mining services and related activities with a registered capital of Baht 100,000 comprising 100 ordinary shares of Baht 1,000 each, of which Baht 25,000 have been issued. HS Mining Services remained dormant as at end of the financial year.

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39. SIGNIFICANT EVENTS DURING THE YEAR (CONTINUED)

- (b) On 19 June 2014, *Hap Seng Properties Development Sdn Bhd, entered into two (2) separate sale and purchase agreements [“SPAs”] to dispose of the following contiguous parcels of leasehold land to the purchasers described below for a total consideration of RM278,000,000:

| | Purchaser | Particulars of Land | Consideration (RM) |
|----|--------------------|---|--------------------|
| a) | Arrowchip Sdn Bhd | All those parcels of leasehold vacant land held under CL 105458606, CL 105458615 and CL 105458624 measuring approximately 138.03 acres in aggregate together with oil palm trees planted thereon situated at Jalan Tiku, District of Tawau, State of Sabah; and | 131,920,000 |
| b) | Futurenote Sdn Bhd | All those parcels of leasehold vacant land held under CL 105458571, CL 105458580 and CL 105458599 measuring approximately 152.86 acres in aggregate together with oil palm trees planted thereon situated at Jalan Tiku, District of Tawau, State of Sabah. | 146,080,000 |

The SPAs were completed on 27 June 2014 with the full purchase consideration paid by the purchasers and resulted in a total net gain of approximately RM199.5 million to the Group.

- (c) On 2 October 2014, *Hap Seng Realty Sdn Bhd transferred its 2 ordinary shares of RM1.00 each representing the entire issued and paid-up share capital of Hap Seng Land Development and JCA Sdn Bhd (formerly known as HUB Coaching & Consulting Sdn Bhd) [“HSLD-JCA”] to *Hap Seng Land Development Sdn Bhd [“HSLD”] at a cash consideration of RM2.00. Subsequently on 17 October 2014, a joint venture agreement was entered into between HSLD and JC Alliance Property Sdn Bhd [“JCA”] governing their 60:40 joint-venture in HSLD-JCA. Pursuant to the same, HSLD and JCA subscribed to 149,998 and 100,000 ordinary shares respectively in the share capital of HSLD-JCA on even date, with which the issued and paid-up share capital of HSLD-JCA increased to RM250,000 comprising 250,000 ordinary shares of RM1.00 each.
- (d) On 21 October 2014, *Hap Seng Land Development Sdn Bhd acquired the entire issued and paid-up share capital of Richmore Development Sdn Bhd [“RDSB”] comprising 2 ordinary shares of RM1.00 each at a cash consideration of RM2.00.
- (e) On 24 November 2014, *Hap Seng Land Development Sdn Bhd acquired the entire issued and paid-up share capital of Pacific Emerald Properties Sdn Bhd [“PEPSB”] comprising 2 ordinary shares of RM1.00 each at a cash consideration of RM2.00. On 2 December 2014, PEPSB entered into a sale and purchase agreement to acquire a piece of leasehold land in Bandar Shah Alam, Daerah Petaling, Negeri Selangor Darul Ehsan for the purpose of property development.
- (f) On 24 November 2014, the Company incorporated a wholly-owned subsidiary in Singapore, Hap Seng Investment Holdings Pte Ltd [“HSIH”] with an issued and paid-up share capital of SGD1.00 comprising 1 ordinary share.

* These are the Company’s wholly-owned subsidiaries.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 DECEMBER 2014

40. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events other than those detailed elsewhere in the financial statements are as follows:

- (a) On 30 January 2015, Hap Seng Star Vietnam Limited ["HSSVL"], an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, had been successfully de-registered from the Companies Registry of Hong Kong. HSSVL was incorporated in Hong Kong as a private limited company on 22 December 2008 and had ceased business since 31 December 2012. Prior to the de-registration, HSSVL had an issued and paid-up capital of HKD16,000,000 comprising 16,000,000 ordinary shares of HKD1.00 each.
- (b) On 16 January 2015, Maybank Kim Eng Securities Pte Ltd, for and on behalf of *Hap Seng Investment Holdings Pte Ltd ["HSIH"], made a voluntary conditional cash partial offer to acquire 51% of the ordinary shares [the "Offer Shares"] in the issued share capital of Hafary Holdings Limited ["Hafary"], a company incorporated in Singapore and listed on the Main Board of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited, at 5.00 p.m. (Singapore time) on 30 January 2015, other than those already owned, controlled or agreed to be acquired by HSIH and parties acting in concert with it as at such date, at a cash consideration of SGD 0.24 per Offer Share [the "Partial Offer"].

The Partial Offer closed at 5.30 p.m. (Singapore time) on 13 February 2015 and was duly completed on 23 February 2015 upon settlement of the consideration for the Offer Shares acquired by HSIH on even date. Accordingly, Hafary became a 51% owned subsidiary of HSIH.

- (c) On 11 March 2015, the Company has entered into a conditional agreement with Lei Shing Hong Limited ["LSH"], pursuant to which the Company has agreed to dispose of 49,600,000 ordinary shares representing 100% of the issued and paid-up capital of Hap Seng Capital Pte Ltd, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, to LSH for a cash consideration of SGD240.00 million or equivalent to RM640.80 million ["Proposed Disposal"]; and

On even date, *Hap Seng Realty (KK I) Sdn Bhd ["HSRSB"] has entered into a conditional agreement with Akal Megah Sdn Bhd ["Akal Megah"], an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of LSH, pursuant to which HSRSB has agreed to acquire a purpose-built fourteen (14)-storey retail and office tower block to be known as Menara Hap Seng KK being constructed on a parcel of leasehold land held under Town Lease 017529341 in the district of Kota Kinabalu, Sabah from Akal Megah for a cash consideration of RM395 million ["Proposed Acquisition"].

The Proposed Disposal and Proposed Acquisition are collectively referred to as the "Proposals".

The Proposals are deemed related party transactions as they involved the interests of Tan Sri Datuk Seri Panglima Lau Cho Kun @ Lau Yu Chak, the 37.68% major shareholder of LSH and a 56% major shareholder and director of Gek Poh (Holdings) Sdn Bhd which is the holding company of the Company. In addition, Lei Shing Hong Investment Ltd, a wholly-owned subsidiary of LSH, is also a major shareholder with 16.98% shareholding in the Company and is deemed to be interested in the Proposals.

The Proposals are subject to the approvals being obtained from the shareholders of the Company at an extraordinary general meeting to be convened.

* These are the Company's wholly-owned subsidiaries.

**NOTES TO THE
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40. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (CONTINUED)

- (d) Subsequent to the end of the financial year and up to 16 April 2015, the Company acquired additional 3,279,500 ordinary shares of RM1.00 each representing approximately 0.41% equity interest in Hap Seng Plantations Holdings Berhad ["HSP"] via the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad, thereby increasing its shareholding in HSP from 52.38% to 52.79%.

41. COMPARATIVES

Certain comparatives have been reclassified to conform with current year's presentation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 DECEMBER 2014

42. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - DISCLOSURE OF REALISED AND UNREALISED PROFITS OR LOSSES

The breakdown of the retained profits of the Group and of the Company into realised and unrealised profits is presented in accordance with the directive issued by Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad dated 25 March 2010 and prepared in accordance with Guidance on Special Matter No. 1, Determination of Realised and Unrealised Profits or Losses in the Context of Disclosure Pursuant to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Listing Requirements, as issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants.

| | Group | | Company | |
|--|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Total retained profits of the Company and its subsidiaries | | | | |
| - Realised | 2,640,815 | 2,964,954 | 769,677 | 1,059,010 |
| - Unrealised | 196,646 | (42,563) | (23) | (13) |
| | 2,837,461 | 2,922,391 | 769,654 | 1,058,997 |
| Total share of retained profits from associates | | | | |
| - Realised | 17,708 | 17,543 | - | - |
| - Unrealised | 18,318 | 18,205 | - | - |
| - Breakdown unavailable * | 23,702 | 21,712 | - | - |
| | 2,897,189 | 2,979,851 | 769,654 | 1,058,997 |
| Less: Consolidation adjustments | (1,353,642) | (1,575,760) | - | - |
| Total retained profits as per financial statements | 1,543,547 | 1,404,091 | 769,654 | 1,058,997 |

* This represents the share of retained profits of Lam Soon (Thailand) Public Company Limited ["LST"], an associate which is listed in the Stock Exchange of Thailand. The information required by Bursa Securities was not made available by LST due to the requirement to comply with the Guideline on Disclosure of Information of Listed Companies issued by the Stock Exchange of Thailand.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

The following additional information are provided in accordance with Paragraph 9.25 Appendix 9C of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Main Market Listing Requirements.

1. STATUS OF UTILISATION OF PROCEEDS RAISED FROM CORPORATE PROPOSALS

The Company did not raise any proceeds from corporate proposal during the financial year.

2. OPTIONS, WARRANTS OR CONVERTIBLE SECURITIES

During the financial year under review, 81,070,561 warrants were exercised with a balance of 263,970,819 warrants unexercised as at 31 December 2014. These warrants are constituted by the deed poll dated 6 July 2011.

3. AMERICAN DEPOSITORY RECEIPT (“ADR”) OR GLOBAL DEPOSITORY RECEIPT (“GDR”) PROGRAMME

The Company did not sponsor any ADR or GDR programme for the year.

4. PARTICULARS OF SANCTIONS AND/OR PENALTIES IMPOSED

There were no sanctions and/or penalties imposed on the Company and its subsidiaries, directors or management by the relevant regulatory bodies during the financial year ended 31 December 2014.

5. NON-AUDIT FEES

The amount of non-audit fees incurred for services rendered by the external auditors and/or its local and overseas member firms to the Group for the financial year ended 31 December 2014 was RM571,000 as disclosed in Note 23 to the Financial Statements.

6. VARIATION IN RESULTS

There were no material variances in the Company's audited consolidated financial results for the financial year ended 31 December 2014 and the unaudited results for the same period previously released in the quarterly report to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad on 26 February 2015.

7. PROFIT GUARANTEES

There was no profit guarantee given by the Company during the financial year ended 31 December 2014.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

8. MATERIAL CONTRACTS

Save for the following, there were no other material contracts of the Company and its subsidiaries involving directors' and major shareholders' interest, which still subsisted as at 31 December 2014, or entered into since 31 December 2013:

- Related party transactions in the ordinary course of business on terms not more favourable to the related parties than those generally available to the public and are not detrimental to the minority interests, which were entered into during the financial year ended 31 December 2014 as disclosed in Note 38 to the Financial Statements.

The Company will be seeking new or renewed shareholders' mandate for recurrent related party transactions at the extraordinary general meeting to be convened on 4 June 2015 immediately after the conclusion of the annual general meeting to be held on the same date.

PARTICULARS OF TOP TEN PROPERTIES OF THE GROUP

| Location | Area | Description | Date of Acquisition | Tenure | Year of Expiry | Approximate Age of Buildings (Years) | Net book value at 31/12/2014 RM'000 |
|---|--------------------------|--|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| KUALA LUMPUR | | | | | | | |
| Lot 593 & 594, Seksyen 57, Jalan P. Ramlee, | 7,436 m ² | 22-storey office building for rental | June 2004 | Freehold | - | 42 | 279,145 |
| Lot 11383, Seksyen 57, Jalan P. Ramlee, | 4,376 m ² | 31-storey office building for rental | March 2010 | Freehold | - | 1 | 379,737 |
| SELANGOR | | | | | | | |
| H.S.(M) 21468, PT No. 58488, Bandar Cheras, Hulu Langat, | 18,410 m ² | 3-storey Mercedes-Benz showroom & office | January 2010 | Freehold | - | 2 | 76,286 |
| H.S.(D) 288475, PT No. 8417, Pekan Kinrara, District of Petaling, | 30,255 m ² | 2-storey Mercedes-Benz showroom & office | June 2005/ June 2008 | Freehold | - | 2-8 | 66,159 |
| SABAH | | | | | | | |
| TAWAU | | | | | | | |
| CL 105360674 & CL 105396647, KM 6, Jalan Tg. Batu Laut | 198,215 m ² | Industrial lands with single-storey buildings for rental | January 2004 | Leasehold 99 years | 2076/ 2080 | 26-27 | 88,902 |
| CL 105451607 & CL 105459158, KM 6, Jalan Tg. Batu Laut | 222,415 m ² | Industrial lands with single-storey buildings for rental | January 2004 | Leasehold 99 years | 2086/ 2087 | 24-25 | 90,793 |
| PL 106293010, KM 6, Jalan Tg. Batu Laut | 174,015 m ² | Industrial zoned land on reclaimed area held for rental | January 2004 | Leasehold 99 years | 2089 | 8 - 11 | 74,564 |
| CL 105478831/ CL 105420666 CL 105420675/ CL 105420684, Mile 10-10 1/2, Jalan Apas | 1,107,706 m ² | Land held for development oil palm plantation & staff quarters | January 2004/ January 2001 | Leasehold 99 years/ 60 years | 2042/ 2060/ 2081 | 40 | 64,024 |

PARTICULARS OF TOP TEN PROPERTIES OF THE GROUP

| Location | Area | Description | Date of Acquisition | Tenure | Year of Expiry | Approximate Age of Buildings (Years) | Net book value at 31/12/2014 RM'000 |
|---------------------------------|----------|---------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| SABAH | | | | | | | |
| KINABATANGAN, LAHAD DATU | | | | | | | |
| Batangan Estate | 3,633 ha | Oil palm plantation & buildings | July 1996 | Leasehold 99 years | 2078 | 9-33 | 272,164 |
| Lutong Estate | 2,448 ha | Oil palm plantation & buildings | July 1996/ July 2003 | Leasehold 99 years | 2078/ 2098/ 2099 | 14-25 | |
| Lokan Estate | 3,155 ha | Oil palm plantation & buildings | July 1996 | Leasehold 99 years | 2078 | 14-19 | |
| Kapis Estate | 2,681 ha | Oil palm plantation & buildings | July 1996 | Leasehold 99 years | 2078 | 12-28 | |
| Lungmanis Estate | 2,200 ha | Oil palm plantation & buildings | July 1996 | Leasehold 99 years | 2078 | 14-20 | |
| Tomanggong Estate | 4,890 ha | Oil palm plantation & buildings | November 1978 | Leasehold 99 years/ 999 years | 2067/ 2094/ 2894 | 6-46 | 316,808 |
| Tabin Estate | 2,579 ha | Oil palm plantation & buildings | November 1978 | Leasehold 99 years/ 999 years | 2067/ 2076/ 2093/ 2097 | 6-30 | |
| Tagas Estate | 2,010 ha | Oil palm plantation & buildings | November 1978 | Leasehold 99 years/ 999 years | 2067/ 2076 | 6-39 | |
| Litang Estate | 1,571 ha | Oil palm plantation & buildings | November 1978 | Leasehold 99 years/ 999 years | 2076/ 2091/ 2887/ 2900 | 6-32 | |
| Sungai Segama Estate | 5,174 ha | Oil palm plantation & buildings | December 1990 | Leasehold 99 years/ 999 years | 2089 | 13-17 | |
| Bukit Mas Estate | 4,733 ha | Oil palm plantation & buildings | December 1990 | Leasehold 99 years/ 999 years | 2089/ 2887 | 7-15 | |

PLANTATION STATISTICS

← FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER →

| | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 |
|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| CROP PRODUCTION - TONNES | | | | | |
| FFB | 677,071 | 738,969 | 665,812 | 704,241 | 727,937 |
| PROCESSED - TONNES | | | | | |
| FFB - own | 636,033 | 693,901 | 620,770 | 662,452 | 680,741 |
| FFB - purchased | 63,001 | 107,623 | 105,469 | 116,490 | 121,673 |
| Palm Oil | 149,941 | 168,025 | 154,595 | 116,202 | 172,980 |
| Palm Kernel | 33,409 | 37,050 | 34,587 | 36,554 | 38,778 |
| EXTRACTION RATE - % | | | | | |
| Palm Oil | 21.45 | 20.96 | 21.29 | 21.34 | 21.56 |
| Palm Kernel | 4.78 | 4.62 | 4.76 | 4.69 | 4.83 |
| MATURE AREA - HECTARES | | | | | |
| Oil Palm | | | | | |
| 30 months to 7 years | 2,892 | 2,289 | 2,788 | 2,525 | 4,089 |
| > 7 years to 17 years | 17,899 | 16,009 | 13,332 | 10,981 | 10,122 |
| > 17 years onwards | 11,296 | 12,770 | 14,335 | 17,164 | 17,162 |
| Total mature area | 32,087 | 31,068 | 30,455 | 30,670 | 31,373 |
| AVERAGE YIELD - TONNES/HECTARE | | | | | |
| FFB Yield per mature hectare | 21.10 | 23.79 | 21.86 | 22.96 | 23.20 |
| Oil per mature hectare | 4.53 | 4.99 | 4.65 | 4.90 | 5.00 |
| AVERAGE SELLING PRICE (Ex-Sandakan) RM/TONNE | | | | | |
| FFB | 579 | 697 | 560 | 470 | 491 |
| Palm Oil | 2,594 | 3,226 | 2,773 | 2,343 | 2,386 |
| Palm Kernel | 1,629 | 2,200 | 1,494 | 1,288 | 1,654 |

PLANTATION STATISTICS

AREA SUMMARY (HECTARES) AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2014

| | River Estates Group | Jeroco | * HSP (Kota Marudu) | Pelipikan Plantation | Total Plantation Division |
|----------------------|------------------------|---------------|------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Oil Palm | | | | | |
| Mature | 19,514 | 10,693 | 585 | 581 | 31,373 |
| Immature | 1,814 | 2,029 | - | 322 | 4,165 |
| Total Oil Palm | 21,328 | 12,722 | 585 | 903 | 35,538 |
| Other crop | 60 | 86 | - | - | 146 |
| Total planted area | 21,388 | 12,808 | 585 | 903 | 35,684 |
| Reserves | 578 | 312 | 81 | 330 | 1,301 |
| Buildings, roads etc | 1,547 | 997 | 142 | 132 | 2,818 |
| Grand Total | 23,513 | 14,117 | 808 | 1,365 | 39,803 |

Conversion Rate : 1 Hectare = 2.4710 acres

* Including 200 acres (81 hectares) of land adjoining to the existing land of which the land title are currently under application.

SHARE BUY-BACKS SUMMARY

| Month (2014) | No. of shares bought back and retained as treasury shares | Lowest price paid per share (RM) | Highest price paid per share (RM) | Average cost per share (RM) | Total paid consideration (RM'000) | No. of treasury shares cancelled | No. of treasury shares resold | Lowest resale price per share (RM) | Highest resale price per share (RM) | Average resale price per share (RM) | Total consideration received (RM'000) |
|-----------------|--|---|--|---|--|---|--|---|--|--|--|
| January | 4,867,900 | 2.68 | 3.00 | 2.90 | 14,126 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| February | 4,636,300 | 2.71 | 3.02 | 2.99 | 13,869 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| March | 10,131,900 | 2.96 | 3.04 | 3.02 | 30,576 | 60,000,000 | - | - | - | - | - |
| April | 5,042,800 | 3.00 | 3.18 | 3.10 | 15,640 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| May | 13,091,700 | 3.16 | 3.21 | 3.19 | 41,818 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| June | 15,281,600 | 3.13 | 3.60 | 3.37 | 51,504 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| July | 4,110,700 | 3.48 | 3.60 | 3.59 | 14,760 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| August | - | - | - | - | - | - | 99,889,000 | 3.49 | 3.80 | 3.55 | 354,373 |
| September | - | - | - | - | - | - | 22,194,000 | 3.75 | 4.02 | 3.83 | 84,951 |
| October | - | - | - | - | - | - | 11,332,700 | 3.95 | 4.01 | 3.98 | 45,106 |
| November | 2,000 | 4.95 | 4.95 | 4.99 | 10 | - | 1,733,100 | 4.55 | 4.78 | 4.58 | 7,939 |
| December | 23,135,200 | 4.16 | 4.55 | 4.39 | 101,453 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total | 80,300,100 | 2.68 | 4.95 | 3.53 | 283,756 | 60,000,000 | 135,148,800 | 3.49 | 4.78 | 3.64 | 492,369 |

During the financial year, 80,300,100 shares were bought back, 60,000,000 treasury shares were cancelled, and 135,148,800 treasury shares were resold on the open market. Consequently, the balance cumulative treasury shares held as at 31 December 2014 were 89,182,400.

ANALYSIS OF SHAREHOLDINGS

AS AT 24 APRIL 2015

| | |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Authorised share capital | : RM5,000,000,000 |
| Issued and fully paid-up capital | : RM2,236,174,416 |
| Class of shares | : ordinary shares of RM1.00 each |
| Voting rights | : one vote per ordinary share |
| Number of shareholders | : 10,787 |

DISTRIBUTION OF SHAREHOLDERS

| Size of Holdings | No. of Shareholders | % of Shareholders | *No. of Shares Held | % of Issued Capital |
|--|---------------------|-------------------|----------------------|---------------------|
| 1 to 99 | 444 | 4.11 | 7,966 | # |
| 100 to 1,000 | 1,196 | 11.09 | 846,310 | 0.04 |
| 1,001 to 10,000 | 5,708 | 52.91 | 27,917,132 | 1.30 |
| 10,001 to 100,000 | 3,048 | 28.26 | 90,306,481 | 4.21 |
| 100,001 to less than 5% of issued shares | 388 | 3.60 | 491,619,267 | 22.90 |
| 5% & above of issued shares | 3 | 0.03 | 1,536,294,860 | 71.55 |
| Total | 10,787 | 100.00 | 2,146,992,016 | 100.00 |

* The number of 2,146,922,016 ordinary shares was arrived at after deducting 89,182,400 treasury shares held by the Company from the original issued and paid-up share capital of 2,236,174,416 ordinary shares of the Company.

Negligible

LIST OF 30 LARGEST SHAREHOLDERS

| | Shareholding | % ⁽³⁾ |
|---|--------------|------------------|
| 1. Gek Poh (Holdings) Sdn Bhd | 771,177,100 | 35.92 |
| 2. Affin Hwang Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd - Exempt AN for Lei Shing Hong Securities Limited (Clients Account) | 471,783,760 | 21.97 |
| 3. RHB Capital Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd - Pledged Securities Account for Gek Poh (Holdings) Sdn Bhd | 293,334,000 | 13.66 |
| 4. Malaysia Nominees (Tempatan) Sendirian Berhad - Pledged Securities Account for Gek Poh (Holdings) Sdn Bhd (01-00850-00) | 100,000,000 | 4.66 |
| 5. Affin Hwang Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd - Exempt AN for Phillip Securities (Hong Kong) Ltd (Clients' Account) | 89,415,500 | 4.16 |
| 6. Hap Seng Insurance Services Sdn Bhd | 61,256,180 | 2.85 |
| 7. Chinchoo Investment Sdn Berhad | 13,595,380 | 0.63 |
| 8. Citigroup Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd - CBNY for Dimensional Emerging Markets Value Fund | 13,316,800 | 0.62 |
| 9. Gan Teng Siew Realty Sdn Berhad | 12,308,600 | 0.57 |
| 10. Key Development Sdn Berhad | 11,008,800 | 0.51 |

ANALYSIS OF SHAREHOLDINGS

AS AT 24 APRIL 2015

| | Shareholding | % ⁽³⁾ |
|--|----------------------|------------------|
| 11. DB (Malaysia) Nominee (Asing) Sdn Bhd - SSBT Fund WTAU for Wisdomtree Emerging Markets Smallcap Dividend Fund | 8,899,592 | 0.41 |
| 12. Mikdavid Sdn Bhd | 8,320,600 | 0.39 |
| 13. Maybank Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd - Maybank Trustees Berhad for Public Regular Savings Fund (N14011940100) | 7,498,700 | 0.35 |
| 14. Nithiabala A/L T Balasingam | 7,228,000 | 0.34 |
| 15. Citigroup Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd - CBNY for Emerging Market Core Equity Portfolio DFA Investment Dimensions Group Inc | 5,348,840 | 0.25 |
| 16. HSBC Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd - Exempt AN for JPMorgan Chase Bank, National Association (U.S.A) | 4,889,300 | 0.23 |
| 17. DB (Malaysia) Nominee (Asing) Sdn Bhd - SSBT Fund WTAS for Wisdomtree Emerging Markets Equity Incomefund | 4,690,465 | 0.22 |
| 18. Rengo Malay Estate Sendirian Berhad | 4,032,000 | 0.19 |
| 19. Amanahraya Trustees Berhad - Public Islamic Sector Select Fund | 3,967,500 | 0.18 |
| 20. Bidor Tahan Estates Sdn Bhd | 3,780,000 | 0.18 |
| 21. CIMB Commerce Trustee Berhad - Public Focus Select Fund | 3,090,200 | 0.14 |
| 22. Citigroup Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd - CBNY for DFA Emerging Markets Small Cap Series | 3,072,340 | 0.14 |
| 23. Public Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd - Pledged Securities Account for Liew Jew Fook (E-PDG) | 2,558,000 | 0.12 |
| 24. Gemas Bahru Estates Sdn Bhd | 2,243,000 | 0.10 |
| 25. RHB Capital Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd - Pledged Securities Account for Su Ming Yaw | 2,078,000 | 0.10 |
| 26. Chinchoo Holdings (S) Private Limited | 2,041,200 | 0.10 |
| 27. HSBC Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd - HSBC BK PLC for Saudi Arabian Monetary Agency | 2,021,100 | 0.09 |
| 28. HSBC Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd - DZ Privatbank for Quoniam Funds Selection SICAV - Emerging Markets Equities Minrisk | 1,896,300 | 0.09 |
| 29. Soon Khat Voon | 1,770,000 | 0.08 |
| 30. CIMB Group Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd - CIMB Bank Berhad (EDP 2) | 1,765,000 | 0.08 |
| Total | 1,918,386,257 | 89.33 |

ANALYSIS OF SHAREHOLDINGS

AS AT 24 APRIL 2015

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

| | ← | Shareholding | | → |
|---|---------------|------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|
| | Direct | %⁽³⁾ | Indirect | %⁽³⁾ |
| Gek Poh (Holdings) Sdn Bhd | 1,164,511,100 | 54.24 | 61,256,180 ⁽¹⁾ | 2.85 |
| Affin Hwang Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd | 364,564,660 | 16.98 | - | - |
| - Exempt AN for Lei Shing Hong Securities Limited (Clients A/C for Lei Shing Hong Investment Limited) | | | | |
| Tan Sri Datuk Seri Panglima Lau Cho Kun @ Lau Yu Chak | - | - | 1,590,331,940 ⁽²⁾ | 74.07 |

Notes:

- (1) Deemed interests through its wholly-owned subsidiary, Hap Seng Insurance Services Sdn Bhd, pursuant to section 6A(4) of the Companies Act, 1965 (the "Act").
- (2) Deemed interests by virtue of his direct and/or indirect substantial interests in Gek Poh (Holdings) Sdn Bhd and Lei Shing Hong Investment Limited pursuant to section 6A(4) of the Act.
- (3) For purpose of computing the percentage of shareholding above, the number of ordinary shares used was 2,146,992,016 which was arrived at after deducting 89,182,400 treasury shares held by the Company from its issued and paid-up capital of 2,236,174,416 ordinary shares.

ANALYSIS OF WARRANTHOLDINGS

AS AT 24 APRIL 2015

| | |
|--------------------------------|---------------|
| Total warrants issued | : 364,392,900 |
| Less: Total warrants exercised | : 109,817,016 |
| Balance warrants unexercised | : 254,575,884 |

DISTRIBUTION OF WARRANTHOLDERS

| Size of Warrantholdings | No. of Warrantholders | % of Warrantholders | No. of Warrants Held | % of Warrantholdings |
|--|-----------------------|---------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| 1 to 99 | 144 | 4.27 | 8,218 | # |
| 100 to 1,000 | 875 | 25.92 | 480,589 | 0.19 |
| 1,001 to 10,000 | 1,977 | 58.58 | 6,537,815 | 2.57 |
| 10,001 to 100,000 | 347 | 10.28 | 8,706,140 | 3.44 |
| 100,001 to less than 5% of issued warrants | 30 | 0.89 | 7,673,900 | 3.02 |
| 5% & above of issued warrants | 2 | 0.06 | 230,546,122 | 90.78 |
| Total | 3,375 | 100.00 | 253,952,784 | 100.00 |

Negligible

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LIST OF 30 LARGEST WARRANTHOLDERS

| | Warrantholding | % |
|--|----------------|-------|
| 1. Gek Poh (Holdings) Sdn Bhd | 195,583,442 | 77.02 |
| 2. Affin Hwang Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd - Exempt AN for Lei Shing Hong Securities Limited (Clients A/C) | 34,962,680 | 13.77 |
| 3. Cimsec Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd - CIMB Bank for Cheang Wai Kett (MM1156) | 1,250,000 | 0.49 |
| 4. Cimsec Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd - CIMB Bank for Ooi Peng Cuan (PBCL-0G0102) | 830,000 | 0.33 |
| 5. JF Apex Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd - Pledged Securities Account for Teo Kwee Hock (STA 1) | 514,500 | 0.20 |
| 6. Nithiabala A/L T Balasingam | 435,800 | 0.17 |
| 7. Cartaban Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd - Exempt AN for Barclays Capital Securities Ltd (SBL/PB) | 370,000 | 0.15 |
| 8. Soon Khat Voon | 370,000 | 0.15 |
| 9. Geoffrey Lim Fung Keong | 310,024 | 0.12 |
| 10. Tan Beng Sim | 256,000 | 0.10 |

ANALYSIS OF WARRANTHOLDINGS

AS AT 24 APRIL 2015

| | Warrantholding | % |
|---|--------------------|--------------|
| 11. Soo Yih Ming | 218,800 | 0.09 |
| 12. JF Apex Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd - Pledged Securities Account for Teo Siew Lai (Margin) | 208,600 | 0.08 |
| 13. Kenanga Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd - Pledged Securities Account for Yong Shian Jian | 200,000 | 0.08 |
| 14. Lum Poh Kong | 200,000 | 0.08 |
| 15. Ong Hsieh Yin | 200,000 | 0.08 |
| 16. Yeo Soo Jeng | 197,800 | 0.08 |
| 17. Maybank Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd - Pledged Securities Account for Mohd Radzuan Bin Ab Halim | 189,700 | 0.07 |
| 18. Cimsec Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd - Pledged Securities Account for Soon Thiam Yew (Ampang-CL) | 185,600 | 0.07 |
| 19. Cheang Wai Kett | 180,000 | 0.07 |
| 20. Liew Lee Kuen | 171,000 | 0.07 |
| 21. Ng Chin Siu & Sons Rubber Estates Sdn Bhd | 140,620 | 0.06 |
| 22. Amanahraya Trustees Berhad - PB China Asean Equity Fund | 120,000 | 0.05 |
| 23. Pan Heng Luy | 120,000 | 0.05 |
| 24. Public Invest Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd - Pledged Securities Account for Lam Kam Yeon (M) | 120,000 | 0.05 |
| 25. Sin Hiap Heng Trading Sdn Bhd | 120,000 | 0.05 |
| 26. Teh Kee Peng | 120,000 | 0.05 |
| 27. Pantai Remis Mining (Sdn) Berhad | 117,356 | 0.05 |
| 28. Xie Xin Poultry Merchant Sdn Bhd | 111,900 | 0.04 |
| 29. Affin Hwang Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd - UOB Kay Hian Pte Ltd for Lee Teck Heng | 105,700 | 0.04 |
| 30. Yuen Thui Yang | 105,300 | 0.04 |
| Total | 238,014,822 | 93.75 |

DIRECTORS' SHAREHOLDINGS

AS AT 24 APRIL 2015

| Company: | Direct Shareholding | | Indirect Shareholding | |
|---|----------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|
| | No. of Shares | % ⁽¹⁾ | No. of Shares | % ⁽¹⁾ |
| Hap Seng Consolidated Berhad (HSCB) | | | | |
| Dato' Jorgen Bornhoft | 130,000 | 0.0061 | - | - |
| Dato' Mohammed Bin Haji Che Hussein | 136,000 | 0.0063 | - | - |
| Related Corporation: | | | | |
| | No. of Shares | % ⁽²⁾ | No. of Shares | % ⁽²⁾ |
| Hap Seng Plantations Holdings Berhad (HSP) | | | | |
| Dato' Jorgen Bornhoft | 10,000 | 0.0013 | - | - |
| Datuk Simon Shim Kong Yip, JP | 180,000 | 0.0225 | - | - |
| Lt. Gen. (R) Datuk Abdul Aziz Bin Hasan | 5,000 | 0.0006 | - | - |

Notes:

- (1) For purpose of computing the percentage of HSCB shareholding above, the number of ordinary shares used was 2,146,992,016 which was arrived at after deducting 89,182,400 treasury shares held by HSCB from its issued and paid-up capital of 2,236,174,416 ordinary shares.
- (2) For purpose of computing the percentage of HSP shareholding above, the number of ordinary shares used was 799,703,200 which was arrived at after deducting 296,800 treasury shares held by HSP from its issued and paid-up capital of 800,000,000 ordinary shares.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the 39th annual general meeting of Hap Seng Consolidated Berhad will be held at the Kinabalu Room, Ground Floor, Menara Hap Seng, Jalan P. Ramlee, 50250 Kuala Lumpur on Thursday, 4 June 2015 at 10am to transact the following:-

AGENDA

ORDINARY BUSINESS

1. To table the audited financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2014 together with the reports of directors and auditors. *Note 1*

To consider and if thought fit, to pass the following ordinary resolutions:-

- | | |
|--|------------------------------|
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 2. To reappoint Dato' Jorgen Bornhoft pursuant to section 129(6) of the Companies Act, 1965 as director of the Company to hold office until the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of the Company. <i>Note 2</i> | Ordinary Resolution 1 |
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 3. To re-elect Lt. Gen. (R) Datuk Abdul Aziz Bin Hasan who shall retire in accordance with article 97 of the Company's articles of association and being eligible, has offered himself for re-election. <i>Note 3</i> | Ordinary Resolution 2 |
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 4. To re-elect Dato' Mohammed Bin Haji Che Hussein who shall retire in accordance with article 97 of the Company's articles of association and being eligible, has offered himself for re-election. <i>Note 3</i> | Ordinary Resolution 3 |
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 5. To re-elect Ms. Cheah Yee Leng who shall retire in accordance with article 103 of the Company's articles of association and being eligible, has offered herself for re-election. <i>Note 4</i> | Ordinary Resolution 4 |
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 6. To re-elect Mr. Ch'ng Kok Phan who shall retire in accordance with article 103 of the Company's articles of association and being eligible, has offered himself for re-election. <i>Note 4</i> | Ordinary Resolution 5 |
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 7. To approve the payment of directors' fees of RM645,000.00 for the financial year ended 31 December 2014. | Ordinary Resolution 6 |
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 8. To reappoint Messrs Ernst & Young as auditors of the Company to hold office until the conclusion of the next annual general meeting at a remuneration to be determined by the directors of the Company. <i>Note 6</i> | Ordinary Resolution 7 |

SPECIAL BUSINESS

To consider and if thought fit, to pass the following resolutions:-

9. **Authority to allot and issue shares pursuant to section 132D of the Companies Act, 1965**

"That subject always to the approvals of the relevant authorities, the directors of the Company be and are hereby empowered pursuant to section 132D of the Companies Act, 1965 to issue shares in the Company at any time upon such terms and conditions, and for such purposes as the directors of the Company may in their absolute discretion deem fit, provided that the aggregate number of shares issued pursuant to this resolution does not exceed 10% of the issued and paid-up share capital of the Company for the time being and that the directors of the Company be and are hereby empowered to obtain the approval for the listing of and quotation for the additional shares so issued on the Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad and such authority shall continue to be in force until the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of the Company." *Note 7*

Ordinary Resolution 8

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

10. Continuation of independent non-executive chairman

“Subject to Ordinary Resolution 1 above being passed and pursuant to Recommendation 3.3 of the Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance 2012, that Dato’ Jorgen Bornhoft be and is hereby authorised to continue his office as the independent non-executive chairman of the Company until the conclusion of the next annual general meeting.” ^{Note 8}

**Ordinary
Resolution 9**

11. Proposed amendment to the articles of association of the Company

“That the existing article 135 in the articles of association of the Company be deleted entirely and the adoption of the following article as article 135 of the articles of association of the Company be hereby approved:-

**Special
Resolution**

| Article No. | Existing Article | Proposed Amendment |
|-------------|--|--|
| Article 135 | The Directors shall from time to time in accordance with Section 169 of the Act cause to be prepared and laid before the Company in General Meeting such profit and loss account, balance sheet and reports as are referred to in that Section provided always that the interval between the close of the financial year of the Company and the issue of the annual audited accounts, the directors’ and auditors’ reports shall not exceed four (4) months. | The Directors shall from time to time in accordance with Section 169 of the Act cause to be prepared and laid before the Company in General Meeting such profit and loss account, balance sheet and reports as are referred to in that Section.” |

Note 9

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By order of the Board

Lim Guan Nee (MAICSA 7009321)
Quan Sheet Mei (MIA 6742)
Company Secretaries

Kuala Lumpur
13 May 2015

Explanatory notes to the Agenda:-

1. Pursuant to section 169(1) of the Companies Act, 1965 (Act), the directors shall lay before the Company at its annual general meeting its annual financial statements made up to a date not more than 6 months before the date of the meeting. There will be no resolution to be passed on this item 1.
2. Pursuant to section 129(2) of the Act, the office of a director of a public company or of a subsidiary of a public company shall become vacant at the conclusion of the annual general meeting commencing next after he attains the age of seventy years. However, section 129(6) of the Act states that a person of or over the age of seventy years may by a resolution of which no shorter notice than that required to be given to the members of the company of an annual general meeting has been duly given, passed by a majority of not less than three-fourths of such members of the company as being entitled so to do vote in person or, where proxies are allowed, by proxy, at a general meeting of that company, be appointed or reappointed as a director of that company to hold office until the next annual general meeting of the company.
3. Pursuant to article 97 of the Company’s articles of association and paragraph 7.26(2) of the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad (Listing Requirements), at least one-third of the directors of the Company for the time being shall retire from office at every annual general meeting, but shall be eligible for re-election.
4. Pursuant to article 103 of the Company’s articles of association and paragraph 7.22 of the Listing Requirements, any director so appointed shall hold office only until the next annual general meeting of the Company, and shall then be eligible for re-election.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

5. *Based on the satisfactory outcome of its review, the Nominating Committee had made recommendations to the Board for these directors to be re-elected or reappointed, as the case may be.*
6. *Pursuant to section 172(2) of the Act, the Company shall at every annual general meeting appoint its auditors who shall hold office until the conclusion of the next annual general meeting.*
7. *This section 132D authority, if approved, will empower the directors of the Company to issue ordinary shares in the Company up to 10% of the issued and paid-up share capital of the Company for the time being, subject to compliance with all other regulatory requirements and this will enable the Company to finance investments projects, working capital and/or acquisitions by issuing new shares as and when the need arises without delay or incurring costs in convening a separate general meeting. This authority, unless revoked or varied at an earlier general meeting, will expire at the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of the Company.*

As at the date of this notice of annual general meeting, the Company has not issued any new shares pursuant to the existing section 132D authority obtained during the last annual general meeting held on 28 May 2014, which authority shall lapse at the conclusion of this annual general meeting.

8. *Despite having served as an independent director for more than nine years, the Board, upon the assessment and recommendation of the Nominating Committee, is of the opinion that Dato' Jorgen Bornhoft is capable of acting objectively in the best interests of the Company, and has demonstrably proven to be in compliance with all the requirements to be independent in accordance with the Listing Requirements.*
9. *The proposed amendment to the articles of association of the Company is to comply with the amendments made to Chapter 9 of the Listing Requirements in relation to the issue of annual report.*

Notes to the notice of annual general meeting:-

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1. *A depositor shall not be regarded as a member entitled to attend this general meeting, to speak and vote thereat unless his/her name appears in the register of members and/or record of depositors as at 28 May 2015 (which is not less than 3 market days before the date of this meeting) issued by Bursa Malaysia Depository Sdn Bhd (Bursa Depository) upon the Company's request in accordance with the rules of the Bursa Depository.*
2. *Subject to note 3 below, a member entitled to attend and vote at this meeting is entitled to appoint a proxy or proxies (but not more than 2) to attend and vote in his/her stead. Where a member appoints more than 1 proxy, the appointment shall be invalid unless he/she specifies the proportion of his/her holdings to be represented by each proxy. The proxy or proxies need not be a member of the Company and there shall be no restriction as to the qualification of the proxy or proxies.*
3. *Where a member is an exempt authorised nominee which holds ordinary shares in the Company for multiple beneficial owners in one securities account (omnibus account) as defined under the Securities Industry (Central Depositories) Act, 1991, there is no limit on the number of proxies which the exempt authorised nominee may appoint in respect of each omnibus account it holds.*
4. *The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing under the hand of the appointor or his/her attorney, duly authorised in writing, or if the appointor is a corporation, either under the seal or under the hand of an officer or attorney duly authorised, and such duly executed instrument appointing a proxy must be deposited at the registered office of the Company, 21st Floor, Menara Hap Seng, Jalan P. Ramlee, 50250 Kuala Lumpur not less than 48 hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting or any adjournment thereof.*



PROXY FORM

| | |
|---------------|-----------------|
| No. of shares | CDS Account No. |
| | |

I/We _____ NRIC No. /Company No. _____
(FULL NAME IN BLOCK LETTERS)

Telephone No. _____ of _____
(FULL ADDRESS)

being a member/members of Hap Seng Consolidated Berhad, do hereby appoint _____

_____ NRIC No. /Company No. _____
(FULL NAME OF PROXY IN BLOCK LETTERS)

Telephone No. _____ of _____
(FULL ADDRESS)

or failing him/her, the CHAIRMAN OF THE MEETING as my/our proxy to vote for me/us on my/our behalf at the 39th annual general meeting of the Company to be held at the Kinabalu Room, Ground Floor, Menara Hap Seng, Jalan P. Ramlee, 50250 Kuala Lumpur on Thursday, 4 June 2015 at 10am or at any adjournment thereof in the manner as indicated below:-

Agenda

- To table the audited financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2014 together with the reports of directors and auditors.

| ORDINARY BUSINESS | | | FOR | AGAINST |
|-------------------|--|-----------------------|-----|---------|
| 2 | To reappoint Dato' Jorgen Bornhoft pursuant to section 129(6) of the Companies Act, 1965 as director of the Company to hold office until the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of the Company. | Ordinary Resolution 1 | | |
| 3 | To re-elect Lt. Gen. (R) Datuk Abdul Aziz Bin Hasan who shall retire in accordance with article 97 of the Company's articles of association and being eligible, has offered himself for re-election. | Ordinary Resolution 2 | | |
| 4 | To re-elect Dato' Mohammed Bin Haji Che Hussein who shall retire in accordance with article 97 of the Company's articles of association and being eligible, has offered himself for re-election. | Ordinary Resolution 3 | | |
| 5 | To re-elect Ms. Cheah Yee Leng who shall retire in accordance with article 103 of the Company's articles of association and being eligible, has offered herself for re-election. | Ordinary Resolution 4 | | |
| 6 | To re-elect Mr. Ch'ng Kok Phan who shall retire in accordance with article 103 of the Company's articles of association and being eligible, has offered himself for re-election. | Ordinary Resolution 5 | | |
| 7 | To approve the payment of directors' fees of RM645,000.00 for the financial year ended 31 December 2014. | Ordinary Resolution 6 | | |
| 8 | To reappoint Messrs Ernst & Young as auditors of the Company to hold office until the conclusion of the next annual general meeting at a remuneration to be determined by the directors of the Company. | Ordinary Resolution 7 | | |
| SPECIAL BUSINESS | | | FOR | AGAINST |
| 9 | Authority to allot and issue shares pursuant to section 132D of the Companies Act, 1965. | Ordinary Resolution 8 | | |
| 10 | To approve the continuation of Dato' Jorgen Bornhoft as independent non-executive chairman of the Company. | Ordinary Resolution 9 | | |
| 11 | Proposed amendment to the articles of association of the Company. | Special Resolution | | |

Please indicate with a "V" in the spaces above on how you wish your votes to be cast. In the absence of specific instructions, the proxy will vote or abstain at his/her discretion.

Signed this _____ day of _____ 2015

 Signature(s) / Common Seal of Shareholder(s)

Notes:-

1. A depositor shall not be regarded as a member entitled to attend this general meeting, to speak and vote thereat unless his/her name appears in the register of members and/or record of depositors as at 28 May 2015 (which is not less than 3 market days before the date of this meeting) issued by Bursa Malaysia Depository Sdn Bhd (Bursa Depository) upon the Company's request in accordance with the rules of the Bursa Depository.
2. Subject to note 3 below, a member entitled to attend and vote at this meeting is entitled to appoint a proxy or proxies (but not more than 2) to attend and vote in his/her stead. Where a member appoints more than 1 proxy, the appointment shall be invalid unless he/she specifies the proportion of his/her holdings to be represented by each proxy. The proxy or proxies need not be a member of the Company and there shall be no restriction as to the qualification of the proxy or proxies.
3. Where a member is an exempt authorised nominee which holds ordinary shares in the Company for multiple beneficial owners in one securities account (omnibus account) as defined under the Securities Industry (Central Depositories) Act, 1991, there is no limit on the number of proxies which the exempt authorised nominee may appoint in respect of each omnibus account it holds.
4. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing under the hand of the appointor or his/her attorney, duly authorised in writing, or if the appointor is a corporation, either under the seal or under the hand of an officer or attorney duly authorised, and such duly executed instrument appointing a proxy must be deposited at the registered office of the Company, 21st Floor, Menara Hap Seng, Jalan P. Ramlee, 50250 Kuala Lumpur not less than 48 hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting or any adjournment thereof.

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Postage

THE COMPANY SECRETARY
HAP SENG CONSOLIDATED BERHAD
(Company No. 26877-W)
21st Floor, Menara Hap Seng
Jalan P. Ramlee
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